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VOL. XCVII. NEW SERIES—NO. 12,032. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1901.—TEN PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Kentucky—Fair in western, snow in eastern portion Tuesday. Wednesday fair and warmer; westerly winds.

Tennessee—Fair Tuesday, with colder in northeast portion. Wednesday fair and warmer; westerly winds.

Indiana—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light northerly winds, becoming variable.

THE LATEST.

The bad feeling between Senator McLaurin and Tillman was further aired yesterday on the floor of the Senate. Finally Mr. Tillman challenged Mr. McLaurin to resign with him, whereupon McLaurin subsided. In the debate much of the old ground was gone over, growing out of McLaurin's fear that he will be shut out of the Democratic caucus and from committee assignments. Discussion of their proffered resignations to the Governor, though withdrawn, led Mr. Hoar to venture that it was not so certain that both men already were out of the Senate, and an inquiry along that line is regarded as probable.

Chairman Payne has presented a tariff bill to the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee to meet the conditions in the Philippines. The bill calls for the imposition of the Dingley tariff rates on goods shipped to this country from the islands, and the application of the Philippine Commission's rates on imports into the islands. Some members of the committee believe the rates should be scaled down in favor of goods passing between the States and the islands. Secretary Root is also preparing a Philippine tariff bill which he expects to submit to Congress.

The attorneys for the Commonwealth in the Jim Howard case say they will be ready for trial at the January term of the Franklin Circuit Court, and will have a stronger case than at the former trial. Berry Howard has issued a statement asserting his innocence and asking for an impartial trial and a suspension of popular judgment. It is the belief at Frankfort that he surrendered voluntarily in order to appear as a witness for Jim Howard.

Senator Frye introduced a new ship subsidy bill yesterday. It is not radically different from those previously introduced, and the bulk of the subsidy will go, as in the others, to the swift passenger ships, the freighters getting little. Certain foreign-built ships which were to share in the subsidy at half rates are denied registry in the new bill.

The American Federation of Labor yesterday adopted a resolution denouncing child labor. It was attempted to have the convention denounce the introduction of machines in cigar factories, but the resolution failed. The metal workers formed an organization to oppose the National Metal Trades Association.

Mrs. James Stanford yesterday executed two deeds of grants and one of gift to the Leland Stanford, Jr., University in California. In all Mrs. Stanford has given the university, which bears her dead son's name, about $30,000,000, of which $23,000,000 is said to be absolutely new.

The Louisville Warehouse Company is contemplating withdrawing from the Leaf Tobacco Exchange in the interest of economy. Inasmuch as the company is made up of eight of the houses in the city, and there are only nine other warehouses, the life of the exchange is threatened.

Judge Burnam, of the Court of Appeals, refused to dissolve the temporary restraining order granted the Central Stockyards Company against the Louisville and Nashville railroad. This sends the case back to Judge Miller to be tried on its merits.

Auditor Coulter has refused to pay a number of witness claims presented by the Sheriff of Bell county. Among the claims in a felony case were witness fees and mileage for witnesses who were summoned for the defendant.

The McKinley Memorial Association has decided to change its plans and to appeal to Congress instead of to the public for the erection of a McKinley monument at Washington.

A definite announcement is expected to be made from the White House today that Andrew Carnegie has decided to give $10,000,000 for university extension in the United States.

The Civil Service Commission is expected to take a hand in opposition to the re-appointment of Collector E. T. Franks, of Owensboro, Ky., and D. A. Nunn, of Nashville, Tenn.

At a mass-meeting of citizens of Lexington last night a fund of nearly $500 was raised for the detection of the murderer of J. N. Hawkins. Gov. Beckham has also offered a reward.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty reported to the Senate yesterday will be brought up in executive session to-day unless the request of Mr. Lodge is denied.

The grand jury at Philadelphia has indicted P. J. McGuire, Secretary-Treasurer of the Carpenters' Brotherhood, on the charge of embezzling $10,000.

WASH DAY

In the Senate For Soiled South Carolina Linen.

M'LAURIN AIRS HIS CASE

AND IS CHALLENGED BY TILLMAN TO RESIGN.

MR. HOAR RAISES A DOUBT.

Not So Certain But That Both Men Are Already Out of Office.

MORE MAY BE HEARD OF IT.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The Senate chamber was the scene of a highly dramatic episode to-day, when Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, challenged his colleague, Senator McLaurin, to resign with him on the spot, in order—to use his own language—that they might be able "to wash their dirty linen at home." Mr. McLaurin did not take up the gage.

The incident to-day was the direct sequel of the very bitter controversy which arose between the Senators in South Carolina last spring. Mr. McLaurin arose to a question of personal privilege to-day and proceeded to explain what he charged was a conspiracy to discredit him in his own State for acts and views which did not meet with the approval of certain Democratic leaders. He declared that he was being humiliated and, according to public prints, was to be excluded from the Democratic caucus because he had acted upon certain public issues in a way which he considered for the best interests of the country and of the people of his State. He announced himself a believer in the old Democracy, and after denouncing the new Democracy leaders, who, he said, had brought destruction upon the party, declared that he could not be driven from his old allegiance into a party with which he did not care to affiliate.

Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, denied that he had any "ulterior motives" in not inviting Mr. McLaurin to enter the caucus. Mr. Tillman reviewed the whole controversy. Mr. Hoar took occasion to express the opinion that it was very doubtful whether both the South Carolina seats in the Senate were not in reality vacant. He contended that when the resignations were offered last spring to the Governor they could not be withdrawn thereafter, having become immediately operative. The climax came when Senator Tillman challenged Mr. McLaurin to join with him in preparing their joint resignations and handing them to the presiding officer of the Senate. This challenge Mr. McLaurin did not accept, and the episode was brought to an abrupt close by Senator Lodge moving an executive session.

* * *

Hoar's Island of Isolation.

Mr. Hoar (Mass.) offered a resolution to authorize the President to enter into negotiations with other civilized countries for the selecting of some island or other suitable territory to which might be transported and confined persons instigating or counseling the destruction of all government, or those attempting the lives of chief magistrates. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

A joint resolution was adopted appropriating $75,000 in aid of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition at Charleston. The appropriation is required to be used for the transportation and installation of a Government exhibit at Charleston.

* * *

McLaurin Defends Himself.

A stir in the chamber followed when Mr. McLaurin (S. C.) arose to a question of personal privilege. He had before him a huge pile of manuscript.

"I arise to a question of personal privilege in connection with the publication of the statement that I have been excluded from participation in the Democratic party," he announced.

With evidence of considerable emotion he proceeded to explain that if such was the case, and if he were to be without assignment upon committees, the rights of his State, which he in part represented in the Senate, would suffer. The only notice he had ever had, he said, that he was to be excluded from the Democratic caucus came last spring before the adjournment of the Senate, when the chairman of the Democratic National Committee in the cloak room asked him why he no longer attended the Democratic caucuses. He had replied that, in view of his opinion of the questions growing out of the Spanish War, he thought his presence might be embarrassing. The Democratic chairman had replied:

"Then perhaps it would be less embarrassing to you not to be invited to the caucuses?"

Mr. McLaurin said he had replied: "Certainly."

This incident, Mr. McLaurin declared, was the culmination of a long series of events in a contest waged by an element of the Democratic party against him.

* * *

Tale Becomes Interesting.

The entire Senate by this time had become interested. Several Republicans crossed the political aisle to the Democratic side, the better to listen to what Mr. McLaurin had to say.

Continuing Mr. McLaurin said he could be silent did he not fear that the movement against him was one to keep alive sectionalism. For many years the people of the South had realized that they had not obtained their fair share of the national benefits. Mr. McLaurin recalled the fact that although Samuel J. Randall had advocated a protective tariff he had been voted for in a Democratic national convention for President. Hancock, although he declared that the tariff was a local issue, had been nominated for President, and David B. Hill, although he opposed the income tax, had not been read out of the Democratic party.

The holding of such views by Northern men, no matter how diverse, did not endanger the position of certain political leaders, and consequently they were immune from attack. But when a Southern man, said Mr. McLaurin, tried to get the benefit of the tariff for his people, those whose political careeer might be ended by the success of his efforts were ready to crush and humiliate him.

He had contended that if the tariff were a robbery his section should share in the booty. Upon the issue of that speech he had later gone into a campaign in South Carolina and although his Democracy had been attacked upon the stump, the people of his State had indorsed him. He declared that during that campaign calumny, falsehood and trickery never before equaled in American politics had been employed. Now the principal charge against him was that during the McKinley Administration he had "bought by patronage" and that he had renewed his former contract with President Roosevelt. Entertaining the high personal regard that he did for both the late President and his successor, Mr. McLaurin said it would be unnecessary for him to say that neither would stoop to so ignoble an act.

* * *

Reason For Alignment.

It was true that an unfortunate condition of affairs had existed in his State and that he had recommended good men for office, because he did not desire to see a repetition of the horrible affair at Lakeville, when a negro postmaster had been burned to death. He had voted for the war with Spain and declared that in the same spirit in which he had cast that vote he felt that he was compelled to support the Administration that conducted it. He still thought that the conduct of the war should have been nonpartisan, and during its progress he had never heard from President McKinley's lips a word concerning party advantage. Mr. McLaurin paid a high tribute to the late President, whom he characterized as a "broad statesman and Christian gentleman."

While without official knowledge of the charges brought against him by his Democratic colleagues from the newspapers he understood that the principal charges were that he had not opposed the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain; that he had upheld the Administration in its efforts to restore order in the Philippines and to that end had voted for an increase in the standing army, and that he was in favor of the upbuilding the American merchant marine.

"If these are the only charges," said he, dramatically, "they are true, and I glory in them." He said he had not wished to vote against his party upon the question of ratifying the peace treaty and had it not been for the reopening of hostilities in the Philippines he would have deferred to the opinion of his colleagues. "But," he declared, "the dictates of reason and conscience should not be stifled by the party lash."

* * *

Excoriates New Leaders.

With bitter words Mr. McLaurin then proceeded to excoriate the new leaders of the Democracy, who, he said, had guided the party to its destruction during the last six years and were trying to crucify those who would seek to draw the Democratic party back to its old allegiance. He still proposed, he said, to vote in his judgment for what he believed to be along the lines of Democratic principles, but he did not propose to place himself against a proposition which he believed to be for the best interests of the people simply because it was advocated by Republicans. In conclusion Mr. McLaurin said he did not propose to be driven from his own party nor to be forced into affiliation with the party with which he did not care to ally himself, and that on great public questions he would act according to the dictates of his own conscience and best judgment.

* * *

Mr. Jones Explains.

When Mr. McLaurin took his seat Mr. Jones (Ark) took the floor. Some of the statements made by Mr. McLaurin Mr. Jones considered a reflection upon himself, and said he desired to offer a statement concerning the incident to which Mr. McLaurin had referred. At the extra session of the Senate last spring he had been asked by the caucus officer for the list of Senators who were to be summoned to a caucus, and Mr. McLaurin's name being mentioned, he (Jones) had said he himself would see the Senator from South Carolina. "I met him in the cloak room," said Mr. Jones, "and recalling the fact that he had not attended a Democratic caucus

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TREATY SIGNED FOR PERPETUAL LEASE ON NICARAGUAN CANAL ROUTE

Managua, Nicaragua, Dec. 9.—(Via Galveston, Tex.).—Dr. Fernando Sanchez, Nicaraguan Minister of Foreign Affairs, and William L. Merry, United States Minister to Nicaragua, Salvador and Costa Rica, signed a treaty to-day by which Nicaragua agrees to lease a section of Nicaraguan territory six miles wide, which includes the route of the Nicaraguan canal, to the United States perpetually.

PRIVATE PAPERS OF FORMER PRESIDENT POLK SOLD IN CHICAGO

They Include His Diary, Personal and Official Correspondence During Twenty Years.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Chicago Historical Society is now the owner of the most valuable set of private papers in America, which remain unworked into historical volumes. It includes the diary and correspondence, state and personal, of James K. Polk, and has been purchased of the heirs in Noshville for $3,500, a sum which is considered a bargain by those who are familiar with the collection.

Credit for securing them for Chicago is due to Dr. J. W. Fertig, professor at the Lewis Institute and secretary of the Historical Society. He has tried to get them to this city since he prepared his doctor's thesis some years ago. When he became secretary of the Historical Society he bent his energies to securing honorary members, whose dues of $500 should go toward the purchase of the collection. He accomplished this part of the work in two days. To-day he installed the records in the society's home, 142 Dearborn avenue.

The diary is contained in forty volumes full of interesting data and comment. Impressions of the different members of the Polk Cabinet are found under the dates when the meetings were held and there is much which gives a truer insight into the character of the man and the President, so it is claimed, than anything the historians and critics have ever written.

The correspondence covers a period of twenty years—one of the most important and trying periods in American history. It is in Polk's own handwriting and is remarkably legible. There are letters from Andrew Jackson and replies from Polk, negotiations on the Oregon boundary, the reannexation of Texas, communications with the British Parliament over what then were vexing questions and a complete history of the progress of diplomacy of that time.

TARIFF BILL

With Dingley Rates For the Philippines.

MR. PAYNE'S PROPOSITION.

SOME BELIEVE AMERICANS SHOULD BE GIVEN CONCESSIONS.

SECRETARY ROOT'S BILL.

Washington, Dec. 9. — Chairman Payne, of the Ways and Means Committee, to-day presented to his Republican colleagues of the committee a revenue tariff bill for the Philippines, which he had drawn to meet the conditions of the recent Supreme Court decision. The Republican members of the committee met at 10:30 o'clock this morning to continue the discussion of the subject. The meeting was executive and preliminary to a full meeting of the committee tomorrow morning, when a Philippine tariff measure will be submitted to the Democratic members and be voted upon.

The Payne bill is quite brief, with two main features, viz:

Applying the Dingley law as against Philippine exports to this country, and applying the Philippine Commission's tariff schedule to goods entering the Philippines. A further section grants a rebate of customs tax on goods which have paid an internal revenue tax in this country. There is no provision in the measure that it shall be temporary, so that the rates if imposed would be applicable until Congress otherwise acted.

As soon as the committee assembled Mr. Payne offered his bill, and it opened an extended discussion on the several features involved.

The meeting lasted until noon, at which time no final action had been taken and the committee adjourned until 2 p. m. to hear Secretary Root on the requirements of the situation.

* * *

Want Concession For America.

During the morning discussion it developed that Mr. Russell, of Connecticut, and some other Republican members strongly favored a proviso to the bill offered by Mr. Payne by which the tariff rates would be scaled down from 15 to 20 per cent. on goods passing between the United States and the Philippines. This was urged on the ground that Great Britain now had 40 per cent. of the trade of the Philippines and Germany and other European countries held a considerable percentage, while the United States had but 8 per cent. of the trade. For this reason it was urged by Mr. Russell that the United States should have some concessions as against foreign countries in order to gain a fair percentage of the Philippine trade for American goods.

* * *

Secretary Root's Bill.

Secretary Root, with his advisers in the War Department, is preparing a bill which he expects to submit to Congress in a day or two fixing duties for the Philippines to meet the Supreme Court's decision. The latest phase requiring consideration is the application of the drawback laws to trade between the Philippines and the United States. It is expected that any tariff arrangement made will include a provision for the payment of the drawback on any goods imported into the United States and exported to the Philippines. It is also the purpose to provide for the remission of internal revenue taxes on goods otherwise liable to such tax, but exported to the Philippines. The official opinion at the War Department is strongly adverse to the proposition which has been broached by some Republican members of Congress to frame a new tariff schedule for the Philippine Islands.

Secrteary Root, accompanied by Col. Edwards, chief of the insular division

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UNEASY

Rest the Heads of Franks and Nunn.

STRONG EVIDENCE OFFERED

AGAINST THEM BY THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

BOTH LIKELY TO LOSE OUT.

In the Event of Franks' Removal George W. Jolly Probably Would Succeed Him.

SAM ROBERTS AT CAPITAL.

Washington, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The United States Civil Service Commission will take a hand in two cases which will shortly come before the President for settlement. They are those of E. T. Franks, Collector of Internal Revenue at Owensboro, Ky., and D. A. Nunn, Collector of Internal Revenue at Nashville, Tenn. Announcement was made to-day that as a result of investigations made some time ago, the Commission will place before the President the result of the investigations in order that the Executive may familiarize himself with the violations of the law in the offices of the Kentucky and Tennessee Collectors. Both cases are said to be strong ones, and a glance at the Commission's printed record seems to bear this out. In addition to charges of unlawful removals during the past four years, the allegation is made that Collector Franks "used and abused his official position to control the primary meetings and conventions of his political party and sent some of the Internal Revenue officers over his district for that purpose."

This refers to the action taken by Collector Franks to defeat the nomination of George W. Jolly for Congress in 1898. In that year, it is alleged and seems to be established by the Civil Service Commission, that Collector Franks brought out W. T. Fowler to make the race against Jolly, and that Franks' employes were instrumental in nominating Fowler, who was referred to as "the administration candidate."

Some of Franks' deputy collectors were chairmen of county committees, and the names of storekeepers and gaugers appear frequently as members of subcommittees.

* * *

Collector Nunn's Case.

Collector Nunn, at Nashville, was even more open in the violations of the law of removal than Collector Franks at Owensboro. As soon as Nunn obtained charge of the Collector's office he removed two deputy collectors, three stamp deputies and four field deputies. Shortly afterward he issued a statement to a Civil Service Examiner, which statement will be placed before the President, in which he frankly said that upon assuming his position he found an "office full of Democrats" and "came in with the determination to put Republicans in every position possible, keeping within the bounds of the law, as I construed the law."

The Commission states that Nunn's construction of the law was a very liberal one, to say the least. The most serious charge against Nunn, however, was the alleged fraud in his office in connection with an examination held at Nashville. From an investigation made by the Commission it seems that Miles Bradford, secretary of the Internal Revenue Board, retained, contrary to orders and practice, for nearly two days, the paper of the Internal Revenue examination so that C. A. Boyd, J. H. Rives and Carly Nunn could be allowed to rewrite or correct their examination papers, with the result that the three mentioned secured the first appointments in a class of over seventy competitors. The fact that both Franks and Nunn are to have strong opposition outside the Civil Service Commission, indicates that both of them will eventually lose their places.

George W. Jolly, of Owensboro, is well knwn to the President, and personally it can be stated he would like to give him the position.

Col. Arch Hughes, of Nashville, will probably be Collector Nunn's successor. Col. Hughes is a veteran of both the Civil and Spanish Wars, and is highly indorsed from a political and business standpoint for the collectorship.

* * *

The Boston Election.

The information from Boston to-night is favorable to the election of Pat Collins for Mayor though the Republicans are confident of carrying the city by a large maority.

* * *

Some Kicking.

There is some kicking by two or three Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee on high duties on the new Philippine tariff bill, but Gen. Grosvenor says they will come around all right after they have had their little say.

* * *

Made An Agreement.

The desire to get the finding of the Schley court is so great here that the Admirals in the case and their wives have been forced to form a mutuality defensive alliance. So many inquiries have beeen made of Mrs. Dewey, Mrs. Ramsey and Mrs. Benham than an agreement has been made between the officers and their wives that the case is not to be discussed. If this be carried on to the end it will be the first time on record that official records have been stronger than feminine curiosity.

* * *

Roberts' Prospects Good.

Collector Sam Roberts arrived in Washington this morning. While here he will call at the White House to see the President. Mr. Roberts' friends believe Maj. Wood is losing a great deal of valuable time by going after the Seventh district collectorship. Ex-Gov. Bradley may be able to oust Surveyor Barnett and Collector Franks, but from present indications Mr. Roberts will be reappointed.

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In a Quandary.

The Republicans are saying among themselves: "We have got to do something for Cuba." But they are in a quandary just what that something shall be. The belief is that ultimately the sugar and tobacco tax will be reduced.

* * *

Recommended Hill.

Representative Irwin, of Louisville, called upon the President this morning recommending the appointment of R. D. Hill for the District Attorneyship of the Western Judicial district. Mr. Irwin also asked that the appointment of Postmaster Baker be sent to the Senate. The President will probably send Mr. Baker's name in to-morrow.

* * *

Government Receipts.

The Government receipts to-day were $2,370,000 and the expenditures $1,265,000.

CLERK STONE'S REPORT ON FRANKFORT PRISON.

The Daily Average Number of Prisoners During the Year Was 1,235.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Clerk Stone, of the local penitentiary, has turned over to the Prison Commissioners his report for the year, and some interesting statistics are given in it. It shows the daily average number of prisoners during the year was 1,235. Jefferson led all other counties in the number of prisoners sent up during the year, having 260 to her credit. Fayette came next, with 119, while Madison is third, with 35. A unique feature is that Kenton and Campbell counties, with population ranking up next to these, send only a few convicts each year, which may be accounted for by the fact that criminals in those counties go to Cincinnati to do their work, and if they get into trouble it is with the Ohio laws that they have to deal.

The number of convicts on hand December 1, 1900, was 1,193, and those received from sheriffs during the year, 567; four escapes and one asylum inmate were returned, and 470 were discharged by expiration of sentence. Neither Gov. Beckham nor the State Parole Board worked overtime, only 37 pardons and 38 paroles being recorded during the twelve months. Death ended the sentences of 25, and three made their escape. Four were sent to the Lexington reformatory because of tender years. The report is for the year ending November 30, 1901. The statistics will be copied into the general prison report to be issued shortly.

CITIZENS AID IN SEARCH FOR MISSING GIRL.

Tangible Clew At Last Secured As To the Whereabouts of Nellie Cropsey.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Dec. 9.—A member of the committee of five which has charge of the search for Nellie Cropsey, whose mysterious disappearance has created a sensation throughout the Eastern States, said to-night that he expected important developments within forty-eight hours, adding that he believed the girl had been kidnaped and that they would succeed in finding her. A mass-meeting was held to-night, at which over a thousand persons were present. Chairman H. T. Greenleaf, of the special vigilance committee of five, made a speech, saying he believed that, after chasing shadows and rainbows, they at last had brought to light a tangible clew, which they were assured, if followed up, would solve the mystery. They could go no further without more funds, however, as the previous subscriptions had been exhausted. About $200 was raised at the meeting. During its progress a remark "let's make the one who knows all about this affair disclose it" evoked loud applause, the audience understanding that Young Wilcox, who was the last person seen with Miss Cropsey, was referred to.

* * *

Insurance Agents Meet.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—A number of agents from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company met here today on a mission which they attempted to keep secret. They represented the States of Kentucky, West Virginia, Tennessee and Ohio.

TABLET MARKS SPOT IN BUFFALO WHERE LATE PRESIDENT'S BODY LAY IN STATE

Buffalo, Dec. 9.—A bronze tablet now marks the spot where the body of the late President McKinley lay in state in this city in the lower corridor of the City Hall. The inscription on it is as follows:

Here Lay In State the Body of
WILLIAM McKINLEY,
President of the United States,
September 15, 1901.

Forty-five stars form the border of the tablet, and the letters are cut into the bronze to the depth of three-eighths of an inch.

PROPOSED COMBINATION OF PRESBYTERIAN COLLEGES

Presidents of Leading Institutions Will Meet To Consider a Union For the Betterment of the Work.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—President John H. MacCracken, of Westminster College, at Fulton, Mo., to-day furnished the following information to the Associated Press:

"The presidents of the leading Presbyterian colleges and universities of the Middle West have united in a call for a meeting to be held at the Auditorium Hotel, Chicago, December 20, with a view to forming a permanent organization and to consider how the educational work of the Presbyterian church may be advanced by combination. The institutions concerned in the preliminary movement represent twelve States and are as follows:

"Alma College of Michigan, Central University of Kentucky, Belleview College of Nebraska, Emporia College of Kansas, Hanover and Wabash Colleges of Indiana, Huron College of South Dakota, MacAlester College of Minnesota, Park and Westminster Colleges of Missouri, Parsons and Coe Colleges of Iowa, Wooster University of Ohio, and Lake Forest University of Illinois."

MAY LEAVE.

Report That Unionists Will Withdraw.

QUIET PREVAILS IN HOPKINS.

TRIAL OF UNION LEADERS WILL BE CALLED TO-MORROW.

STEPS TO MAINTAIN ORDER.

Madisonville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Nothing new has developed in the mining regions. The week just past was the most quiet seen here since the effort to unionize the mines was inaugurated more than twelve months ago. About seventy-five union miners remain quartered in the union building at Nortonville. Most of the union leaders are also at Nortonville, but they are quartered at the Nortonville Hotel.

Adjt. Gen. Murray is still in Frankfort. He is expected to return to-morrow evening. When he returns some plan of action will be taken to maintain law and order in Hopkins county. What steps will be taken are not positively known. It is believed, however, that the plan proposed last week will be adopted except that part relating to the removal of the guards at the mines. It is known that County Judge-elect Givens does not favor that part of the plan, and as he will take office within three weeks, it is not believed it will be urged against his will.

* * *

Union Man's Trial Postponed.

The trial of Arlie Oates, the union camp leader, who was arrested Saturday on the charge of intimidation, was called before County Judge Hall to-day. Owing to the absence of Mr. Yost and other union attorneys, it was agreed to continue the case until next Wednesday. The examining trials of National Organizer Blakely, Executive Board Member Plackman and all the other union leaders now under arrest will be called that day.

None of the union officials is in the city. District President Wood, for whom a warrant of arrest is in the hands of the Sheriff, is thought to be in Central City. It is not known when he will return. Vice President Barnaby, who has been in charge of union headquarters here for the past two weeks, went to Sturgis Saturday and has not yet returned. The only person now in the union headquarters is Mr. Wood's stenographer.

A report is being circulated and published in several papers that the union miners are preparing to withdraw from this coal field. Little credence is placed in the report, however, as the same report was circulated some two weeks ago and nothing came of it. At that time Mr. Wood told the Courier-Journal correspondent that the union miners would not withdraw from Hopkins county. He declared they were here to stay until they had accomplished their purpose in coming here—to organize the nonunion miners of this district.

MINERS GO BACK TO WORK.

Prospect Hill Officials Will Pay the Scale.

Vincennes, Ind., Dec. 9.—The labor trouble at the Prospect Hill coal mine was settled this morning, the operators agreeing to pay the scale and the nonunion men joining the union. All the strikers, with the exception of two, returned to work at noon.

Sheriff McCord, of Washington, brought twenty-one miners, arrested in Montgomery and Washington, to this city to-day, and they were placed in the custody of Sheriff Summit, of this county, who guarded them until 2 o'clock, when they were arraigned for a preliminary hearing. The charge against them is rioting, all other charges having been dismissed. It is understood that Superintendent Scott, of the Prospect Hill mines, is to receive $500 as damages to his destroyed property on the night of the attack. The men came here peaceably, and it is thought they will all plead guilty and place themselves at the mercy of the court.

STRONGER

Case Against Jim Howard Than at First Trial.

SO SAY STATE'S ATTORNEYS.

SEVERAL NEW WITNESSES ARE TO BE INTRODUCED.

BERRY HOWARD ISSUES CARD.

Says He Is Innocent and Makes Plea For a Suspension of Popular Judgment.

THE BELIEF AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Attorneys for the Commonwealth in the case against Jim Howard, the alleged murderer of William Goebel, already announce that they are ready to go into and will insist on a trial at the January term of the Franklin Circuit Court. Attorney Franklin has spent much time during the fall at work on the case, assisted by Mr. Campbell and Mr. Arthur Goebel. They say that a much stronger case will be made out against the defendant than was presented to the jury at the first trial, and they are confident of securing again the verdict of death by hanging. The Commonwealth has called a number of new witnesses to appear here, and more of the plot to assassinate will be exposed. One of these witnesses is prepared to testify, so a man close to the attorneys for the prosecution says, that half an hour before the shooting he saw three men go into the private office of the Secretary of State. He recognized these men and will give their names to the jury. Other witnesses will strongly corroborate points in the testimony of the Commonwealth's witness, James Stubblefield, of Clay county, who told of many damaging statements by Howard when he returned from Frankfort to his home after the killing. These new witnesses have been sent out of the State, it is said, to prevent their being run off by the friends of the defendant, but they will be brought into court here at the proper time.

* * *

Berry Howard's Statement.

Berry Howard signed an address to the public this afternoon in which he denies any complicity whatever in the assassination of William Goebel, and asks for a speedy hearing of the charge against him. He says that before any indictment was returned against him he came here and consulted the officers for the Commonwealth, telling them "all he knew about the murder, which was nothing." He says he does not know who the guilty persons are, and never knew of any plot against the life of Senator Goebel. He closes with an appeal for calmness and deliberation on the part of the people, and a suspension of judgment for the present. The card reads:

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—To the Public: I have not as yet employed a lawyer in my case, but feel, in justice to myself, that I ought to make a statement in regard to the charges against me.

It is true that an indictment was returned against me in the Franklin Circuit Court some time ago charging me with being one of the five principals to the murder of William Goebel. It is further true that I have at all times remained at my home in Bell county, Ky., and about one year ago I published a card in the Courier-Journal and other papers of the State to the effect that I was ready, and at all times have been ready, to surrender myself to the legal authorities of the State and stand my trial provided those representing the Commonwealth would let me file a bond for my appearance at court, and stated that I could and would file any kind of a bond they required.

Before I was ever indicted I came to Frankfort, Ky., at the instance of representatives of the prosecution and had a conference with them. I then told them all I knew about the murder of Mr. Goebel, which was nothing. I know nothing now about it. I know that I am an innocent man and I do not know who the guilty party or parties are.

I know only a part of those who are indicted and charged with the murder of Senator Goebel. I have never heard any man in any way charged with the murder of Senator Goebel say anything or make any threats or statements that would even tend to show that they or he, in the remotest degree, desired his death or had the remotest knowledge of who is responsible for his taking-off.

I know absolutely nothing of any plot or plan or conspiracy to kill or harm Mr. Goebel or any member of the Legislature or anybody else. In fact, I never heard any of those things discussed or any reference made to them, directly or indirectly.

Witnesses for the prosecution have in several of these trials sworn that I was in the lobby of the House of Representatives at the time Senator Goebel was killed, and I could not have fired the shot that killed him, and that is the offense with which I am charged.

I knew Senator Goebel well when I was a member of the House of Representatives. He was my warm personal friend, and I would not, under any state of case, have harmed a single hair on his head at any time.

I trust that I will be given a fair and impartial trial, one of which no citizen in the future can say was a detriment to the best interests of the State or an injustice to one of her innocent citizens.

One crime has been committed against the reputation of our State which no honest man condones or excuses. Let not another be committed. Two wrongs never make a right. It is not the spirit or the intention of the law, nor the wish of the people that one man should suffer for the crime or another.

I ask calmness and deliberation on the part of the people, and a suspension of their judgment until a fair trial is given me, which means my vindication.

BERRY HOWARD.

P. S.—If I am related to James Howard at all I do not know it. If there was any effort on the part of any of my friends to prevent the officers from bringing me to Frankfort I do not know it.

* * *

May Testify For Jim Howard.

The impression is general here that Howard was not captured at all but surrendered to the Bell county officers, and since the issuance of the above statement it is believed by some that his object in coming in is to testify in behalf of Jim Howard at his coming trial. It is said that the new attorneys for Howard agreed, when they took the

case, that some more evidence corroborating stories told by the defense witnesses was necessary, and that, if possible, the evidence of Berry Howard, whose name was mentioned by several Commonwealth witnesses, should be secured; that he could testify as to whether Jim Howard was on the steps at the west entrance of the Executive building immediately after the shooting of Goebel, and could also say whether he took Jim Howard to Kagin's restaurant on that evening for supper, as testified to by Covington witnesses, who swore that he ahd just been shaved.

* * *

The Prisoners Separated.

This morning Jailer Lawrence directed that the new prisoner be separated from Powers and Jim Howard, and he was removed from the third floor, where they spend their time, to the second floor. There he will have for company Dan Morgan, the Owen county man charged with murder, and a number of mountain Government prisoners.

* * *

More Guards At Jail.

As a result of the entertainment of Caleb Powers and Jim Howard at dinner at the house of Jailer Martin Lawrence, several days ago, County Judge J. D. Moore to-day entered an order placing guards at the jail for the better protection of these prisoners and of the latest arrival at the jail, Berry Howard. The County Judge made the order without any comment on the Jailer, who a day or two since criticised him severely for partaking of his hospitality and then abusing it. The guards are Robert Glore and Coleman Carr, both of this city. One will remain on duty during the day and the other will be on the same floor with the prisoners at night.

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S STORY

Of How the Bell County Officials Effected Howard's Arrest.

Pineville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Deputy Sheriff Richard W. Slusher told the Courier-Journal correspondent this afternoon the facts about how Berry Howard's capture was effected. Slusher was chiefly instrumental in his capture. He said:

"I found out that Howard had some business in town and that he was coming to Pineville Saturday. I had men stationed who immediately told me of Howard's arrival in town. He came into town about 11 o'clock that morning. About 1 o'clock I tried to make an engagement with Howard to meet Broughton, but he refused, saying he would come back to Pineville next Friday. After this we placed five good men to take their position so as to cut Howard off from any avenue of escape.

"Deputy Sheriff Brantly Smith was stationed at a point where it was known Howard and his friends had a good supply of guns. He succeeded in keeping any of Howard's friends back, but not until he had covered a friend of Howard's with a forty-five-caliber pistol, and ordered him to stop. This friend had started for the place where the guns were concealed. Later, when this house was searched, we found a Grag Jorgensen rifle, a Winchester shotgun and two double-barrel shotguns. The shotguns were all loaded with buckshot.

"But for the prompt action of both Broughton and Smith in keeping them back from the house where their weapons were a bloody encounter might have resulted, as Howard's friends would have put up a fight if their means to getting to where their weapons were had not been cut off by Smith when Broughton covered Howard. I want also to state that Howard is the sharpest man we have ever tried to capture. It is not true that a man named Rice decoyed Howard to town, as has been stated."

BRIEF FOREIGN NOTES.

[Special Cable to the Courier-Journal.]

Paris, Dec. 9.—Cardinal Richard has decided against the candidature of a priest for a seat in the Chamber of Deputies.

* * *

[Special Cable to the Courier-Journal.]

Berlin, Dec. 9.—Emperor William threatens to dismiss from the army any officer engaging in a duel. He refused to wear the uniform of the First Guards because the regiment laughed at his anti-dueling edict.

* * *

[Special Cable to the Courier-Journal.]

Paris, Dec. 9.—Two Deputies engaged in a fist fight in the lobby.

HUNTSVILLE WANTS ARMY POST

Prominent Business Man Goes To See Officers In Washington.

Huntsville, Ala., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—W. I. Wellman, president of the Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank, of this city, has telegraphed from Washington that he has met several of the army officers who were encamped at Huntsville during the latter part of 1898, and is having them use their influence to have an army post located here. Mr. Wellman is popular among the officers by reason of the fact that he was president of the Trinckenhour Club, which furnished the army men much entertainment during their stay here.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Fireman Wins His Suit.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Judge Parker handed down a decision in the Circuit Court to-day which is of interest to the entire State. The last Legislature passed a law known as the Firemen's Salary Bill, fixing the salary at $65 a month. Ed. Thompson, a discharged fireman, sued for the difference between the amount paid by the city, $50, and that provided by law. Judge Parker declared that the Legislature had the right to fix the salary.

SHOOTS AGAIN

Although Coffee Took His Eyesight For Awhile.

A Colorado camp cook had to quit his job because he could not make coffee without drinking it himself and it was killing him. He says he used to take a cup of coffee before he got his breakfast for the men, for he felt the need of keeping up his strength and his stomach troubled him so much.

"Finally," he says, "I got so bad I was taken to the hospital. The doctor told me it was a clear case of coffee poison and if I did not quit I would never get well. I had to quit in the hospital and gradually got a little better; then I took to drinking Postum Food Coffee and took it out with me to a job in the woods.

"I have been using Postum steadily for about eighteen months and have entirely recovered from dyspepsia, and all my old aches and ails. My eyes are so well now that I can see the gun sights as good as any body, but two years ago I never could hunt because of my eyes. I know it is the quitting of coffee and using Postum that has benefited me. Nobody could have dyspepsia any worse than I had. All my neighbors thought I was going to die, but I am all right now. I have to send thirty-five miles to the city of Trinidad for my Postum but it is worth while." Wm. Green, Starwing, Colorado.

GOOD ROADS

Bill Favored By Shelby County Citizens.

SENATOR FRAZIER'S MEASURE,

WITH ONE OR TWO AMENDMENTS, TO BE PRESENTED.

NEW WAYNE COUNTY GUSHER.

First Term of Federal Court at Bowling Green Adjourned After One Brief Session.

THE DAVIESS CIRCUIT COURT.

Shelbyville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—A number of prominent men of Shelby county interested in the building of good roads will make a strong effort to have the Legislature enact a bill creating a department of road building and engineering in the State College at Lexington. With a few amendments this is Senate Bill No. 134, introduced by Senator Newton Frazier, of this county, at the last session, and which failed of passage in that body because of a constitutional provision requiring a majority vote. The vote in the Senate was 17 to 3. The bill passed the House of Representatives.

The bill requires that the State College shall be required to establish a department devoted to road engineering and building, in which the building and maintaining of county roads shall be taught; also the operating and handling of modern road machinery. This department is to be provided with a civil engineer, who shall devote his time to studying the different physical conditions of the various sections of the State as to soil, and also as to material for building. Besides the ordinary instruction in road building there is to be given a two months' course in instruction of road building and repairing, and the Fiscal Court of each county in the State is allowed to send two persons free of charge to attend that course. The sum of $10,000 is to be appropriated for carrying the act into effect.

The chief amendment proposed besides increasing the appropriation from $6,000 to $10,000 is the appointment of both a civil engineer and promoter of industrial education by the directors of the college, whose duty it shall be to visit Fiscal Courts, farmers' institutes, teachers' institutes and other meetings held for the purpose of disseminating knowledge.

The proposed bill has the sanction of the Louisville Commercial Club and other bodies of a like nature, and a vigorous effort will be made to secure the enactment for the good of the rural districts.

DAVIESS CIRCUIT COURT.

Deputy Sheriff Has Trouble In Rounding Up a Stray Juror.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The December term of the Daviess Circuit Court convened to-day with a good-sized docket. Owing to the absence of J. E. Rowe, the Commonwealth's Attorney, Chapeze Wathen was appointed Commonwealth's attorney pro tem. and he and County Attorney LaVega Clements are looking after the interests of the Commonwealth.

There are several murder cases, the most important of which is the prosecution against Lucien Arnold for killing Luther Robinson something over two years ago. Arnold and his brother Hugh killed Robinson and Hugh Arnold has been convicted and is now serving a life sentence in the penitentiary.

W. W. Hansford, a member of the jury before whom James Alexander is being tried for the killing of Joe Driscoll, broke away from the rest of the jury and from Deputy Sheriff Ollie Haynes, who had charge of them, at the adjournment of court this afternoon, and went to the Davis Hotel. Deputy Sheriff Haynes found him there nearly an hour later and took him to Mrs. Mudd's boarding-house, where he was keeping the remaining eleven in his charge. When found by the officer Hansford said he thought he had a right to go where he pleased and that he did not hear the charge to the jurors and to the Sheriff, that they should not be allowed to separate.

SESSION WAS BRIEF.

First Federal Court At Bowling Green Lasted Half a Day.

Bowling Green, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The first term of the Federal Court ever convened in Bowling Green was held here this afternoon. There was but one minor matter before the court. Judge Evans, Marshal James and Clerk Speed returned to Louisville to-night. The officials expressed themselves as pleased with the arrangements of the court room and offices. A committee from the Bar Association met Judge Evans, and almost the full bar called upon him in the court room. All of the officials were given a cordial welcome.

GUSHER AT PARNELL.

The Second In That Locality, Practically Opening a New Field.

Monticello, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Home Oil Company's well No. 1, at Parnell, this county, came in at 10 o'clock to-day. Oil has since been rising in the well at the rate of fifty feet an hour. Conservative oil men estimate the well good for fifty to 100 barrels per day. Much excitement prevails here. The stock is largely held by residents of this place, Danville, Lexington and Louisville. This well is the second drilled near Parnell and practically opens a new field.

BOTH DENY THEIR GUILT.

Two Men Accused of Killing Lander Barber Near Grange City.

Flemingsburg, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Jake Adams and Allen Henderson were arrested and placed under guard here to-day, charged with shooting and killing Lander Barber at a dance near Grange City last Friday night. The killing was the result of a drunken brawl. Adams claims that Henderson did the killing, and Henderson says he does not know who did it. Their examining trial has been set for Friday.

ROW AT BLIND TIGER.

Three Men Wounded, One of Whom Will Die of His Injuries.

Campton, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Last night, in a drunken row at a blind tiger near this place, Ed. D. Rose and William Tutt were shot and Will Stamper was cut in the head with an ax. Rose is mortally wounded. The extent of Tutt's wounds is not known, as no one has seen him since the shooting. Rose has killed two men, and has been engaged in the illegal sale of liquor for a number of years.

Shot At the Fireman.

Pineville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—An unknown man, who was attempting to steal a ride on the south-bound passenger train this morning about 5 o'clock, after being put off by the fireman, drew a pistol and shot at the fireman twice, both shots missing him. A posse of men from Middlesboro and Pineville searched the woods all day, but the man was not found.

Will Raise Funds.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Daviess County Confederate Association will elect its officers for the ensuing year at a regular meeting to-morrow, and after the regular business is over the association will hold an open meeting, when an effort will be made to raise money to go to the fund which is to be raised to build a home for Confederate soldiers.

Harlan Buckles On Trial.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Harlan Buckles, colored, charged with the murder of R. L. Reid, is being tried in the Circuit Court. Buckles was removed from the Hardin county jail to Louisville for safety from mob violence soon after his arrest, and remained there until the present term of court.

Y. M. C. A. Convention.

Richmond, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The county convention of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held here this week. Everything points to the success of the meeting, and it is highly probable that an association will be organized at the close of the convention.

Pemberton Acquitted.

Middleburg, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—James Pemberton was acquitted in the Casey Circuit Court of the murder of John Silcox.

Found Dead On the Road.

London, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Melvin Frazier, aged forty years, was found dead on the roadside, about ten miles from this place, early this morning. He had been drinking heavily the evening before, and is supposed to have been chilled to death.

Y. M. H. A. APPEARS IN BLACKFACE.

Minstrel Performance of the Popular Organization At the Auditorium To-Night.

The minstrel performance to be given this evening by the members of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, for the benefit of that institution, promises to be the performance to-night culminates a pleasing entertainment.

six weeks of earnest effort on the part of those appearing in the cast. The programme appearing below contains many excellent numbers. The performers are all clever fun makers, and the show has been pronounced by those entitled to an opinion as being high class.

It is the object of the enterprise that recommends it most strongly to public favor. The Young Men's Hebrew Association is accomplishing much good. Its achievements have justified the purposes of its existence—moral, mental, social and physical culture. The benefits of the organization are enjoyed by young men of all denominations, who have discovered in the varied attractions of the association's rooms a substitute for the baser temptations of downtown life.

A large number of tickets have been sold, which can now be exchanged for reserved seats at the Auditorium city box-office. The programme is as follows:

THE PERPETRATORS.

Bones—Lee S. Bernheim, M. Osterman, Max Mayer, Joseph Ottenheimer.

Tambos—Herbert Ottenheimer, Dolph Wile, Sam Salomon, Frank Block.

Joseph Selligman, Interlocutor.

Accomplices—J. B. Judah, Clarence Lehman, Charles Brunn, Lawrence Marlin, Charles Lederer, Fred Nuetzel, Fred Mansfield, Harry Shrader, Al Homan, William Sales, Al Gassenheimer, Nathan Fleischaker, William Gottschalk, Sol Abram, A. Benjamin, Barney Dreyfus, Max Lilienthal, Emil Steinfeld, Jacob Grauman, Stuart Meyers, David Baer, Morris Davis, Nat Hoenig, O. P. Hazard, George H. Thomas, Al Stern, Dr. Redmon, Morris Kohlman, Julius Straus, Berthold Fleischaker, Herman Judah, Lee Wile, Walter Rosenfield.

THE DEEDS.

Sentiments—They are more to be pitied than censured. Interspersed with other doings, will be heard the following songs: Ain't That a Shame.....Mr. Max Mayer
The Fortune Telling Man.....
Mr. M. Osterman
He Laid Away a Suit of Gray.....
Mr. Sol Abram
When You Haven't Got No Money, Why You Needn't Come Around.....
Mr. Lee S. Bernheim
She'll Never Love Another....Dr. Redmon
'Gwine to Change That White House Black.....Mr. Herbert Ottenheimer
My Chocolate Colored Sue.....
Mr. Clarence Lehman

The ollo will include Joe Parett and Hyman Myers, kings of comedy; Prof. Wilbur F. Gearhart, in club swinging; a double quartet of "Fagian coons," "The Jack o' Lantern Man," a song scene by pickaninny chorus of fifty children; the Elks' quartet, Messrs. Nuetzel, Mansfield, Thomas and Hazard. The performance will conclude with an afterpiece, entitled, "Beautiful Love, or, Woman, Thy Name Is Mud."

Piles Cured Without the Knife.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you. 50 cents.

MOURNS CONSTANTLY FOR HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. McKinley's Condition Regarded As Grave and She May Not Survive the Winter.

Cincinnati, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The visit of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Dawes to Mrs. McKinley at her home in Canton is thought here to be significant. Reports from Canton, while exceedingly guarded, are to the effect that the condition of Mrs. McKinley is regarded with great anxiety by the family and close friends.

Mrs. McKinley never fully recovered from the effect of her experiences on her California trip and her illness in San Francisco. Then came the shock of her husband's tragic end, and it has developed since that the heart-breaking strain made serious inroads on her physical and mental strength. In fact, it is regretfully admitted by those near to Mrs. McKinley that both mind and body have been seriously undermined, and that there are signs that seem to indicate she is failing rapidly.

One of the unfavorable symptoms of Mrs. McKinley's case is her mental condition. She mourns constantly for her husband, and can think or talk of no other subject.

Reports from Canton go so far as to indicate that unless there is an improvement in Mrs. McKinley's condition there is a grave fear she will not live through the winter.

REWARDS

Offered For Arrest of J. N. Hawkins' Murderer.

MASS-MEETING OF CITIZENS

AT WHICH NEARLY $500 WAS RAISED BY SUBSCRIPTION.

ACTION BY THE GOVERNOR.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—At a mass-meeting to-night in the Courthouse a large number of citizens turned out in spite of the inclement weather and nearly $500 was raised to be used in the detection of the murderer of J. N. Hawkins. Former Circuit Judge Jere R. Morton presided, and Charles J. Bronston, as chairman of the committee from the local bar, stated that the object of the committee was to raise a sum to be used in ferreting out the assassin. He declared that the best detective talent in the country would be secured and suggested $500 as a preliminary sum to be raised. In addition to the lawyers' committee, which issued the call for the meeting, Judge Morton appointed W. H. Cassell, Dr. Lewis Mulligan, W. J. Loughbridge, W. R. Milward and P. G. Powell as a general committee of citizens to direct the work.

Mayor H. T. Duncan created a sensation in addressing the meeting when he said that a dozen murders had been committed in Lexington in the past three months and that the prominence of the victim alone in the present case was attracting the attention of the citizens of Lexington to the crime. He indorsed all steps taken at the meeting. Judge Morton took occasion to reply and declared that the present gathering "was not the result of an outburst of hysterical feeling."

The murder of Mr. Hawkins Saturday night has stirred the city from center to circumference. The police landed one suspect behind the bars. He is Jim Ratcliffe, who was sent to the penitentiary several years ago for highway robbery, and who since his release has been making his home in Paris. Ratcliffe bears several scars on his face and tells contradictory stories as to how he got them. He will have a hearing before the Circuit Court to-morrow.

The grief-stricken family has the sympathy of the entire community. Mr. Hawkins was a man without an enemy, having made his way from a poor boy, working his way through business college to become the senior partner in one of the foremost dry goods establishments in the city. The funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon, conducted by his pastor, the Rev. Mark Collis, at his late residence.

It is now learned that Mr. Hawkins had $15,000 and probably $20,000 insurance on his life, of which $5,000 is with the New York Life and $5,000 accident with the Aetna.

Following is the call which brought about the mass-meeting to-night:

"All citizens of Lexington and Fayette county interested in preserving law and order in this country and who desire to take proper steps toward apprehending the murderer or murderers of J. N. Hawkins on Saturday night, are invited and requested to assemble in the Circuit Court room, in the courthouse, in mass-convention to-night at 7:30 o'clock. C. J. Bronston, chairman; George R. Hunt, George S. Shanklin, F. C. Elkin, W. B. Clay."

Reward Offered.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Gov. Beckham this afternoon offered a reward of $300 each for the arrest and conviction of the unknown murderers of Jesse N. Hawkins, of Lexington. The reward was recommended by County Attorney Bullock and Chief of Detectives Stough.

AL TUMLIN GETS A LIFE SENTENCE.

He Killed Newton Riley Last Summer and Was Pursued Several Days By a Mob.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—After deliberating since Saturday morning, the jury in the Al Tumlin murder case, in the Lyon Circuit Court, returned a verdict at 4 o'clock this afternoon sentencing Tumlin to life imprisonment. Last summer Tumlin and Newton Riley, both of Kuttawa, were "rooting" at a bail game at Kuttawa between a team from Eddyville and the Kuttawa club. Riley was howling for his home nine and Tumlin for Eddyville. Riley censured Tumlin for not helping his home team, and they became engaged in a quarrel that ended in a fight. After the game they shook hands, and it was supposed the trouble was settled. After supper Riley was in a drug store conversing with friends, when Tumlin walked in, and said:

"Riley, I am going to kill you," and fired two shots.

Riley fell to the floor dead. Tumlin escaped to the hills, and was pursued for several days by a mob. He was not captured until several weeks later, when the excitement had subsided, and he was lodged in the Kuttawa jail unmolested.

Riley was one of the most peaceable and highly respected young men of Kuttawa. He was about twenty years old. Tumlin, who has a family, was an employe of the Illinois Central railroad. He was a rough character, but supposedly harmless. The verdict was unpopular.

Fire At the Zorn Residence.

An alarm of fire from box No. 143 at 1:30 o'clock this morning was caused by a slight blaze in the residence of Mr. Sebastian Zorn, 1235 Fourth avenue. The fire was in the rear part of the house, and did little damage.

TO MOTHERS

Mrs. J. H. Haskins, of Chicago, Ill., President Chicago Arcade Club, Addresses Comforting Words to Women Regarding Childbirth.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Mothers need not dread childbearing after they know the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** While I loved children I dreaded the ordeal, for it left me weak and sick

MRS. J. H. HASKINS.

for months after, and at the time I thought death was a welcome relief; but before my last child was born a good neighbor advised **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I used that, together with your Pills and Sanative Wash for four months before the child's birth;—it brought me wonderful relief. I hardly had an ache or pain, and when the child was ten days old I left my bed strong in health. Every spring and fall I now take a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and find it keeps me in continual excellent health."—Mrs. J. H. HASKINS, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill. — *$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Care and careful counsel is what the expectant and would-be mother needs, and this counsel she can secure without cost by writing to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass.

COMBINE STILL OUT.

HAS NOT SECURED THE "PUMPKIN PATCH."

Mr. Marshall, Representing the Owners, Says He Has Had An Offer, But Refuses Names.

"Pumpkin Patch" has not been bought by nor is it controlled by the coal combine. The "Patch" has a river frontage of about 3,000 feet, and is exceedingly valuable property, especially in view of the present fight for coal wharfage.

"Pumpkin Patch" is owned by Mrs. Sallie M. Ewing Pope, Mrs. Ewing Eaches and Mrs. Kate Ridgely, the wife of Mr. Ben H. Ridgely.

Mr. Burrell K. Marshall, who is the attorney for his mother, Mrs. Pope, and the other owners, stated emphatically yesterday that the property had not been sold and further that no one had an option on it.

Mr. John H. Hoffman, of John H. Hoffman & Co., has been the lessee of the "Patch" for a number of years, and he denied that he had disposed of his lease.

It is known that the terms of the lease are such that upon a sale of the property by Mrs. Pope and the other owners Mr. Hoffman would have to vacate if the new purchasers saw fit to use the property themselves or sell to others.

"I was made an offer for the property by representatives of the combine," said Mr. Marshall yesterday, "but I refused it and no one has an option on it. Mr. Hoffman has been our tenant for a number of years, still is, and I hardly think he would transfer his lease without notifying the owners of the property."

Mr. Marshall also said that he was now considering an offer from other parties, whose names he declined to give.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

—The Senate yesterday confirmed a long list of recess consular appointments.

—The papers in the case of Lieut. Preston Brown were sent to Secretary of War Root yesterday for his consideration. The Secretary has not had time to go over the papers. He will take the matter up some time this week. It has been definitely decided that the papers will not be sent back to the Philippines, but will be acted upon in Washington.

—Kentucky postmasters appointed yesterday were as follows: Adcock, Carroll county, M. Dunaway, vice M. Chadwell, resigned; Calvary, Marion county, Harry D. Goodin, vice L. Spalding, removed; Rich, Lewis county, Z. N. Thacker, vice A. J. Hardy, resigned; Scott's Station, Shelby county, George W. Glass, vice W. H. Bell, removed.

—Senator Mason, of Illinois, after a brief interview with the President today, stated that in all probability three of the most important Federal officeholders in Chicago would be reappointed. These are William Penn Dixon, as Collector of Customs; John C. Ames, as United States Marshal, and William P. Williams, as Assistant Treasurer of the United States.

—Among the nominations sent to the Senate by the President was the following bunch of Indiana postmasters: William C. West, Farmland; L. V. Buskirk, Bloomington; William Stevens, Columbus; John W. E. Ward, Converse; Fletcher W. Boyd, Covington; William D. Page, Fort Wayne; W. M. Mills, Ladoga; Michael C. Garber, Madison; Morris B. Pote, New Harmony; F. Kimbley, Orleans; Taylor Reagan, Plainfield; James H. Warnick, Princeton; Elias E. Wesseler, Rockport; James F. Lawson, Spencer; Fred J. Herrman, Tell City; Thomas H. Adams, Vincennes.

—The President sent to the Senate yesterday the nomination of Richard Pearson, of North Carolina, to be Consul at Genoa, and the following postmasters in the South: Georgia—Ransom A. Brinson, Millen; John T. Stillwell, Montezuma. Arkansas—Henry M. Sugg, Dardanell; Thomas D. Hawkins, Morrilton; James R. Snodgrass, Paragould; Samuel Davis, Russellville; Aaron L. Thompson, Springdale. Alabama—Lucius S. Gray, Attala. Texas—John W. Bell, Beeville; Henry D. Bennett, Del Rio; Augustus S. Davis, McGregor; George J. Elam, Marlin; Nathan Leavitt, Stamford; William B. Howard, Sweetwater.

The Menus of the notable State and social functions at home and abroad pronounce *Apollinaris* the Beverage of the Select World.

Bottled at, and Imported from, the Apollinaris Spring, Rhenish Prussia, charged only with its OWN Natural Gas.

A GODSEND.

Indiana Farmers Happy Because of Rains.

WATER WAS BECOMING SCARCE

CONTRACTORS MAY SUE STATE PRISON BOARD ON CLAIM.

TRAIN HAS A NARROW ESCAPE.

Bloomington, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—A heavy rainfall all day yesterday, followed by a snow to-day, breaks a long drouth that has done much injury in this section. Because of the dry weather farmers have been feeding stock for several weeks, the pastures having been almost killed by the drouth. Fall wheat is also in a bad condition and unless the weather is favorable through the winter the crop will be seriously injured. Streams have been dry and many farmers have been compelled to drive their stock for miles to get drinking water.

COLLISION ON THE RIVER.

Cincinnati Crashes Into a Little Gasoline Boat.

Madison, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Capt. James Reed, of the gasoline boat Hanover, and Daniel Adcock, who was a passenger on the ill-starred gasoline boat White Dove, to-day gave a report of the accident at Grassy Flats, which occurred about 6:30 o'clock Saturday evening. "It was dark, the Cincinnati was coming upstream and the Dove going down, when they crashed together. The cabin of the White Dove was crushed in, her machinery injured and about $35 worth of freight she had on board damaged. Of twenty passengers on the Dove, all escaped injury except Edward Boyer, of this city, who was hurt about the head. The Dove being totally disabled, the Cincinnati towed her ashore, and Capt. Musprier boarded the mailboat and came up as far as Bethlehem, where he engaged the Hanover to go down and convey the Dove's freight and passengers to Louisville and other points of destination." The estimated loss to the gasoline boat is $425.

DATES FIXED FOR MEETING.

Indiana Teachers' Association Will Convene April 4.

Bloomington, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Programme and Arrangement Committee of the Southern Indiana Teachers' Association held a meeting to-night at the home of Prof. J. K. Beck, and set the dates for the annual meeting here next year for April 3, 4 and 5. The meeting will be held in the gymnasium, and will begin with a night session on Thursday, and will adjourn in time for the teachers to leave at 11 o'clock Saturday.

The committee outlined the programme, which, however, has not yet been completed. The committee is composed of Prof. J. K. Beck, of this city, chairman; Prof. O. L. Kelso, of Terre Haute; Prof. Monroe, Superintendent of Schools, of Mt. Vernon, and Prof. Harris, Superintendent of the Greencastle Schools.

THREW EGGS AT PREACHER.

One Struck a Young Woman On the Forehead.

Columbus, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—At a religious meeting held in Owl Creek schoolhouse Saturday night by the Rev. Mr. Spicer, some persons opened the door suddenly and threw a shower of eggs at the minister in the midst of his sermon, and one person threw a large club through the window, smashing the glass and sash. None of the missiles did damage except one egg, which struck a young woman square in the forehead. Arrests will follow. Owl Creek is located in Brown county, twenty-five miles west of this city.

LOUISVILLE MAN INJURED.

Caught In a Wreck Near Peru, Indiana.

Peru, Ind., Dec. 9.—A box car loaded with workmen, ahead of an engine of a construction train on the Cincinnati, Richmond and Muncie railway, jumped the track two miles east of this city this afternoon and rolled down a fifteen-foot embankment, resulting in the fatal injury to one man, serious injuries to two and minor injuries to twenty other occupants of the car.

Louis Jann, of Louisville, sustained a sprained ankle and a slight cut in the hip.

WILL SUE PRISON BOARD.

Contractors Believe This the Only Way To Get Claim Settled.

Columbus, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Mr. McCormack, of the firm of contractors of P. H. McCormack & Co., said yesterday he would enter suit against the directors of the State Prison Board for $40,000, claimed to be due for extras on a contract for improvements on the Jeffersonville reformatory. The Prison Board refuses to pay the claim on the ground that the work was not completed within the time allowed.

TRAIN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Big Rock Had Fallen Across the Track Near Madison.

Madison, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Passenger train from Indianapolis due here at 6:50 o'clock this evening narrowly escaped being wrecked in the deep cut on the inclined plane between here and North Madison. A huge stone, loosened by the heavy rain, had fallen from the side of the cut across the track and was discovered in the darkness barely in time to prevent an accident which would have been disastrous.

EVANSVILLE MAN CUTS A GIRL.

Her Sister Interfered and Was Knocked Down With a Chair.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—To-night John Raney slashed Jessie Mitchell, a sixteen-year-old girl, across the arms and abdomen several times. Her sister, Lillian Mitchell, aged twenty-nine, interfered, and Raney felled her with a chair. Both girls are in a serious condition. Raney is under arrest.

MOTHER AND CHILD KILLED.

Little One's Dress Caught Fire and Both Were Burned To Death.

Washington, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Mrs. Eli Clark and her two-year-old child were burned to death to-day while visiting relatives near Odon, seven miles north of here. The child's dress caught fire and while the mother was trying to extinguish the flames her clothing became ignited.

WANT A DONATION.

Friends of Hanover College Appeal To Mr. Carnegie.

Madison, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Friends of Hanover College have written to Mr. Andrew Carnegie, asking him to donate a sum to construct a museum and laboratory for the college. It is believed he will do so.

Took His Life By Shooting.

Paoli, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—John Parks, a farmer in the southern part of the county, committed suicide by shooting. His body was found two miles from home, a revolver grasped in the hand. His wife has been in an insane asylum for ten years, and a son has just returned from the asylum. It is supposed his family misfortunes led to the suicide.

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES.

A FEDERATION TO BE FORMED AT MEETING IN CINCINNATI.

National Officers Predict Large Attendance of Delegates—Kentucky Represented.

Cincinnati, Dec. 9.—Much interest was taken here to-day among the officers and delegates who have arrived for the convention to-morrow of the American Federation of Catholic Societies. The permanent organization of a central body of all the Catholic societies is regarded as one of the most important steps that has ever been taken for the church in America.

Bishop McFaul, of Trenton, N. J., has been working on plans for the combination for some time and now he is joined by the officers and leading delegates in perfecting the organization. At Long Branch last August the following initial organization was made: President, Henry J. Fries, Erie, Pa.; Vice President, Judge Thomas W. Fitzgerald, Brooklyn; Treasurer, M. P. Mooney, Cleveland; Secretary, John J. O'Rourke, Philadelphia; Executive Board—John J. Coyle, Philadelphia; John C. McGuire, Brooklyn; L. J. Kaufman, New York; E. D. Reardon, Anderson, Ind., and P. J. Flatle, Boston.

Soon after the meeting at Long Branch last August these officers issued the formal call to all Catholic societies to join in the convention here this week. This call was approved by Bishop Messmer, of Green Bay, Wis., and Bishop McFaul, of Trenton, N. J. Later a circular letter was sent by the officers of the Federation to the officers of the Catholic organizations in all the States, inclosing credential blanks for delegates, stating the basis of representation and that the fee for the membership of any society was $5. These circulars gave a copy of the proceedings of the meeting at Long Branch, and also stated that the objects of the association are:

"The cementing of the bonds of fraternal union among the Catholic laity and Catholic societies of the United States; the fostering of Catholic interests and the works of religion, especially education and charity; the study of conditions in social life, the dissemination of the truth and the encouragement of the spread of Catholic literature and the circulation of the Catholic press."

The national offices are in Philadelphia, where Secretary O'Rourke resides, and he reports that there will be a large attendance of delegates especially from the Eastern States, Ohio, Kentucky, Illinois and Indiana.

* * *

Officers' Conference.

A joint conference was held to-night of the officers and members of the Executive Council of the Federation with the national and State officers of the different Catholic societies that are represented in the federation and others. The reports of the registrars showed about 300 delegates already present.

Senator Coyle, of Philadelphi, presided and there was a general exchange of opinions. Among those participating in the discussion were Messrs. Koble, Mennehan, Unkerbaum, Matre, Lavelle and others. Among the members of the Executive Council of the Federation who participated in the conference were President Fries, Vice President Fitzgerald, Secretary O'Rourke, L. J. Kauffman, E. D. Reardon, Thomas P. McKenna. Bishops McFaul and Messmer and other distinguished clergy were present.

The official programme for the opening of the convention was agreed upon at this conference. It includes a parade at 8 a. m. to-morrow, headed by the Knights of St. John. The delegates will be escorted by the local societies to the Cathedral, where Bishop Horstmann, of Cleveland, celebrates mass with Father Quatman as master of ceremonies. Dr. Lavelle, pastor of the Cathedral in New York, will preach the opening sermon. Archbishop Elder will preside on the throne with Bishops McFaul, Messmer and Maas in the sanctuary.

From the Cathedral the delegates will proceed to the Auditorium, where President Anthony Matre, of the Cincinnati Federation, will open the convention and introduce Gov. Nash, who will deliver an address of welcome on part of the State, Mayor Fleischmann, who will welcome the delegates on the part of the city, and T. B. Mennahan, of Columbus, prelate of the Ohio Federation, who will welcome the delegates to his jurisdiction. President Fries, of the Federation, will then present Judge Thomas W. Fitzgerald, of New York, who will respond to the addresses of welcome, after which the convention will go into executive session.

CONTEST CASE OF WILL OF OLD MUSICIAN POSTPONED.

Louisville Woman Claims An Old Violin, Said To Be of Great Value.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 9.—The contest over the will of the late Alexander de Czeke, under which all his property is claimed by Miss Rosa Hardin, of Louisville, Ky., was brought up in the Probate Court here to-day, and postponed to a day to be mutually agreed upon by the attorneys for both sides.

INDIANA WOMAN GIVES BIRTH TO THREE BOYS.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Last night Mrs. Henry Ashworth, of Mt. Vernon, gave birth to triplets. All are boys and doing nicely.

R R R RADWAYS READY RELIEF

Radway's Ready Relief cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with

Aches and Pains

For Headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A Cure for All

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Frostbites, Chilblains, Headaches, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

Cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. Not an hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with pain.

Radway's Ready Relief is a sure cure for every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest and Limbs.

IT WAS THE FIRST AND IS THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other Fevers, aided by Radway's Pills, so quickly as Radway's Ready Relief.

50 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS

Always Reliable, Purely Vegetable

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles.

GREYHOUNDS

Again Beneficiaries of the Subsidy Bill.

FREIGHTERS GET BUT LITTLE.

NEW MEASURE NOT GREATLY DIFFERENT FROM OLD ONE.

NO FREE REGISTRY GRANTED.

Lodge To Urge Consideration of Hay-Pauncefote Treaty At Each Executive Session

UNTIL RATIFICATION IS HAD.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Senator Frye to-day introduced the new ship subsidy bill. It differs in form from the subsidy bill of the past two sessions. It is divided into four titles and fifteen sections.

The sections under the title, "Ocean Mail Steamships," are devoted to amendments to the ocean mail act of 1891. The Postmaster General is required to consider the national defense and the maritime interests of the United States, as well as postal interests in providing for the transportation of American ocean mails.

* * *

No Free Registry Granted.

The bill does not provide American registry for foreign ships owned by Americans.

The present limit of ocean mail contracts, ten years, is increased to fifteen years. The Frye bill provides seven distinct classes with a rate of $6 to 20-knot steamers, increasing from 8,000 to 10,000 tons, the minimum size; $3 for 16-knot steamers, provided the size is increased from 5,000 tons, the present minimum, to 8,000 tons. The proposed maximum mail rates per gross ton per 100 nautical miles are:

Over 10,000 tons: 20 knots, 2.7 cents; 19 knots, 2.5 cents.

Over 5,000 tons: 18 knots, 2.3 cents; 17 knots, 2.1 cents; 16 knots, 1.9 cents; 15 knots, 1.7 cents.

Over 2,000 tons: 14 knots, 1.5 cents.

Rates for mail steamers to the West Indies, Central America and Mexico cannot exceed 70 per cent. of the maximum rates.

* * *

General Subsidy Features.

The second title, "General Subsidy," contains the general subsidy for all vessels, steam or sail, which are not under mail contracts. This general subsidy is uniform, one cent per gross ton per 100 nautical miles for not exceeding sixteen entries in one year.

To promote the building of new ocean vessels an additional allowance of one-fourth of a cent per gross ton is made for five years.

Any vessel to receive the general subsidy must carry mails, if required, and must train in seamanship or engineering one American youth for each 1,000 tons, the vessel to be at the service of the Government if required for defense.

Any vessel to receive subsidy must be class A1 and at least one-fourth of the crew must be American.

The bill provides for annual bounty of $2 a ton for deep sea fishing vessels and of $1 a month for American citizens when engaged in deep sea fisheries; that a vessel shall receive only one form of subsidy and that a vessel which has received a subsidy shall not be sold to a foreigner except by consent of the Secretary of the Treasury.

* * *

Changes From Former Bill.

The last subsidy bill provided one and one-half cents per gross ton for each 100 nautical miles, noe exceeding 1,500 miles sailed, and one cent per gross ton for each additional 100 miles sailed; vessels to carry from United States ports at least 50 per cent. of their capacity. Steam vessels suitable for carrying the mails over 2,000 gross tons were to have the following compensation in addition to the above rates:

Twelve knots, five-tenths of one cent per ton; fourteen knots, one cent per ton; fifteen knots, one and one-tenths cents per ton; sixteen knots and over, one and two-tenths cents per gross ton. Vessels of over 4,000 tons, seventeen knots, one and four-tenths cents per ton; eighteen knots, one and six-tenths cents per ton; nineteen knots, one and eight-tenths cents per ton. Vessels over 10,000 tons, twenty knots, two cents per ton; twenty-one knots, two and three-tenths cents per ton. Foreign built vessels admitted to American registry, entitled to fifty per cent. of the above rates. The total compensation paid out in any one year should not exceed $9,000,000, deductions to be made pro rata.

Provision was made for a certain number of foreign vessels to secure American registry. Contracts could be entered into for the building of vessels in the United States of class A 1 type to receive the subsidy. Provisions for use of vessels by the United States in case of war and that a portion of the crews should be American were similar to the provisions of the new bill.

DR. RIXEY MUST WAIT.

Fulfillment of President McKinley's Pledge Deferred a Year.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Among the nominations sent to the Senate to-day by the President was the name of W. K. Van Reypen, to be Surgeon General of the Navy. This is the post which it was once announced Dr. Rixey was to receive at the request of Mrs. McKinley.

Had he not been reappointed to-day, Surgeon General Van Reypen would retire within a year in the grade of Captain. On December 26 next, however, he will have served forty years in the army and navy and so may retire as a Rear Admiral. He will then be succeeded by Dr. Rixey.

Rear Admirals O'Neil and Bradford were reappointed as chiefs of the bureaus of ordnance and equipment respectively, following the custom in such cases.

CANAL TREATY REPORTED.

Effort For Consideration In Executive Session To-day.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Senator Lodge to-day presented to the Senate in executive session the report of the Committee on Foreign Relations recommending favorable action upon the Hay-Pauncefote Isthmian canal treaty and gave notice that to-morrow he would ask the Senate to go into executive session for the consideration of the treaty, repeating the request each day until the Senate should act upon it.

The report of the Committee on Judiciary, recommending the confirmation of Attorney General Knox, was submitted, but went over until to-morrow.

ALLEGED PICKPOCKETS WHO ARE SAID TO HAVE OPERATED IN HAYMARKET IN LOUISVILLE.

WASH DAY

(Continued From First Page.)

for more than two years, I asked him what his status was. He replied that his relations with the party were such that he thought it would be embarrassing for him to enter the Democratic caucus. I then said to him: 'You do not wish to be invited then?' and he replied, 'certainly.' "

"As to the charge of ulterior motive on my part," continued Senator Jones, "I am content to treat it with the contempt it deserves. It is a notorious fact, which every one seems to understand, except the Senator from South Carolina, that there has been no Democratic caucus at this session of Congress. I have no hesitancy, however, in saying that in a recent conversation with a leading member on the other side I said to him that I did not think the Democratic caucus could undertake to provide committee assignments for the Senator from South Carolina."

* * *

Pitchfork Is Put To Work.

Mr. Tillman (S. C.) was on his feet when Mr. Jones concluded. In his characteristic way he announced that while his name had not been mentioned he realized that he was the cause of it all. He would not at this time make an extended reply. Briefly, he reviewed the controversy between himself and Senator McLaurin, which led to the joint tender of their resignations to the Governor of South Carolina last spring, and told of the Governor's suggestion that the resignations be withdrawn. Mr. Tillman said he contended that the Governor was simply "a box into which he had put letters for the Legislature," and that they could not undo their act, but Mr. McLaurin had hastened to withdraw his letter. Mr. Tillman said he had examined the record and that of about 200 cases in the history of the Government, where Senators had resigned, Mr. McLaurin enjoyed the enviable distinction of being the only one who had withdrawn his resignation after offering it. As to Mr. McLaurin's charge of conspiracy to humiliate him by barring him from the Democratic caucus, Mr. Tillman called attention to the fact that he had not been in Washington during the extra session of the Senate in the spring. "This conspiracy," he said, "is a dream conjured up by him. It is the creation of his own brain."

Mr. McLaurin made no reply to Mr. Tillman, but in replying to Senator Jones said he did not desire that there should be anything personal in his charge that there had been an "ulterior purpose" in anything he had done.

* * *

Hoar Thinks Both Are Out.

Mr. Hoar (Mass.) addressed himself to the legality of the resignations which the South Carolina Senators had sent to the Governor of their State. He declared that the resignation of a legislative office vacated the office at once, and he doubted whether such resignations could be withdrawn. He said Speaker Blaine had so held on one occasion in the House, contrary to the English notion that a legislative office cannot be resigned. He said a man could not be kept in office against his will, and raised a laugh by observing that in his opinion neither of the South Carolina Senators had a right to address the Senate if the statements by Mr. Tillman were correct.

Mr. Tillman said he had been of the same opinion himself, and in withdrawing his resignation from the Governor of the State had added: "If it was lawful to do so." He suggested that the Judiciary Committee look into the matter, as he should enjoy nothing so much as washing the "dirty linen" at home.

* * *

Proposition To Resign.

Jumping to his feet, Mr. McLaurin declared in ringing tones that he was ready to meet his colleague at any place or at any time for the discussion of the issues between them. Thereupon, in most dramatic fashion, Mr. Tillman challenged his colleague to resign on the spot. "Let us draw up the papers now," said he, "and tender them to this man (pointing to the presiding officer) and that will settle it."

All eyes were turned upon Mr. McLaurin, but the latter did not rise from his seat or make reply.

Mr. Hoar, explaining in detail the occasion upon which Speaker Blaine had held that a resignation immediately vacated a seat in the House, said a resolution for the expulsion of a member from South Carolina was about to be voted upon, and the member, knowing that the resolution would be adopted, sent his resignation to the chair with the intention of addressing the House and then offering it before the vote on the resolution was taken. As soon as Speaker Blaine saw the nature of the communication sent to him he immediately declared the seat vacant, thus putting an end to all further proceedings. Mr. Hoar contended that if the facts bearing upon the case of the South Carolina Senators had been correctly stated it was doubtful whether they were entitled to seats upon the floor of the Senate at this time. He thought the Committee on Privileges and Elections should inquire into the matter.

Mr. Tillman said if his colleague would prepare any document that would vacate his seat as well as his (Tillman's) he would be glad to sign it. As long as he represented the people on the floor, he said in conclusion, he proposed to represent them honestly and not in a fashion which was a disgrace to his State.

LIVELY FIGHT

Over Introduction of Cigarmaking Machines.

CHILD LABOR IS DENOUNCED.

METAL WORKERS WILL OPPOSE NATIONAL METAL TRADES ASSOCIATION.

FEDERATION IS ORGANIZED.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 9.—The conference of the American Federation of Labor was in session only two hours to-day, adjournment being taken until to-morrow morning in order to enable the several committees to consider the large number of resolutions still in their hands. There was a lively discussion on the floor over the question of boycotting machine-made cigars. It is the same question that the Cigarmakers' International Union has brought up at previous conventions of the Federation, and the union has always been defeated in its fight against the introduction of machinery in the cigar trade. At the present time not a machine-made cigar in the United States, it said, bears the label of the Cigarmakers' International Union.

The matter came up in the form of a resolution presented by President Gompers, John C. Deernell and Thomas F. Tracey, of the Cigarmakers' International Union, and was referred to the Committee on Labels. It denounced a certain company for making cigars by child labor and machinery, and called upon the Federation to assist in unionizing the various plants of the companies. The committee reported the resolution back with the recommendation that the word "machinery" be stricken out and the resolution adopted. Then the cigarmakers opened their fight. They insisted that the term "machinery" should not be eliminated, and argued that cigars made by machinery are not as good those made by hand, and that the machines drive hand-made cigarmakers out of the business.

* * *

Cannot Fight Law of Progress.

The speakers in opposition to the cigarmakers' proposition argued that to oppose machinery would be folly. Machines are being introduced in many lines of trade, they said, and the union could not successfully fight the law of progress. It was pointed out to the cigarmakers that the best thing to do was to organize the operators of the machines and adopt a wage scale, just as the typographical and other unions have done when machinery was introduced in their trades. The discussion promised to be very lengthy, but the moving of the previous question quickly ended the debate, and the resolution, with the word "machinery" stricken out, was adopted as recommended.

The Committee on Labels and the Committee on Resolutions reported a number of resolutions, which were adopted in every instance where the committees brought in a favorable recommendation.

Every one of the sixteen committees put in a busy afternoon and evening. There are many delegates here with grievances, and they were fully heard by the committees. The question of jurisdiction in several trades came up before the Committee on Law, and the Resolutions Committee heard arguments on trade and industrial autonomy. The Executive Council also held a session this afternoon and disposed of some odds and ends of business still demanding its attention. The committees' sessions are held behind closed doors, but the decisions in the matters brought before them will be reported to the convention later in the week.

* * *

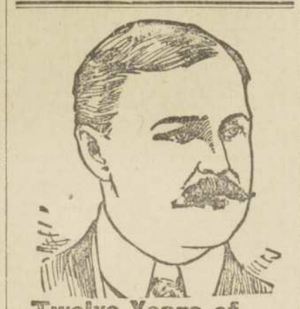
Metal Trades Federate.

The Metal Trades' Federation, after a series of meetings, finally organized to-day by electing officers. Another meeting will be held to-morrow to dispose of business still on hand. The following officers were elected: President, E. J. Lynch, of New York, National President of the Metal Polishers; Vice President, Robert Kerr, of Moline, N. Y., National President of the Blacksmiths; Secretary-Treasurer, John O'Leary, of Worcester, Mass., President of the Coremakers. The Executive Committee will be composed of the above officers and all the national presidents of the other trades allied with the Metal Federation. The personnel of this committee has not yet been entirely made up. Those who have been elected are: L. R. Thomas, New York, of the Pattern Makers; James O'Connell, Washington, D. C., of the Machinists; John Tierney, Detroit, of the Stove Mounters; John Mulholland, Toledo, O., of the Allied Machanics, and President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, who will represent the crafts that have no national organization, but which are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

All of the tades in the Metal Federation are affiliated with the American Federation, and the object is to have an association that can deal directly with the manufacturers, who are organized under the name of the National Metal Trades Association.

President Gompers and several members of the Executive Committee of the American Federation of Labor left here for Wilkesbarre at 6 o'clock, where they will address a mass-meeting to-night under the auspices of the Central Labor Union of that city.

Twelve Years of Awful Pile Pain.



A. E. Auringer, Braidwood, Ill., says: "After suffering untold agony for over twelve years from both forms of piles, and trying all sorts of pile remedies without relief, I am completely cured by Pyramid Pile Cure." Sold by all druggists, 50c a box. Book, "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

HOW THE RACE TRACK MEN WORKED ON THEIR PREY.

Found One of the Thieves Was "Milking" the English Bookkeeper and Went In For Spoils.

London, Dec. 9.—Thomas Peterson Goudie, the former bookkeeper of the Bank of Liverpool; "Dick" Burge, the English pugilist, and F. T. Kelly, the bookmaker of Bradford, were arraigned in the Bow-street Police Court to-day in connection with the Liverpool Bank frauds. Prosecuting counsel announced that Goudie admitted he had forged checks, but disputed the aggregate amount. The statement of counsel was mostly a reiteration of facts already known.

The most interesting point was the announcement made by counsel that he would be able to prove that after Kelly had "milked" Goudie to the extent of £72,000, Burge got wind of the situation, and, in conjunction with Laurie Marks, the American bookmaker, who is said to have committed suicide by jumping overboard from a Channel steamer, and James Mances, a bookmaker well known on the American tracks, decided not to leave Goudie in the hands of Kelly. The trio thereupon dispatched Mances to interview Goudie, with the result that they accumulated £91,000, of which Burge received one-half, Mances one-third and Marks one-sixth.

WANTS SHIPMENTS TO SOUTH AFRICA STOPPED.

South Dakota University President Writes Down His Petition By Mr. Roosevelt's Request.

Vermillion, S. D., Dec. 9.—Garret Dropper, president of the University of South Dakota, during a recent visit to Washington, called on President Roosevelt and submitted to him two propositions. The first was that the State Department request the British Government to transfer suffering Boer women and children from the interior of South Africa to the seacoast towns where American organizations raising money by popular subscription can alleviate their sufferings.

The second was that the Government prevent the shipment of horses, hay and other munitions of war to South Africa.

At the President's request Mr. Dropper reduced his suggestions to writing and forwarded them to the State Department.

MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION HAS CHANGED ITS PLANS.

Will Ask Congress To Make Appropriation For a Monument For McKinley.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The Wm. McKinley National Memorial Arch Association has determined to change its plan of operation so as to appeal to Congress instead of to the public for the erection of the proposed McKinley Memorial at Washington.

Secretary Gage offered resolutions reciting that a canvass of the country for subscriptions will be prejudicial if not destructive to the erection of a proper monument and urging that Congress be asked to make an appropriation. The resolutions were adopted.

The association will be reincorporated and contributions received by the association for the proposed memorial arch will be returned.

Willing To Arbitrate.

Philadelphia, Dec. 9.—A committee representing the local branch of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes to-day submitted a list of grievances to President Parsons, of the United Traction Company. During the conference the men proposed to submit their complaints to arbitration.

REFUSED

To Pay a Batch of Bell County Claims.

STATE AUDITOR'S INSPECTION

RESULTED IN THEIR BEING REFERRED BACK TO SHERIFF.

MILEAGE BILLS PRESENTED

For Witnesses Who Testified For the Defendant In a Felony Prosecution.

WARRANT FOR SCHOOL MONEY.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Further evidence of the methods employed in some of the judicial districts of the eastern section of Kentucky to swell the claims of the counties composing them to be paid out of the Treasury was shown to-day in a bunch of claims presented by the Sheriff of Bell county for payment and refused by Auditor Coulter. The claims were filed some days ago and taken under consideration by Mr. Coulter. A close inspection of a number of them showed that an attempt was being made to have the State pay in a felony case the mileage and per diem of witnesses summoned by the side of the defense and used as such. He referred them back to the county officer, from whom they came, thinking possibly some mistake had been made and that it would be corrected. The official responded, in a letter now on file in the department here, saying that he believed the claim a just one; that the practice of collecting such claims was an old one in his district, and that he had not had such a question raised on him before. The claim was promptly rejected, and the tone of the officer's letter indicates that he will seek to force its collection.

The claims presented were for witnesses called for the side of the defense in the case of the Commonwealth against Sam Philpot, of Clay county. The case was transferred from the Clay to the Bell Circuit Court, and the great number of witnesses called by the Commonwealth from all the surrounding country, if presented to the General Assembly, would be a strong argument in favor of radical changes in the present law relating to witness claims and other claims which have to be paid out of the State Treasury. The refusal of the Auditor to pay the claims in the case above mentioned was based on Sections 367 and 1738 of the Kentucky Statutes. Section 368 provides that "witnesses for the Commonwealth in felony cases shall receive one dollar per day each for attendance in the Circuit Court after indictments have been found and beginning with the day set for the trial of the case, and when witnesses reside in another county they shall receive, in addition to per diem, four cents a mile, to be allowed by the court, and certified to the Auditor for payment; provided said witnesses have been summoned by the written order of the County or Commonwealth Attorney filed with the clerk of the court."

* * *

Auditor Draws Big Warrant.

The largest warrant that has been drawn for years in the State Auditing Department was signed to-day by Auditor Coulter in favor of the country school teachers. The amount of it was $606,551.32, and it represents the second 40 per cent. of the school per capita for this year. The final 20 per cent. is not due until the close of the school term in January. Checks will be sent out in the next day or two to county school superintendents who will distribute to the teachers in their respective counties. Of this money the county of Jefferson, outside of the city of Louisville, will receive $7,950.14. The counties receiving more than $10,000 are Christian, $12,-162.76; Graves, $11,840.16; Pulaski, $11,-210.78, and Hopkins, $10,449.40. The county of Gallatin will receive the smallest amount, $1,522.76.

* * *

Increasing In Wealth.

Thomas G. Stuart, of Winchester, here to-day, says the next report of the State Board of Equalization will show his home county of Clark to be the fifth county of the State as to wealth, passing ahead of the counties of Daviess, Graves, Warren and other counties of a much larger area and having cities of some size within their borders. The counties which he places ahead of Clark are Jefferson, Kenton, Fayette and Campbell.

* * *

Democratic Judge For Laurel.

The resignation of N. J. Stanberry, Republican County Judge of Laurel county, was received at the Executive department to-day and accepted. Gov. Beckham at once appointed Mr. W. L. Bruner, of London, to succeed him. Mr. Bruner is a Democrat, but was recommended by the members of the Fiscal Court. Judge Bruner will only serve until January 1 next, when the newly elected Judge goes into office.

TO REVISE THE METHODIST HYMNAL.

Commission Appointed By General Conference Holding Its First Session At Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 9.—The commission appointed by the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church to revise its hymnal will close its first session to-morrow. It has agreed upon the general features of the work and has appointed a subcommittee to carry out the details. It was decided to appoint a subcommittee on responsive readings, to report whether they should be used, and Dr. W. A. Quayle was appointed chairman of that committee. Dr. C. M. Stuart was made chairman of a Committee on Text of the Hymns, and Dr. C. W. Smith chairman of another on their classification. Still another Committee on Music will be appointed. The commission will meet again in New York on March 4.

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Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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Trial size and a very interesting little book on stomach troubles sent FREE.

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TARIFF BILL

(Continued From First Page.)

of the War Department, was with the Republican members of the committee throughout the afternoon, going over the Philippines tariff situation. Mr. Root emphasized the fact that the new tariff of the Philippines Commission had gone into effect only a few weeks ago, on November 15, and he favored a continuance by Congress of the rates established by the commission.

* * *

Will Not Urge Reduction.

Representative Russell thereupon determined not to further urge the proposition he had put forward earlier in the day for a 15 per cent. preference to American goods. The committee took no final action, adourning until to-morrow, when a measure may be agreed upon. After the meeting the members stated that while no conclusions had been reached and no votes taken, the discussions and the hearing of Mr. Root had practically determined that the Taft tariff rates of November 15 would be applied against goods entering the Philippines and the Dingley rates against goods entering the United States from the Philippines. The proposal to grant a rebate of tax on goods paying an internal revenue tax is still under discussion, with the prospect of its being incorporated in the final draft of the bill.

* * *

The Coastwise Dams.

Unofficial information having reached the Treasury Department that the Collector of Customs at San Francisco had held that under the recent insular decisions of the Supreme Court, the coastwise laws of the United States apply to the Philippines, Secretary Gage has sent him the following telegram:

"This department has been notified by the Secretary of War that you have held that the recent decision of the Supreme Court makes it compulsory in order to obtain through bill of lading that merchandise for Manila must be shipped in American bottoms, to conform to coastwise shipping laws. The department has not authorized such ruling, and if you have made it you will hold it in abeyance, pending specific instructions.

"The department has under consideration the bearings of decisions in the fourteen diamond rings case upon coastwise shipping laws, and you will be promptly advised of its concusions."

ILL-FEELING CAUSED IN BAPTIST SCHOOL CIRCLES.

Deed Discovered By Which Union University Was Conveyed To the Southwestern University.

Murfreesboro, Tenn., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The recent discovery of a deed recorded in the Register's office of this county, which conveys the Union University of this city to the Southwestern Baptist University in Jackson, has created quite a sensation and a great deal of indignation among local Baptists, as well as a great deal of talk on the part of the general public.

In August, 1899, the trustees of the Union University accepted a proposition from the trustees of the Southwestern Baptist University to turn over the Union University property in Murfreesboro to the university in Jackson, to be used by the latter as an academy. The matter of deeding the property was considered, and the trustees of the Southwestern Baptist University, it is claimed, said that they did not want the property, but asked that they be allowed a majority of the trustees. This was readily agreed to, and the board, which was composed of fifteen trustees, was reconstructed, giving Jackson eight on the board, and the remaining seven were selected here.

Now it is claimed that at the recent Baptist convention in Union City part of the trustees voted to convey the property to Southwestern Baptist University. Several of the local trustees, it is claimed, know nothing of this action, and hence the practical deeding of the property to the Jackson school has caused a great deal of ill feeling.

M'GUIRE ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

General Secretary-Treasurer of the Carpenters' Brotherhood Indicted At Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Dec. 9.—The grand jury to-day returned an indictment against P. J. McGuire, general secretary-treasurer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, on the charge of embezzlement. McGuire is accused of fraudulently converting to his own use $10,000 belonging to the association.

THE CADIZ RAILROAD

Borrows $20,000 From Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Company.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Cadiz Railroad Company has filed for record in the office of County Clerk Prowse a mortgage on its property to secure $20,000 borrowed from the Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Company, of Louisville. The Trust Company agrees to execute twenty negotiable bonds with interest coupons attached to each bond for the sum of $1,000 and payable one year after it is delivered. The interest is payable semi-annually at the rate of 6 per cent. a year. The property included in the mortgage consists of the roadbed, rolling stock, terminals, etc. The money will be used to complete the construction of the road. The work is rapidly progressing and trains may be running by Christmas.

CARNEGIE

To Make Princely Gift To Education.

$10,000,000 FOR AMERICA.

PLAN TO BE ANNOUNCED AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

FOR UNIVERSITY EXTENSION.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—The Record-Herald prints the following dispatch from Walter Wellman, at Washington:

Andrew Carnegie is to give $10,000,000 to the cause of university extension in the United States. Announcement of this great gift to education will be made at the White House on Tuesday. Mr. Carnegie was here a few days ago and took luncheon with President Roosevelt, when details of the plan were fully discussed.

Mr. Carnegie has for some time had the project under consideration, and has consulted in regard to it with some of the most eminent educators in the United States.

It has been thought best to create a national board to handle this munificent benefaction and to institute the work on a scale commensurate with its importance. President Roosevelt will probably name such a board for Mr. Carnegie, or at least set in motion the machinery which shall lead to a national organization.

* * *

Consults Dr. Butler.

Mr. Carnegie is expected here to-morrow or on Tuesday, and fuller details of this gigantic enterprise will soon become public.

Nicholas Murray Butler, who has succeeded Seth Low at the head of Columbia College, has been here for two days, a guest of President Roosevelt at the White House, and he has aided in perfecting the plans. Mr. Butler left for New York at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and before going refused to give any particulars beyond the information that an announcement would be made on Tuesday at the White House. Mr. Butler has long been one of the foremost champions of university extension, and it is understood Mr. Carnegie has had frequent consultations with him concerning the enterprise.

According to the plans prepared by Mr. Carnegie and his advisers, the national organization is to have its headquarters in Washington, but its operations are to extend throughout the United Sates, the work to be carried on in co-operaion with universities everywhere.

What will amount to a great national university, with its seat in Washington, may in time grow out of the enterprise.

* * *

May Increase Gift.

Some doubt exists as to the sum which Mr. Carnegie is willing to devote to this great work. I hear from one source that the amount is $10,000,000; from another that, while the sum to be given outright may not be as large as that, the ultimate outlay, to be guaranteed by the great ironmaster, will be much larger.

Accordingly I send the figure of $10,-000,000 under some reserve, but enough is known to make it certain that the announcement to be made at the White House on Tuesday will be the most important event to the cause of popular education in America in many years.

MR. CARNEGIE'S PLAN

Will Be Referred To Congress By President Roosevelt.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The Post to-morrow will say:

President Roosevelt has received a letter from Andrew Carnegie in which the latter offers to make a donation of $10,-000,000 to the United States. The letter will be referred to Congress by the President in a special message.

Mr. Carnegie's gift is for the purpose of establishing in Washington a university for higher education. As far as his idea has been developed, it proposes a gift after the manner of the bequest of James Smithson, the Englishman who gave $1,000,000 for the establishment and maintenance of what is known as the Smithsonian Institution.

Mr. Carnegie proposes that the university which he is to endow shall be the greatest institution in the world for the development of higher education. The proposed university will not interfere in the least with the educational institutions already established, but will supplement them, for, according to the present plan, its doors will be open only to those who desire to take up a post graduate course. Mr. Carnegie also wants the new university to take the lead in original research, so that the United States can eventually stand side by side with Germany if not excel that nation in scientific development.

DECLINES TO TALK.

Prof. Butler Will Make No Statement About Carnegie Story.

New York, Dec. 9.—Prof. Nicholas Murray Butler, acting president of Columbia University, declined to be interviewed to-day with reference to the story that Andrew Carnegie is to give $10,000,000 to the cause of university extension in this country. A request that he make a statement brought the following reply from Mr. Butler:

"I have absolutely no statement to make, and have made none. Any statement purporting to come from me is without warrant."

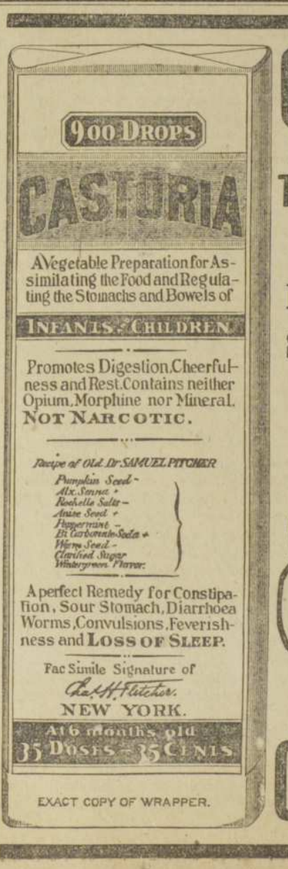
BIG ORDER FROM CHINA.

Mississippi Cotton Mills Will Send Goods To Orient.

Jackson, Miss., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Tupelo Cotton Mills, recently started in Private John Allen's town, have just booked an order for 100,000 yards of heavy drilling, to be shipped direct to China, and are naturally proud of the distinction. Such orders as this confirm the people of the State of Mississippi in their determination to keep on urging the construction of the isthmian canal until the great ditch is an accomplished fact.

Preacher Dies In Vincennes.

Vincennes, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Rev. Henry Mohl, pastor of the German Evangelical church, died to-night after a brief illness. He came here a few months ago from Cincinnati, O. The remains will be sent to Booneville, to be interred near his old home.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TEN PAGES.

TUESDAY....DECEMBER 10, 1901

"Business."

Monday Evening, Dec. 9.—The Wall street market opened with lower prices from London and with dearer money, which led to sharp declines that brought in good buying. Later there was heavy buying of Amalgamated Copper and it closed strong at the top, leading to extensive covering and general but small gains over Saturday's close. Money ranged from 5 to 7 per cent. on call, closing at 5½ and with 6 per cent. the ruling rate. Sterling exchange was steady at a further decline of ⅝c. Government bonds were steady, but railroads were irregular. London bought largely after its exchange was closed.

Shorts sold wheat this morning and the lower prices brought in heavy buying that advanced the market ⅝c. Corn closed ⅝c down and oats ⅛c. Provisions were unchanged to 5c higher. Cotton was higher in Liverpool, but reacted on profit taking.

Cattle in Chicago were 5@10c lower. Hogs rose 5@10c, but closed weak. Sheep were steady to strong.

The "Blind Pool" In Copper.

The rally that came in Amalgamated copper yesterday will never restore confidence in this typical example of the "blind pool."

Many and disastrous have been the movements in stocks and commodity markets when the tide seemed at the flood and all things were propitious, but there have been few affecting one article of special use that has surpassed in capacity for evil that in Amalgamated Copper. The mysterious syndicate was organized to control the copper output of the world, but it has either totally failed in its purpose or has been the most villainously manipulated of all Wall street's great bunko games. The decline in the market valuations for copper and copper stocks has extended over the world. The owners of copper mines from the great Calumet and Hecla on Lake Superior and the rich Rio Tinto owned in Spain by the Rothschilds down to the little deposits in out-of-the-way corners have all suffered sharply except where rich developments are promised. The Calumet and Hecla $25 shares which had been pushed up to over $800 in the great speculation and on which over $40,000,000 have been paid in dividends dropped last Saturday to $615. So with the shares of the rich producing mines elsewhere with resulting hundreds of millions of loss, some of it on "paper" but much of it actual. The decline in the market valuation of the $155,000,000 Amalgamated shares alone is now about $45,000,000 below the price at which they were underwritten.

As the shares had been well distributed before the decline began and as the losses have been so large, the world's markets have suffered in common. The tide of business is running at the flood in America, and ordinarily the stock market would have responded to the enormous bank earnings and the steadily increasing railroad earnings, but the copper shares have carried everything down with them. The members of our American "high finance" have put themselves on record as to belief in the continuation of prosperity and are understood to be still holding immense quantities of their shares in the expectation of better prices, but the public have done little in the way of speculation since the crash of May 9. The struggle over the Northern Pacific is being repeated in a minor way by the blind pool in copper.

The situation both as to "spot" copper and copper shares is inextricably tangled at present. The metal has fallen very low in Europe, but all assertions of large sales at reduced prices in this country by the Amalgamated Copper people who control the bulk of the output are denied. The trade press as a rule agree that the spot market is not in nearly so bad a fix as the speculators for the fall assert, but the pool managers do not open their lips.

A better argument for publicity in the trusts has never been presented than in this huge "blind pool." If all the facts were laid before the world some degree of confidence might be restored, for even yet there is a belief in many quarters that it is a tremendous game of manipulation played by the Standard Oil interests for some ultimate purpose whose influences no one can determine. Copper is a metal of universal use and the great mines have intrinsic value, but the mining industry must suffer long because of this colossal game.

Rationale of Cuba's Request.

A benighted contemporary devoted to protection and anti-reciprocity, premising that free traders are the chief advocates of reciprocity, asks why, if the consumer pays the tax, the Cubans are interested in the amount that we pay on our sugar. There may be some whom this question could puzzle, so that a little inquiry into the real state of the question may not be inopportune.

It is well known that when goods are imported and a tariff tax paid on them, the amount of the duties is added to the foreign cost, along with freight and charges, and the selling price fixed accordingly. No other method of doing business is thought of by anybody. If you complain of the high price of an imported article the dealer will at once explain to you that a duty has been paid on it, and that you must pay a price sufficient to cover this, otherwise he could not afford to bring it into the country, or to buy of those who have done so. This is so well understood among business men that nobody thinks of questioning it. The importer pays the tax in the first instance, but he would not do so unless he expected to get it back from the person to whom he sells, and so on until the final consumer be reached. Indeed, it is admitted by protectionists that revenue duties are paid by the consumer. But the object for which a tax is imposed cannot change its incidence, or, in other words, make it fall on one person rather than another. All duties actually collected are therefore revenue duties, even though protection may be their object. They yield revenue, and the sum paid into the treasury must be collected from the consumer, otherwise the business of importing will be unprofitable, and will necessarily cease.

When an article is not made in this country the tax on it is wholly for revenue, there being no domestic industry to protect. When the duty on a commodity is so high that the goods cannot be imported it is wholly for protection, for there is no revenue where there are no imports. But when an article is produced in this country, without monopolizing the market, the tax yields some revenue. It also protects the domestic producer by enabling him to get as much for his product, grade for grade, as it costs to import a similar article from abroad, after adding duties, freight and charges. Sugar is an article of this sort. We produce a good deal of it, but not nearly so much as we consume. The reason why our producers do not want free trade in sugar is because they would then be obliged to sell their products at a price to meet the competition of foreign sugar. They do not wish to do this, and they say they cannot afford it. An official of the sugar trust says that with free raw sugar refined sugar will sell within a year at three cents a pound. That means that the tax on it is costing the consumer about two cents a pound; it was lately about two and one-half cents. We do not say that this statement is true, but it is a frank admission that the consumer pays the tax. To get three-cent sugar, however, it would probably be necessary to make both raw and refined sugar free.

All the sugar that we import from Cuba at present must pay the tax, and this must ultimately fall on the consumer. But it must compete with sugar from other parts of the world. If we import sugar from no other country the Cuban producers could sell their products at a remunerative price, and our consumers would have to pay it. But they say the competition of other countries, especially those producing beet sugar, is so keen that they cannot meet it without selling sugar on their plantations at less than the cost of production. As sugar and tobacco are the staples of the islands, the Cubans say with much plausibility that they cannot make a living unless they get a market in the United States for their sugar, and for this purpose they must have a preferential rate.

This is not a free trade matter at all. The preference to Cuban sugar is recommended by Secretary Root and President Roosevelt. It is not an economic but a moral question. We have assumed to direct the destiny of Cuba, and in the cause of humanity have spent many hundreds of millions of dollars. The Administration programme asks, in effect, if we shall leave Cuba in worse economic condition than we found her. It is admitted, of course, that the reduction of the duty on Cuban sugar will redound to the benefit of the Cuban producers That is the object of it. Under the circumstances it is urged that it is equitable to let them, to a certain extent, within our tariff wall, and permit them to enjoy a small part of the protection accorded to our home producers. This will not make sugar any cheaper to our home consumers, at least it is so argued. We have the Republican precedent in the case of Hawaii, which, under a reciprocity treaty, sent sugar to this country free for nearly a quarter of a century without affecting the domestic price. It is intended that Cuba shall give a preference to American products to compensate for this favor.

This is a question for the Republicans and not for the free traders. The latter do not desire free sugar, because it is so good a revenue article. But there is in the whole question nothing inconsistent with the well-established fact that the consumer pays the tax.

Deceiving the Boers.

The Boer commandants are to hold a meeting, according to a cable from Bloemfontein, to ask Gen. DeWet and Mr. Steyn for information as to the prospects for intervention and also as to the success of Boer arms in the field. The information they will get, if they get anything at all, will hardly be reliable if the following cablegrams from London to the New York Tribune sets forth the true state of the case:

"There has just been issued an English translation of all the Dutch official telegrams issued during the war until the British troops occupied Vryheid. They provide extraordinary reading, comprising as they do the actual reports sent by the Boer commandoes, and the proclamation of leaders, showing the perfect system by which the Dutch people were continually deceived and kept in ignorance of the true state of affairs. In these telegrams the English forces are boldly accused of attacking Boer ambulances, and hiring Basutos and other native races to take up arms. One report stated that the English apparently respected neither the Red Cross nor the white flag, and, while the Boers never retreated, but only took up other positions, the English soldiers were always being put to flight. The British losses as given by these reports were terrific, and the Boer casualties appeared to be confined to catttle and horses."

Julian Ralph and other American correspondents testify to the same things. Mr. Ralph says that the Boers never told the truth about the war to themselves or to their people, as they believed themselves invincible and will not admit they can be worsted in fight. This is of a piece with the conduct of Mr. Kruger and the other members of the Government who have never conceded any doubt as to their ultimate success in spite of the fact that their seats of Government were long ago captured and all their organized armies dispersed, leaving only scattered squadrons in the field. The Boers are among the bravest fighters in the world, but would they be so undaunted if they saw their situation as clearly as other people? As long as the Holland Government, allied to the Boers so closely by blood and interest, and the sympathetic and kindred German nations will not intervene nor even ask for arbitration it is hardly possible that any other country will do so. The consequences would be too grave even if there was the disposition to interfere in a fight that is on the point of being lost.

To show the improvement in legitimate trade, the New Orleans Picayune of last Saturday cites the fact that clearings for that week were $19,424,332, the largest in the city's history. For the corresponding week a year ago there was a total of $19,365,771, which held the record until now. Cotton at that time was two cents a pound higher than at present; sugar was selling considerably better, and there was a furious speculation going on in cotton. Now, there is no speculation of consequence, and the clearings owe their size to legitimate business. It is a fine showing for New Orleans, but it is well understood that business in the district centering in the Crescent City is most prosperous. The cotton and sugar crops in Louisiana and tributary territory are very good, while the yield of rice is also excellent. In these respects, Louisiana is much better off than Texas, where business is disturbed by the shortage in cotton and corn, though there is a fair rice crop, which is a recently developed and very profitable industry, and requires a large amount of money to handle.

In the last few days there have been all sorts of reports from Holland about the Queen and her husband, and Maj. Van Tets has also come in for his share of attention by the newsgatherers. First they said he had been wounded in a duel with the Prince Consort. Then they said that there had been no duel, but that the Major's death was due to peritonitis. Then they said his death was not due to peritonitis, but was the result of wounds. Now they say that he is not dead. It is evident that, however American industries may be outstripping those of Europe, there is one spot in the Old World whose yellow journalism is more than holding its own.

Mr. Bourke Cockran's assertion that the President of the United States could end the Boer war by one word to the British Ambassador, and without taking an unfriendly attitude toward England, may do for oratory, but it is of no force otherwise. Mr. Cockran ought to know the English character well enough to understand that such a word by the President would be regarded as an unfriendly interference, and would only serve to confirm Great Britain in her determination to end the war in her own way.

That chronic snarler, the London Saturday Review, wants something like an alliance between Great Britain and Germany against the United States. And if it could have its way, it would be the first to attack the alliance. The Saturday Review was never known to be satisfied with anything.

An English professor claims that he can prove that in future ages the human race will be legless. However, the outlook is not one of unmitigated gloom. The chorus girl is long-lived and a supply of her may be carried over.

PROGRAMME

For Annual Educational Meeting.

WILL LAST THREE DAYS.

LOUISVILLE TEACHERS PREPARING RECEPTION FOR THE VISITORS.

WORK TO BE DISCUSSED.

From December 26 to 28 the annual session of the Kentucky Educational Association will be held in the assembly room of the Male High School, on First street, between Chestnut and Walnut. At the meetings general association work, the value of a public school system, High School work, child study and music will be discussed.

The meeting promises to be a success, and Supt. Mark is now busy making all preparations to insure an enjoyable time to the visitors.

The officers of the General Association are:

President, Miss Katie McDaniel, Hopkinsville; Vice presidents, H. H. Cherry, Bowling Green; J. D. Kelly, Owensboro; H. G. Brownell, Louisville; secretary, W. W. White, Alexandria; treasurer, S. C. Stevens, Lexington.

Superintendents' Section—President, Edward Taylor, Bowling Green.

High School Section—President, L. McCartney, Hopkinsville; secretary, J. E. Snider, Paducah.

Child Study Section—President, F. S. Alley, Bellevue.

Music Section—President, Miss Marian Newman, Owensboro; secretary, Miss Margaret Griggs, Paducah.

The programme is as follows:

* * *

Thursday, December 26.

GENERAL ASSOCIATION.

2 O'clock p. m.

Devotional exercises.

Chorus by pupils of the Louisville schools.

Some Definite Lines of Educational Progress (20 minutes)—Reuben Post Halleck, principal Male High School, Louisville. Discussion opened by William Dinwiddie, president S. P. Lee's Collegiate Institute, Jackson.

The Co-operation of City and Country Schools (15 minutes)—Miss Sarah Bryant Noel, Owensboro. Discussion opened by T. T. Gardner, Superintendent Warren County Schools.

The Ethical Training in Our Schools (2) minutes)—W. H. Bartholomew, principal Girls' High School, Louisville. Discussion opened by Charles Evans, Superintendent of Schools, Marion.

"The Child Eternal" (10 minutes)—Miss Carrie E. Cosby, Bardstown. Discussion; Mrs. Ella Jewel LaRue, Owensboro.

Our Profession in Its Relations (20 minutes)—E. A. Fox, general secretary Kentucky Sunday-school Association, Louisville. Discussion: J. R. Ashlock, Superintendent Hardin County Schools.

Professional Training for Teachers (20 minutes)—J. W. Dinsmore, dean of normal department, Berea College, Berea. Discussion opened by Rice S. Eubank, president Princeton Collegiate Institute.

Appointment of committees.

SUPERINTENDENTS' SECTION.

8 O'clock p. m.

Music.

The Superintendent; His Influence—Rev. E. L. Powell, pastor First Christian church.

The Teachers' Work—Rev. Carter Helm Jones, pastor Broadway Baptist church.

The Relation of the Home and the School—Rev. Fred V. Hawley, pastor Church of the Messiah.

The Value of the Public School System—Rev. J. Kinsey Smith, pastor Fourth-avenue Presbyterian church.

How Can the County Superintendent Be Most Useful to the Schools?—Miss Sallie R. Brown, Superintendent Hopkins County Schools. Discussion: Mrs. Hattie Orr, Superintendent Pendleton County Schools.

City Supervision—It should be close, definite and specific on all points, and not general only, or on so-called broad lines, allowing large liberty to the individual teacher. Affirmative contention, C. A. Leonard, Superintendent Schools, Cynthiana. Negative contention, Livingstone McCartney, Superintendent of Schools, Hopkinsville.

The Coming Teacher—John Burke, Superintendent Schools, Newport.

* * *

Friday, December 27.

GENERAL ASSOCIATION.

9 O'clock a. m.

Devotional exercises.

Chorus by pupils of the Louisville Schools.

Nature Study (25 minutes)—James Speed, Louisville. General discussion.

Literature (15 minutes)—Miss Louise Willard, Frankfort.

Five Ten-minute Talks:

The Value of Fads in School Work—Miss Llewellyn Eaton, Owensboro.

The Teacher's Reward—George W. Chapman, Superintendent Schools, Greenup.

How Teach Ethics—T. A. Suman, Superintendent Schools, Flemingsburg.

How Lead the Child to See the Man in Himself—J. R. Alexander, Southern Normal School, Bowling Green.

"Oil the Squeak"—Miss Josephine Ogden, Ashland.

Kentucky Teachers' Reading Circle (15 minutes)—S. L. Frogge, Superintendent of Schools, Frankfort. Discussion opened by M. A. Cassidy, Superintendent Fayette County Schools.

The Education for the Twentieth Century—(15 minutes)—John C. Willis, vice president Kentucky University, Lexington.

Discussion opened by J. C. Lewis, principal Sue Bennett Memorial School, London.

English in the Graded Schools (15 minutes)—R. L. McDonnold, Superintendent Schools, Henderson. Discussion: E. E. Wood, president Williamsburg Institute.

Four Five-minute Talks—Elements of Teaching Power, O. M. Schultz, Hartford; The Sympathetic Teacher, Miss Emma Morgan, Paducah; The Waste of Educational Energy, H. H. Brock, Superintendent of Schools, Richmond; Art for the Public Schools, Miss Mamie E. Schmidt, Lexington.

HIGH SCHOOL SECTION.

2 o'clock p. m.

Music—High School Chorus.

English in the Secondary Schools—Dr. H. C. Peterson, Manual Training High School, Louisville.

Some Qualifications of High School Teachers—Alfred Livingston, Superintendent Schools, Somerset.

Modern Languages in the High School—William R. Price, instructor in modern languages, Louisville Male High School.

Electives in the High School Course—Charles E. Dudley, principal public schools, Pembroke.

Science for High Schools—Edgar H. Mark, Superintendent Schools, Louisville.

Election of officers.

Music—High School Chorus.

CHILD STUDY SECTION.

3:30 o'clock.

Topics for Round Table Discussion—

1. What can be done for bright pupils?
2. What can de done for dull pupils?
3. What can de done for indifferent pupils?

MUSIC SECTION.

8 o'clock p. m.

(To be held in auditorium, Girls' High School.)

The Passage Bird's Farewell, Mendelssohn

Robin Adair....Arranged by Dudley Buck

Chorus by Normal Classes, conducted by Miss Lina Bourgard, Supervisor of Music, Louisville Schools.

Rythm—Miss Harriette Doughty, Supervisor of Music, Evanston, Ill.

Discussion.

Violin Solo..... Selected

Mr. Charles Letzler, Louisville.

The Correlation of Music with Other Branches of Study—J. G. Crabbe, Superintendent Schools, Ashland.

Lady Bird.....F. H. Cowen

Chorus.

Round Table Discussion.

This will be followed by a social session, under the auspices of the Louisville Educational Association.

* * *

Saturday, December 28.

GENERAL ASSOCIATION.

9 o'clock a. m.

Devotional exercises.

Music.

The Cost of Illiteracy (25 minutes)—Dr. Ruric N. Roark, dean department of pedagogy, Kentucky State College, Lexington.

Needed School Legislation—Hon. H. V. McChesney, State Superintendent Public Instruction, Frankfort.

General discussion.

Reports of committees.

Reports of officers.

Presentation of banner.

Miscellaneous business.

Adjournment.

BRIEF POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Miss Ethel Newman will give a buffet luncheon Tuesday, December 31, at 1 o'clock, at her home, 1217 Third avenue.

* * *

Mr. Philip Speed, formerly of this city, who has been doing newspaper work in New York for several years, has just accepted the position of city editor of the New York Daily News, recently bought by Frank A. Munsey.

Mr. Speed has been living in New York for the past six years, and has been associated with the World and several other newspapers in that time. For a short while he went to Philadelphia, where he was city editor of the Times.

His present position is an excellent one, as it is believed that Mr. Munsey will make a great success of the Daily News.

* * *

Mrs. Alfred Pope will give a luncheon Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock in honor of the officers of the John Marshall Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Baylor Hickman and children, who have been spending several weeks at Orlando, Fla., returned home yesterday.

* * *

Miss Edith Girth, of Troy, Ind., will spend the holidays with her aunt, Miss Yetta Deckert.

* * *

Mr. William L. Allen is ill at his home in Garvin Place with a slight attack of pneumonia.

* * *

The New Orleans Times-Democrat says: "Mr. and Mrs. Harry I. Wood, of Louisville, who are guests of the St. Charles Hotel, are in New Orleans on their bridal trip. Mr. Wood and Miss Fetter were married in Louisville last week, the marriage being one of the fashionable events of the season. Mr. Wood is a popular young business man of Louisville, who has many friends in this city. His bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Fetter, and has been one of the belles in the younger society set of the Kentucky metropolis."

* * *

Miss Carrie Marsh, of Sandusky, O., will arrive in the city to-day to visit Miss Minnie Harris, of 312 Lee street.

* * *

Miss Jessie Norton, who has been in Atlanta for the past week, is now in Nashville visiting Miss Louise Maddin.

* * *

The New Orleans Times-Democrat says: "Mrs. J. Benton Hobbs left for Louisville Saturday. She was called home on account of the serious illness of her brother.

* * *

Miss Carolyn Barker is in Nashville visiting Mrs. M. C. Goodlett.

* * *

Gen. John B. Castleman spent several days in New Orleans last week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Walker are at Hot Springs, Va., where they will spend several weeks before returning home.

* * *

A church social of the First Presbyterian church will be held at the home of Judge and Mrs. Shackelford Miller Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

* * *

Miss Goldie Robinson, who is studying art at Pratt's Institute in New York, will return home for the Christmas holidays, when she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frederick D. Hussey.

* * *

Miss Sunie Satterwhite and Miss Fannie McDonald have returned from a short visit to Mrs. Barret Gibson in Bullitt county.

* * *

Miss Anna Monroe, of Houston, Tex., who is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Boyle, will continue her visit through the week, when she will return to Texas.

* * *

Mrs. George B. Eastin is the guest of Gen. and Mrs. John B. Castleman.

* * *

Mrs. R. K. Dunkerson, of Evansville, who has been visiting her son, Mr. Casselberry Dunkerson, at the Pope, returned home yesterday afternoon.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George Ewing, of Baltimore, are expected to-day to attend the marriage of Miss Elsie Gaylord and Mr. John C. Latham this evening. They will be the guests of Gen. and Mrs. John B. Castleman.

* * *

Mr. Perry Farnsley left last night for Washington, D. C., where he has accepted the position of copy editor of the Washington Times.

* * *

Mr. Chester Adams, of Pleasure Ridge Park, who is attending Van Renssalaer Polytechnic Institute, at Troy, N. Y., will return home for the Christmas holidays.

* * *

Mrs. Hancock and Mrs. Clark, the aunts of Col. J. Steddard Johnston, who made their home with him, are located for the winter with Mrs. Margaret Ward Bell.

* * *

Mr. Alex Farnsley, of Lexington, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Alex. F. Farnsley, of 102 East Oak street. He will be here until January 1.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thruston Ballard will give a house party Saturday and Sunday at Lansdowne, in honor of Miss Belle Sheridan Houston. Besides Miss Houston, their guests will be Misses Katharyn Cox, Evelyn Whitney, Jane Helm, Jessie Norton, and Messrs. Howard Lee, C. C. Carter, John I. Jacob, Lee Bloom and Roger Ballard Thruston.

* * *

Mr. John Page, of New York, who is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Charles Thruston, will give a farewell dinner party at the Pendennis Club to-morrow evening. He will leave Thursday for the East.

* * *

Mrs. Frank G. Moore gave a dinner party last evening in honor of Mr. John Page. In the center of the table was a silver bowl of poinsettia, which was encircled by a wreath of the same flowers. The candelabra had red candles and shades.

Mrs. Moore's guests were Mr. and Mrs. Thruston Ballard, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Culbertson, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Woodward, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Ballard, Mrs. Ernest Allis and Messrs. Lee Bloom, John I. Jacob, M. L. Akers and John Page.

* * *

Mrs. Esten Cooke entertained her euchre club yesterday afternoon.

* * *

Mr. Henry Bush is in New York on a short trip. He and his family will move to Atlanta, Ga., January 1, where Mr. Bush has accepted the special agency of the London Assurance Company.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Turner Anderson will give a large ball at the Galt House this evening, in honor of their daughter, Miss Lulie Anderson.

* * *

The wires carried a tender message of congratulation yesterday from R. S. Brown, district passenger agent of the B. and O. S. W., to his son Brooks Brown, who is now in Charleston, W. Va. The son had attained his majority and the father was proud. Brooks Brown has been connected with Armour & Co., locally, for some time. He is now put on the road for this big concern with headquarters at Charlestaon. He left Saturday for his new post of duty.

* * *

Mr. George W. Arthur, of New York City, is in the city to attend the Latham-Gaylord wedding. Mr. Arthur has many friends in Louisville, made during the "good times" at Middlesboro, when his brother, A. A. Arthur, was the king of Bell county. Mr. Arthur has made stacks of money, it is said, since he left Kentucky.

* * *

Miss Linelle Chenault gave an informal card party last evening at her home on St. Catherine street. The house was decorated with red roses and the prizes were a pair of small opera glasses for the girls and a jeweled pencil for the men. The consolation was a seal.

Miss Etta Hays kept the tally, and the other guests were:

MISSES.

Rosa Robinson, Lucy Keaney, of New York; Bessie Griffiths, Georgie Beckley, Mary Tyler Woodridge, Narcisse Johnson, Margaret Welsinger, Mildred Vaughan, Georgia Scoggan, Madeline Bridgeford, Clarnele Wolfe, Cora Locke, Emily Bullitt, Juliet Bullitt, Margaret Cox, Miss Buck, of West Virginia.

MESSRS.

Irvine McDowell, A. G. Robinson, H. B. Hersey, J. W. B. Bayly, Wilson Cochran, Mazyck O'Brien, George Miller, P. J. Wooldridge, Charles Warren, Madison Cawein, Charles Loomis, Louis Hast, Ward Howard, John Cochran, Eugene Cochran, Charlton Rogers, Harris Fleming, Owen Gaithright, W. W. Thum.

* * *

The following young girls will return home from the various schools and colleges in the East for the Christmas holidays: Bonner Semple, Mary Belknap, Lillian Weissinger, Julia Mengel, Margaret Wathen, Lena Reese, Nellie Rankin, Agnes Hayes, Virginia Peter, Jane Perry and Anna Youngman.

* * *

Mr. P. L. Atherton will give a large dinner-cotillon at the Galt House on Friday evening, December 20, in honor of Miss Belle Sheridan Houston and Miss Frances Duke.

* * *

Mr. Louis B. Wehle, who is attending the Harvard Law School at Cambridge, Mass., will come home for the Christmas holidays.

* * *

Mrs. Henry H. Wolfe and Mr. DeWitt Wolfe have returned home after a month's visit with relatives in New York.

* * *

Dr. Stephen O. Carter and mother have returned home after spending ten days at French Lick Springs.

Kentuckians At the Hotels.

Rufer's Hotel—John W. Lewis, Springfield; William J. Lisle, Lebanon.

Galt House—Frank Hudson, Mt. Sterling; John B. Thompson, Harrodsburg.

Louisville Hotel—John R. Pates, Versailles; T. J. Davis, Olive Hill; F. L. Numan, Winchester.

Seelbach's Hotel—F. W. Katterjohn, Paducah; G. W. Hickey, Georgetown; J. A. Dean, Owensboro; P. D. Maxwell, Marion. Willard—E. S. Albrecht, J. E. Hour, Mt. Vernon; W. T. Drewry, A. W. Clements, Delia Cook, Morganfield; W. D. Ashcraft, Brandenburg; George Wearer, Lewisport; P. Meguiar, Mt. Sterling; W. M. Hager, Springfield; George A. Lewis, Frankfort; W. B. Taliafero, Mt. Sterling. Fifth Avenue—R. L. Porter, Orlando; L. O. Spencer, Henderson; T. O. Chislom, Frankfort; R. B. Lancaster, Lebanon; R. F. Stockney, Russellville; H. C. Thomason, London; G. W. Gunn, Shepherdsville.

Pleased With Mrs. Semple.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The art department of the Woman's Club of Frankfort held this afternoon one of the most delightful meetings in its history, when Mrs. Patty Semple, of Louisville, gave a talk on "The Study of Art from the Standpoint of History." The members of the club were so pleased with Mrs. Semple that they have engaged her for next meeting, January 13, to speak on "The Colonial Literature of Virginia and New England."

To Attend Blackburn Wedding.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Col. Eph Lillard, of Jessamine, Warden of the State prison, left to-night for Washington to be present at the marriage of Senator Jo C. S. Blackburn and Mrs. Mary Blackburn, which takes place there on Wednesday. Col. Lillard and Senator Blackburn have been lifelong friends. He will be one of the few persons outside of the families of the couple who will witness the ceremony.

Engagement Announced.

Louisa, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—At a reception held at the residence of the parents of the prospective bride the engagement of Miss Neva Sharon Stewart to Mr. A. M. Campbell was announced. Miss Stewart is the daughter of Judge James E. Stewart, former Judge of the Lawrence Criminal Court. Mr. Campbell is assistant United States engineer in charge of the Government improvements on Big Sandy river.

Kentuckians In Washington.

Washington, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Mr. Charles D. Pearce, of Maysville, is in the city on business at the Treasury Department.

Col. Jack Chinn is at Barton's.

LOUISVILLE HIGH ROLLERS IN A BIG WHEAT DEAL.

Said To Have Sold Out 8,000,000 Bushels "Long."

Philadelphia, Dec. 9.—A Chicago telegram to the Record says:

The bull market on the Board of Trade was repeated Saturday, and prices were carried up to new records all around. Five prominent commission houses refused to execute orders for wealthy women who offered certified checks for about $10,000. Working classes have been advised by brokers to keep their money and stick to business. Wheat jumped 2½ cents to 83 cents. Corn sold at 69, and oats touched high mark at 47⅝. A shrewd observer of pit conditions says: "Louisville high rollers have sold out 8,000,000 bushels long wheat, and Arthur Orr, who had over 2,000,000 bushels, has sold his, and now suppose John Dwight, Charles A. Mair, Ed A. Driver, Michael Cudahy and others who have probably 10,000,000 bushels bought at from 72 cents to 75 cents, had sold theirs, and suppose again that present holders of remaining big lines, and the country bulls, every one of whom has big profits, double up on Monday—where would the wheat come from and where would the price go?"

An effort was made last night to learn the names of the "high rollers" of Louisville who had been dealing so heavily in wheat, but local brokers disclaimed any knowledge of it, and one went so far as to say that while there had been considerable trading in wheat during the past week, the story that 8,000,000 bushels had been sold by Louisville traders was a fake, pure and simple.

A Bankrupt Fireman.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—David E. Bee filed a petition in bankruptcy to-day. He is a fireman on the Henderson Route, and lives at Cloverport.

AT THE THEATERS.

"FAUST" IS SUNG BY THE ROSE CECILIA SHAY OPERA COMPANY.

GOUNOD'S WORK IN ENGLISH.

Stock Company Resumes Its Season At Temple With Capital Performance of "The New South."

MEMBERS DO CLEVER WORK.

"Faust"—Macauley's.

Margarita	Rose Cecilia Shay
Siebel	Fannie D. Hall
Martha	Caroline Weir
Faust	Martin Pache
Mephisto	S. P. Veron
Valentine	John J. Raffael
Wagner	Frank Maslin

Rose Cecilia Shay and the opera company bearing her name and designed to exploit the artistic and musical gifts of which Miss Shay's sire believes his daughter to be possessed began a half-week's engagement at Macauley's last night, singing "Faust" as the opening selection from their repertoire. Two weeks ago there were but few in Louisville for whom the three words Rose Cecilia Shay were of significant meaning. Now even the laymen, through the activity of the press agent, are acquainted with the fact that Miss Shay is the daughter of a well-known lawyer of Cincinnati, who, believing firmly in his daughter's powers, has surrounded her with a double cast of principals, a chorus of forty voices, has supplied her with productions of a half-dozen standard operas and the needful accessories for their presentation. The present season is the first for the organization. And so the Rose Cecilia Shay Opera Company sang "Faust" at Macauley's last night. Miss Shay was the Margarita. Her voice is clear and of good volume, but uneven. The tones in her middle register lack some of the better qualities to be found in her lower and higher notes. In spots her singing is commendable and her voice pleasant to listen to. Her acting is sincere and her purpose is evidently meant for the attainment of higher ends. Of those who sang last night the best voices were disclosed by John J. Raffael, as Valentine, and by S. P. Veron, as Mephisto.

"The New South"—Temple.

Capt. Harry Ford	Edward Mackay
Georgia Gwynne	Miss Julia Stewart
Gen. Houston	W. T. Clark
Jefferson Gwynne	Oscar Graham
Kate Fessenden	Miss Eulalia Bennett
Bessie Fessenden	Miss Emalyn Barr
Dr. Tom Lincoln	Harry Stockbridge
Mrs. Abagail Newport	Miss Florine Arnold
Paul Fitzhugh	Thomas Lingham
Corporal Perry	Oscar Graham
Sampson	Chas. P. Bates
Sol	H. Oaston

The members of Col. Meffert's former stock company reopened the Temple last night, presenting "The New South." The week thus begun is to be in the nature of a benefit for the unfortunate actors who find themselves in midseason without engagements and with bank rolls that make Christmas look like the coming of a three-ringed circus to a penniless boy in a country town. The effort to make the best of things is a plucky one, deserving hearty co-operation, and the audience last night showed that it was in sympathy with the spirit shown. When everything is taken into consideration, the performance was remarkable. The players were well up in their lines and business, and acted with confidence and dash.

The play is one which admits of most attractive settings and the times and atmosphere are full of interest. The plot is well worked out, and the different characters excellently developed.

Edward Mackay made a manly and handsome Capt. Ford. His bearing was soldiery, his voice clear and expressive, his manner frank and engaging. He carried the sympathy of his audience with him through the series of trials the hero is forced to undergo until he at last comes into his own.

Clever Harry Stockbridge gave a capital portrayal of Dr. Tom Lincoln. He has an attractive personality and no small degree of magnetism.

Miss Barr was a pretty and charming Bessie Fessenden, and Miss Bennett acted well in the role of Kate Fessenden.

Miss Stuart was excellent as Georgia Gwynne, and W. T. Clark gave an enjoyable portrayal of Gen. Houston Gwynne. Oscar Graham was good as Jefferson Gwynne, and every member of the company acquitted himself with credit.

Footlight Notes.

In the cast of the Bostonians, who will sing "Maid Marian" at Macauley's on Friday adn Saturday nights and at the Saturday matinee, are Henry Clay Barnabee, W. H. MacDonald, George Frothingham, Josephine Bartlett, Grace Van Studdiford, Adele Rafter, Albert Parr, Vernon Stiles, W. H. Fitzgerald, Allen Hinckley, William Dorrington, Frances Miller, Belle Harper and others. The opera will be presented with the accessories, scenery, costumes and chorus of eighty voices that characterized its presentation in Philadelphia. "Maid Marian" is a sequel to "Robin Hood." A matinee will be given Saturday. Seats are now on sale.

Saets were placed on sale at the Auditorium box office yesterday for the song recital which Lillian Nordica is to give at the Auditorium on the evening of December 16.

"The Volunteer Organist" has evidently "caught on" at the Avenue, where it was greeted by large and well-pleased audiences at both of the Monday performances. The usual matinees are announced for to-day, Thursday and Saturday.

For next week the Avenue announces the Russian melodrama, "For Her Sake," which was seen at this theater last season.

The Rose Cecelia Shay Opera Company will give "Carmen" to-night at Macauley's. A double bill, "Pagliacci" and "Rusticana," are announced for to-morrow matinee, and "Il Trovatore" for to-morrow night.

Apropos of the Bispham song recital which it will be Louisville's privilege to enjoy Thursday evening at Macauley's, it is interesting to read the following excerpt from an Eastern musical journal, since Eduard Reuss is to be Mr. Bispham's accompanist at the concert: "Eduard Reuss, a native of New York, comes from the best school. Hans von Bulow was, in Hanover, his teacher, and in 1878 Franz Liszt undertook the direction of the talent he prized so highly. The master recommended this pupil of genius as a collaborator in the great Thuring an Music Festival in Amscalt, and a year later personally introduced him to the international public of Baden-Baden as one of his favorites.

"There Reuss

DEMORALIZED

Freight Rates West of St. Louis Are Off.

REBATES BEING GRANTED.

TIME TABLE MEETING ANNOUNCED FOR ATLANTA.

A BOUQUET FOR L. J. IRWIN.

All freight rates between St. Louis and Missouri-river points, Denver, Salt Lake City and California are more or less demoralized. It is also rumored that one or two lines between St. Louis and Missouri-river points are manipulating Texas rates.

Several local freight men were asked to affirm or deny these reports yesterday. Practically all admitted that rebates were being given in the territory mentioned, but lines out of Louisville could promise nothing to shippers, because tariff schedules, of course, contain no such information.

Many Louisville shippers—especially those of whisky, tobacco, jeans, clothing, etc.—profit by these off rates when they get "next."

ENJOYABLE TRIP SOUTH.

S. J. Gates and Other Louisville Citizens Enjoy Big Four Hospitality.

Mr. Sidney J. Gates, general agent of the passenger department of the Big Four, returned yesterday from a trip to New Orleans in a private car as a guest of leading officials of the C., C., C. and St. L. There were in the party George F. Ingalls and C. F. Brister, assistant general freight agents; Warren J. Lynch, general passenger agent; E. F. Crost, freight traffic manager; James E. Reeves, general Southern agent, all of Cincinnati, and C. F. Tillinghast, of Chicago. Mr. Joseph Zorn, a local grain dealer, and Mr. Frank Wright, of a pig iron firm of Cincinnati, were also along.

Mr. Gates said two days were spent most enjoyably in the Crescent City. It was Mr. Lynch's first trip there, and he was charmed. The New Orleans railroad men treated the party royally. One of the entertainments provided was a ride on the tug Wilmot Saturday afternoon. This gave the visitors the opportunity of seeing the battleship Illinois, which recently came to New Orleans to go in the new steel dock.

"We saw a British ship loaded with mules," said Mr. Gates, "weigh anchor and start on its trip to the Transvaal. The British army now has twenty officers in New Orleans buying mules for the Boer war. The purchases are now made in the West chiefly, the market at Kansas City supplying nearly all the demand. Kentucky and Tennessee, you know, were exhausted some time ago."

A MODEST MAN IS HE.

Howard Saxby Prints Lucien Irwin's Picture With a Little Fun On the Side.

The Chirstmas number of Saxby's Traveler's Magazine, which reached here yesterday, has a splendid half-tone likeness of Mr. Lucien J. Irwin, the popular general passenger agent of the Henderson Route. Accompanying this cut is the following bit of gossip:

"Lucian J. Irwin, general freight and passenger agent of the Henderson Route at Louisville, is without doubt one of the most unassuming and modest men between Maine and California. I don't mean he is bashful, because he is too good a business man and too energetic a hustler to merit such a cognomen. His appetite is worth going miles to see. Lucian is never so happy as when fixing up a menu for his friends. As a host he is a huge success, and even as an invited guest he allows no flies to tarry any too long on his anatomy. It was hard work to get the accompanying cut, which was specially loaned to the editor by the future Mrs. Irwin. (See invitations, which many of you will doubtless shortly receive). I understand Ed. Bacon, of the Monon, is to be best man; R. Scott Brown, of the B. and O. S. W., chief usher, and Col. Ridgely Cayce, superintendent of presents."

Railroad Personals.

Three prominent Southern officials—General Passenger Agent S. H. Hardwick, of Washington, D. C.; General Manager H. B. Spencer, of the St. Louis-Louisville lines, and Assistant General Passenger Agent G. B. Allen, of St. Louis—were in the city yesterday. They called on friends in the different railroad offices, and later spent an hour in consultation with District Passenger Agent Hungerford. Mr. Hardwick is making a tour of the system, and left last night with Messrs. Spencer and Allen for St. Louis.

Other visiting railroad men here yesterday were David Jennings, general manager of the Hoosac Tunnel Fast Freight Line, at Chicago, and G. A. Blair, commercial agent of the C., M. and St. P., at Cincinnati.

Wanted a Lower Rate.

H. P. Anderson, of New York City, a member of the Executive Committee of the Student Volunteer Movement for Foreign Missions, was here yesterday to try to get more favorable rates than those granted by the Central Passenger Association for the annual convention at Toronto, Canada, from February 26 to March 2. A rate of one fare for the round trip has been granted.

Central Freight Association.

There will be a meeting of the Central Freight Association on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thureday of next week at Chicago. Only routine business is to come up. Several Louisville freight men will attend.

Pays Old Home Visit.

Mr. George F. Sheppard, now chief clerk to G. B. Allen, assistant general passenger agent of the Southern at St. Louis, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Sheppard still calls Louisville home. Until a few months ago he was assistant to Mr. J. G. Boyd, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

Time Cards To Be Discussed.

There will be an important time-card meeting at Atlanta January 5 to arrange Florida schedules, etc. All local general managers will attend.

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BAKING POWDER

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Made from Pure, Grape Cream of Tartar.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

CUBAN RELATIONS

WILL BE DISCUSSED BY GEN. WILSON.

Prominent Two-War Veteran To Be Heard At Board of Trade Friday.

The Board of Trade directors hope to give Maj. Gen. James H. Wilson, who comes to Louisville to speak at Exchange Hall Friday morning at 11:30 o'clock, the welcome and reception a man of his distinction and rank deserves.

Gen. Wilson is to address the citizens of Louisville on "Our Commercial Relations With Cuba and Porto Rico," a subject he handled to such a satisfactory purpose in Boston recently.

While in Louisville Gen. Wilson will be the guest of Gen. John B. Castleman, who served under him during the Spanish-American War. It is understood that Gen. Wilson received several invitations similar to Gen. Castleman's, but declined them because Gen. Castleman's came first.

The Board of Trade meeting will not only be attended by members, but a large representation from the Woman's Club and the local Spanish-American War Veteran' Post, Camp Frank McComb will be present. Mrs. A. P. Humphrey, president of the Woman's Club, accepted on behalf of that organization.

Louisville Legion veterans will be glad to shake Gen. Wilson's hand again. It will be remembered that the noted officer commanded the First army corps in the war with Spain, and to this corps the Legion was assigned.

Gen. Wilson has been in Louisville since the war of 1898, but only a few warm friends knew of it. Graduated from West Point in 1869, Gen. Wilson served during the Civil War. At its close he became a railroad magnate. He was appointed Major General from Delaware in 1898.

DECLARES HE LOCKED HER IN ALL NIGHT.

Mrs. Georgia Applegate Swears Out Warrant Against Benjamin Fultz.

Mrs. Georgia Applegate, of 2616 Read avenue, yesterday morning swore out a warrant against Benjamin Fultz, and Detectives Hickey and Sexton arrested him on the charge of grand larceny.

Mrs. Applegate is twenty-three years old and is a widow. Her story is that she went to spend Sunday with Mrs. Eliza Bradley, who lives on Preston street, between Main and Market. She says that Mrs. Bardley sent her to Geo. C. Fultz & Co.'s liquor store, at 373 West Market street, for a bottle of whisky. She claims that Benjamin Fultz waited on her. He is a clerk in the place. The woman says that Fultz locked the door and compelled her to remain in the store all night. According to her story she slept on a pile of rags, and when she awoke yesterday morning her earrings, valued at $100, were gone.

Fultz denies that he stole the earrings or detained her against her will. He was released on bond.

County Clerk Semonin Qualifies.

County Clerk-elect W. J. Semonin qualified yesterday, being sworn in by Judge Gregory. He gave an unlimited bond with the American Bond and Trust Company of Maryland as surety. Mr. Semonin will go into office January 6.

In the six day bicycle races the pace tells terribly at the end. Man after man falls out exhausted. The victor wabbles wearily over the line. In the business race it's the same. Man after man drops out exhausted. The successful man is often a dyspeptic, unable to enjoy success. When the stomach is diseased there is not enough nutrition assimilated to sustain the body and repair the daily waste of tissues. The result is weakness, tending to collapse.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect assimilation of food by which the body is built up with sound, healthy flesh.

"I have taken one bottle of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for indigestion and liver complaint," writes Mr. C. M. Wilson, of Yerkin College, Davidson Co., N. C. "Have had no bad spells since I commenced taking your medicine—in fact, have not felt like the same man. Before I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' I could not eat anything without awful distress, but now I can eat anything I wish without having unpleasant feelings. Last summer our baby was teething and was so poor he was almost a skeleton. We gave him your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and now he is as healthy and well as any child. I will speak a good word for your medicine whenever I have an opportunity."

© Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure sick headache.

ON ITS MERITS.

STOCKYARDS CASE TO BE TRIED BEFORE JUDGE MILLER.

Judge Burnam, of Court of Appeals, Refused To Dissolve Restraining Order—Rule For Contempt

Judge A. R. Burnam, of the Court of Appeals, yesterday overruled the motion to dissolve the temporary injunction granted the Central Stock Yard Company by Judge Miller to prevent the L. and N. from refusing to deliver cars of live stock consigned for delivery to Central Stock Yards station. This will necessitate the suit being remanded to Judge Miller's court for a trial on the merits of the case.

As an important incident of the case, but independent of Judge Burnam's decision, a contempt rule was issued yesterday by Judge Miller against the L. and N. requiring the road to show cause why it should not be punished for an alleged refusal to obey the temporary injunction recently granted by him.

The temporary injunction was granted November 23, and it required the L. and N. to switch and deliver to the Southern railway in Kentucky all cars of live stock bound for Central Stock Yard station.

It is claimed by the Central Stock Yards Company that Judge Miller's decision required the L. and N. to deliver cars of live stock for delivery at Central Stock Yard station, regardless of who the consignee was. In other words, it was not material whether the consignee was the Central Stock Yards Company, Mr. A, or any one else, at Central Stock Yard station.

The cars consigned to the Central Stock Yards Company, it is said, have been duly switched by the L. and N., but it was stated yesterday that eight or ten cars of live stock arrived in Louisville consigned to other persons at Central Stock Yard station, and that these were delivered by the L. and N. at the Bourbon Stock yards.

Monday is the chief sale-day of live stock, and, consequently, it was of the greatest importance for the Central Stock Yards Company to have all stock consigned for delivery at Central Stock Yard Station delivered yesterday. The result was that some consignees sold their stock at the Bourbon yards.

Soon after the issuing of the contempt rule, the L. and N. switched and delivered the remaining cars to the Southern railway.

The rule is returnable this morning at 10 o'clock before Judge Miller.

WAS THIS A GOOD DINNER?

The New York Tribune gives, in all the seeming barbarity of the old Saxon language, the bill of fare used at the elaborate banquet which took place at Delmonico's recently in connection with the King Alfred millenary celebration. This great King of England died a thousand years ago; the menu does not resemble our modern ones, and only boundless faith in Delmonico's could have emboldened the many distinguished guests to partake of a portion of "Juncate-Eboracum," or of "Swein-Borys-Heb;" in fact, the only recognizable name in the whole list is "Apollinaris," which in a double sense is familiar in millions of mouths, but even that is not a modern word, as good St. Apollinaris died many a century before King Alfred was born.

The unique menu is given as:

Aefen-Mete,
Ostren.
Haf. Browis.
Raedic. Olea. Myrtan.
Hyrsting Solle,
Beore. Braede, Juncate-Eboracum.
Boletus.
Praede-Crustulata. Pisa-Aelfreda.
Sweta-Borys-Heb.
Fugele. Acetaria. Jely.
Juncate-Jlomme. Confytes.
Cyse. Knutti. Fruyta.
Apollinaris. Ater-Potio.

MONEY ORDERS CASHED IN LOUISVILLE.

Arthur Snead Said To Have Mortgaged Another Man's Land and Collected Money.

Investigation at the post-office yesterday developed that Arthur Snead, who is said to have borrowed money on another man's land in Ripley county, Ind., by mortgaging the land to the State, had his money orders cashed here on January 24, 1901. The records show that four money orders for $322.79 were issued to Snead at Versailles, Ind., on January 23, and that they were forwarded to Louisville, where they were paid the following day. One of the orders bore a copy of Snead's signature attached to a piece of paper. So far the local authorities have not been called upon to take any steps in the matter.

NO DANGER OF THE DOUBLE SESSION PLAN.

School Trustees Claim the Action of Last Week Was Not Along That Line.

Members of the School Board state that the adoption of the new rules on last Thursday night, including an extension of the recess periods a total of fifteen minutes, should not be taken as an indication that the board favors the double-session system, or that it is a step in that direction.

It is understood that a majority of the trustees are opposed to two sessions daily since the public has expressed its disapproval of the plan.

JOHNSON WORKED UP

FEARS MOTHER-IN-LAW'S PROPERTY HAS SLIPPED AWAY.

Says She Gave Deed To Man Named Bundy Under Misrepresentations.

A. J. Johnson, of Marysville, Ind., told a strange story in Recorder W. T. Armstrong's office in Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon concerning an alleged scheme to defraud his mother-in-law, Clara E. Skinner, out of her property in Marysville.

Recorder Armstrong received a telephone message early in the day not to record a deed conveying Mrs. Skinner's property to one Bundy. The speaker said he would appear later and explain. A few hours afterward Mr. Johnson arrived with a deed made by Mrs. Skinner, transferring to her daughter, Mary E. Johnson, wife of A. J. Johnson, five lots in the town of Marysville.

The following is Mr. Johnson's story:

"A few weeks ago my mother-in-law, Mrs. Skinner, lost her house and practically all of the furniture as the result of a fire. She carried $300 insurance on the house and a similar amount on the furniture. A man named Bundy came to Marysville and said he had been sent to adjust the loss. He took Mrs. Skinner to North Vernon, saying it was necessary. On the way back to Marysville, Bundy and Mrs. Skinner stopped off at Lexington, Ind., for the purpose, as he explained, of signing receipts. They went before a magistrate and Mrs. Skinner, instead of attaching her signature to the papers she supposed she was going to sign, in reality signed a deed to her property. Then this man gave Mrs. Skinner $150. He came to my house and secured from my children the original deed to Mrs. Skinner's property, which had been left with me for safekeeping."

Johnson has retained J. W. Fortune to proceed against Bundy.

PAROLE FOR AN "ESCAPE."

When Gov. Durbin Heard Circumstances He Threw Paper In Wastebasket.

Gov. Durbin, of Indiana, came very near issuing a parole to a convict, Ralph Rush, supposed to be confined in the Indiana reformatory, but who in reality is a fugitive. While a trusty he walked away several months ago. His whereabouts are, of course, unknown.

The approach of the holiday season brings many applications to the Governor for clemency. It was represented to the Governor that Rush, who had been convicted on a charge of murderous assault, was worthy. The facts were presented in such a forceful way that Secretary Wilson had been instructed to issue a parole. The order was carried out.

Superintendent Hert, of the reformatory, chanced to walk into Gov. Durbin's office, and conversation turned to the case of Rush. When the facts were stated the parole was tossed into the waste basket.

Rush's father was a prosperous farmer of Monroe county, and lived near Bloomington, Ind. When his son got into trouble by beating a man with a brick he offered to spend money to defend the accused, but the boy said he would serve his time, and thus save his parent the money. Several weeks ago the father was found dead. It was believed that he had been murdered. His body was disinterred and it was ascertained that death resulted from a mule's kick.

Rush's sentence was from two to fourteen years, and if he is ever caught his escape will prove costly, inasmuch as he may be kept in confinement for fourteen years if the reformatory officials see fit.

NEW ALBANY.

—County Clerk Scott is confined to his home on the Silver Hills with the grip.

—The Rev. C. N. Eldridge, of Indianapolis, will hold consecration services at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium next Thursday.

—Mrs. Charles Byers and daughter Ruth, of Mt. Vernon, are visiting Capt. and Mrs. D. W. Carpenter, East Third street.

—Mrs. Nora Jenkins, aged twenty years, widow of Louis Jenkins, a veteran of the Civil War, was married yesterday to Joseph Duggins.

—The Married Women's Club of Holy Trinity will give a euchre this afternoon and to-night in the school hall, East Market street, near Seventh.

—Mrs. Herbert Fawcett and her two sons are here from Washington, D. C., to spend several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Atkins, 706 Shelby street.

—Miss Sallie Cade, aged twenty years, died Sunday night at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Cade, 1323 Chartres street, after an illness of several weeks.

—The United States snagboat A. E. Woodruff, which has been employed in the vicinity of this city for several months removing obstructions, left last evening for the upper river.

—The women of this city, who have been employed in sewing for the Quartermaster's Depot, will be paid next Friday from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. for work done in November.

—S. K. Hooper, general passenger agent of the Denver and Rio Grande railway, and Mrs. Hooper, who have been visiting relatives in this city, left yesterday for their home in Denver.

—The body of James Woods, who was killed by a railway train at Hammond, Ind., Saturday, arrived here yesterday, and the funeral will take place this morning from the family residence, 29 Bank street.

—The case of Henry W. Bybee against the Ohio Falls Iron Company, a suit to recover damages for personal injuries, was tried in the Floyd Circuit Court yesterday and given the jury at the adjournment.

—The funeral of Miss Catherine Herley took place yesterday morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church. The Rev. Father Kenny, assistant priest of the parish, conducted the services and the burial was in the cemetery on the Green Valley road.

—Luke Lewis, an old resident of the city, was stricken with paralysis while standing on the river bank instructing several boys as to the proper method of building a flat boat, and last evening his condition was so serious that it was feared he would not recover.

—In order to fill a large contract recently received from Porto Rico for boilers and other machinery, the M. Zier Company is compelled to operate the factory, at Oak and Pearl streets, continuously, and yesterday three shifts of men were put on, each working eight hours.

—Bonnie Carroll, aged twelve years, who has been wanted since last June on the charge of stealing a lot of copper wire from the Highland Railway Company, was captured yesterday by Patrolman Courtney. The boy has been in town ever since the warrant was issued, over six months ago, but has managed to dodge the police.

—At the meeting held in Culbertson-avenue Baptist church Sunday night, $600 was raised among the members to be applied to the payment of the indebtedness on the church building, leaving a balance of only $50 remaining. After the services the pastor, the Rev. D. B. Rickard, administered the ordinance of baptism to two recent converts.

—Peter Carney, who killed George Payton at a picnic near Elizabeth, Harrison county, a few years ago and evaded arrest for some time, has been paroled from the State's prison, after having served two years. He was convicted in the Circuit Court here of manslaughter, the case having been brought from Harrison county on a change of venue, and he was given an indeterminate sentence of from two to fourteen years.

—James W. Jenner has been granted a decree of divorce in the Floyd Circuit Court from Maud M. Jenner, on proof of incompatibility, the suit having been filed several months ago. They were married under the most happy conditions six years ago. Mrs. Jenner, who has been visiting relatives in California for the last six months, will file a petition as soon as practicable, it is said, asking for the restoration of her maiden name, Maud M. Roy.

—An agreement has been made by the independent iron companies of the country to close down one week this month. In accordance with this arrangement the Ohio Falls Iron Works, of this city, will shut down Christmas week, being the first stoppage, except for repairs or when the scale of wages was being fixed, since the mill began operations, over two years ago. This stoppage is made for the purpose of allowing the railroad companies to catch up with their shipping contracts, as at present the mills cannot secure a sufficient number of cars to carry away the finished iron.

—George Borgerding and Robert W. Morris, the Floyd county members of the committee appointed by Gov. Durbin to receive funds for the McKinley monument, have designated the following places where contributions may be left: Z. T. Graham, East Main street, between Fifth and Sixth; the three banks of the city; money order department of the post-office; John A. Ziegelbauer, East Fourth and Market; A. K. Hoover, East Fourth and Spring; Charles Callehan, East Ninth and Spring; Bruno Knoefel, East Spring and Fifteenth; Eugene Pierle, Vincennes and Elm; Frank Miller, Vincennes and Oak; F. R. Hardy, Vincennes and Culbertson avenue; Ollie Owens, Vincennes street, near Beeler. A subscription blank will be left at each of the places named, and all contributors will receive a memento from the national association.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Miss Duffy, of Cincinnati, is a guest of the Misses Duffy.

—D. M. Kelly has been granted a divorce from Martha A. Kelly.

—Mrs. C. L. A. Johnson will entertain the Evening Euchre Club Thursday.

—Mrs. P. W. Hardin will be hostess today for the Afternoon Euchre Club.

—Mrs. M. Z. Stannard was hostess yesterday for the Current Events Club.

—Thieves made an unsuccessful attempt to enter Frank Horlander's home on North Walnut street.

—Preston West, the turfman, is rallying from an operation performed at St. Joseph's Infirmary for appendicitis.

—The Daughters of the American Revolution will hold a meeting this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Charles E. Poindexter.

—John W. Broy informed Patrolman Wall yesterday that while asleep in his boarding-house he was robbed of a pocket-book containing $565. He also lost several pieces of jewelry.

—Judge Marsh made an entry in the Circuit Court yesterday regarding Dr. Kasterdine's employment to analyze the stomach of Charles Goodman, the tramp supposed to have been murdered by Newell C. Rathbun. This was for the purpose of making the record complete.

—John Dunn is in a serious condition at the Deaconess Hospital as the result of having accidentally shot away part of his face and head. The man is exhibiting wonderful nerve, and this may assist in saving his life. His bride of two weeks is prostrated. She was a Miss Bertha Lentz, of Ulen.

—George Clark was before Magistrate Hause yesterday on the charge of wife-beating. He was fined $9.50. The trouble came about through a request of the wife for a dime. She testified that her husband struck her with his fist, then with a chair, and threatened to use an ax. This he denied, and his grandmother, Mrs. Gill, substantiated his testimony, but the court believed Clark's wife.

—The Rev. J. B. Butler, of Morton Chapel, will conduct the funeral of Mrs. Elias Long to-day, and the body will be interred at Charlestown. Mrs. Long was a Miss Letitia D. Johnson. She was born October 12, 1813, at Lexington, Ky. Her marriage to Elias Long was on October 1, 1829. He died February 25, 1868, since which time she had lived in Jeffersonville. Four of her eleven children survive, as follows: Mrs. W. F. Carr and Charles Long, of this city; Mrs. Victor Leseure, of Danville, Ill.; W. H. Long, Sr., of Philadelphia.

—Patrolmen Mike A. Wall and Sam Summers arrested Jacob Gentry, colored, yesterday afternoon on the charge of having robbed the house of Marcus Brookbank. He had been employed there. Last Saturday evening the police were notified that some silverware had been stolen, and Wall and Summers were assigned to the case. Gentry, who is twenty-two years old, was found at his home, Chestnut and Graham streets. At the police station he admitted to Sergt. Kendall and Officer Clegg that he had stolen the property, but while crossing the river had thrown the plunder overboard. Patrolman Wall thinks Gentry is responsible for many thefts that have been committed here at different times.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

CIRCUMSTANCE

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell's Latest Novel.

The author prefaces his book with these words:

"On a hilltop of an island endeared to me by many memories, the ocean wind has permanently bent pine, fir, and spruce.

"Here and there a single tree remains upright,—stanchly refusing to record the effect of circumstance on character."

Mrs. Hunter is the blast that sweeps over the little Philadelphia colony, and the effect of the storm is what the author has described. Though he has made his trees individual ones, the chief interest lies in the current which suddenly descends upon them.

500 pages, cloth, $1.50.

The Century Co.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE TRANSFERRED TO-DAY.

Maj. Ruffner Takes Charge and Capt. Sibert Goes To Pittsburg On Important Work.

The United States District Engineer's office will be transferred to-day from Capt. William Sibert to Maj. E. H. Ruffner, of Cincinnati. The office in the future will be under the jurisdiction of the Cincinnati office, and Maj. Ruffner will remain in charge temporarily. Just who will be placed in charge is not known, but it is not thought the office will be abolished.

Capt. Sibert will go to Pittsburg tomorrow, where he has been placed in charge of some important work being done on the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. He has been stationed here about eighteen months, and has made an excellent record, and has completed all the work on the local harbors authorized by the Government.

Grocers Make Low Estimates.

A number of retail grocers appeared before the Board of Equalization at its sitting yesterday in response to an order to show why their assessments should not be increased. In the opinion of the board, the schedules sent in by many of the grocers were entirely too low, and increases will be made.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

In spite of hundreds of letters written to tell why Gilbert Parker's Right of Way is the best selling novel in the U. S., we don't know yet just why. Why did you buy it? One man said he didn't! ? We shall tabulate these fine letters soon.

Harper & Brothers, N. Y.

DEATHS.

CLARK—Mrs. Ann Clark, at 8 a. m., December 9, at her late residence, 2213 High avenue, in her 64th year.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

DUERR—At 9:15 o'clock Monday evening, December 9, 1901, Sebastian William Duerr, infant son of Edward and Sophia Duerr, at the residence, 720 West Jefferson street.
Funeral from residence Tuesday afternoon, December 10, at 2 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis Cemetery. Private.

PARSONS—Isobel Gilbert, only daughter of Leslie G. and Fannie Parsons, aged 7 months.
Funeral from residence, 1929 West Jefferson street, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

RAGGIO—At 12 o'clock noon, Monday, December 9, 1901, Louise A. Raggio, infant child of Capt. William J. and Sallie Raggio, at the family residence, 808 Twenty-third street.
Funeral from the residence at 10 o'clock, Tuesday morning, December 10. Burial private. Interment in St. Louis cemetery.

SCHULTZ—Edward E. Schultz, at 12:50 p. m., December 9, in his 57th year, at his residence, 645 West Market street.
Due notice of funeral will be given.

TINDELL—At Paducah, Ky., Sunday morning, December 8, 1901, at 7:55 o'clock, Walter B. Tindell.
Funeral from the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. Z. T. Underwood, 1707 West Jefferson street, Wednesday morning, December 11, at 8:45 o'clock, and from St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery.

MEETINGS.

DeMolay Commandery, No. 12, K. T., will meet in asylum in stated conclave this (Tuesday) evening, December 10, 1901, at 7:30 o'clock.
Members of Louisville Commandery, No. 1, K. T., and sojourning Sir Knights are requested to attend. By order of
JOHN L. ADAMS, Commander.
PHIL T. ALLIN, Recorder.

UNDERTAKERS.

Removed. Gran W. Smith's Sons
FUNERAL DIRECTORS, have moved to S. W. Cor. Seventh and Walnut.
Chapel for use of patrons. Tel. 810.

RAILROAD.

AND HER
Famous Winter Resorts
Best reached from ST. LOUIS and Memphis via the
IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.
ELEGANT THROUGH SERVICE.
3—DAILY TRAINS—3
For further information, write
H. C. TOWNSEND,
Gen'l Pass'r and Tkt. Agt., St. Louis.

R. T. G. MATTHEWS, G. P. A.,
Room 36 American National Bank, Louisville, Ky

MISCELLANEOUS.

To Whom It May Concern.

Know all men by these presents, that the owners of the majority of the stock in the Jefferson Turnpike Company have consented in writing to the dissolution of the company, the closing of its business and the winding up of its affairs. All persons having claims against the Jefferson Turnpike Company are notified to present the same at the company's office, 425 West Main street, Louisville, Ky., for payment.
(Signed) W. B. LYND,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Don't Neglect Rupture.

Special to The Times.
"Hopkinsville, Ky., Sept. 26.—A prominent Bennettsville farmer died last night from the effects of an operation performed for hernia. He was fifty years old, and is survived by a widow and three children. He was a native of Virginia."
Delays are dangerous—Every day the death record shows a new case of death from HERNIA. A cure painless, positive and permanent is guaranteed without cutting, pain or detention from business, or we GUARANTEE ABSOLUTELY to hold your rupture with OUR TRUSS under all conditions or no charge. Examination and circulars free. DR. M. H. BROWN, Courier-Journal Office Building.

Notice To Toy Inventors.

Any one having any patentable toys or original ideas of any description of toys, can interest Mose Cohen & Co., of Dayton, O., by sending models or sketches to them at once.

LODGE NOTICE.

Lodges contemplating change of place of meeting are invited to inquire at Music Hall for open dates for lodge meetings.

Get the best, which is Wintersmith's Chill Tonic.

PIANOS

An Opportunity

FOR PIANO PURCHASERS. Slightly used pianos at almost nominal prices. This month you will find a rare opportunity at D. H. BALDWIN & CO.'S to purchase a piano at a very close price. One hundred instruments from which to select. Every piano a tempting bargain. Odd styles from $25.00 upward. Buy this month and save $50. Sheet music, musical merchandise, graphophones and graphophone supplies at lowest prices. Now at our new store, 529-531 Fourth avenue, between Green and Walnut.

D. H. Baldwin & Co.

PHONOGRAPHS, ETC.

Appropriate Xmas Presents.

An Edison Phonograph and a nice assortment of Records, a Symphonion Music Box, a Violin, Mandolin or Guitar. All these may be found in endless variety in our immense stock.
We invite you to come and hear the beautiful "ANGELUS." By the aid of the Angelus the most classical music as well as simplest may be rendered by any one who does not know a note of music and with all the expression of an artist.
The Angelus is more than a piano player. It is piano, organ and orchestra all combined.

The Ray Co. 640 4th av.

INSURANCE.

This Is Good Weather

for life insurance, because slush and snow bring on colds and pneumonia, and strong, healthy men get sick and die quickly. Your friend, for instance, who had no life insurance, and left his family in such a bad fix. Will you heed the warning? Investigate the new Perfection Policy or the 3 per cent. Gold Endowment Bond of the

Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Kentucky,

Home Office: Fifth and Market.

ELECTRIC LIGHTERS.

ELECTRIC GAS LIGHTERS
Something entirely new. Does away with the danger and trouble of using matches for lighting gas stoves, ranges, etc. Ever ready; never fails; cheap enough for everybody to use. No family—especially where there are children—should be without one.

JAS. CLARK, JR., & CO., 313 W. Main

PIANOLA.

THE PIANOLA
THE STANDARD PIANO PLAYER.

Over 10,000 selections in present catalogue. Accompaniments for voice, violin, etc., etc. Music Circulating Library. The merely curious as welcome as the purchaser.

"Under no circumstances would we part with the Pianola, could we not purchase another."

"Without exception the very best investment I have ever made was the $250 I put into my Pianola. If it could not be replaced, $1,000 would not buy it. It has transformed a purely ornamental piece of furniture into the most used and best appreciated source of enjoyment in my house."

The above excerpts from letters which have been received are representative. The names are omitted through courtesy, but the original letters will be gaildy shown to any one desiring to see them.

THE AEOLIAN CO.
SMITH & NIXON CO.
622-624 4th Ave., Louisville, Ky.
STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

FINE CHINA PLATES.

BIG CUT ON
Fine China Plates,
Bouillon Cups and Saucers.

ATTENTION:
We will allow from
10 to 15 per cent. discount
From the regular prices on all our Wedgwood, Minton, Cauldron, Jones, Foley, Coalport and Haviland plates, etc. These wares are the handsomest obtainable and this discount is a great chance for Christmas shoppers.

J. Dolfinger & Co. 584 4th AVE. NEAR WALNUT.

MOORE'S AIR-TIGHT HEATER and HOT-BLAST FLORENCE.

Two of the best stoves on earth. Burn the smoke and gases. Save fuel, reducing your coal bills. Good fire-keepers. Perfect floor-warmers. Will keep you warm. Fire sale cook stoves.
WILLIAM RITCHER & CO
Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen Goods.
326 Market, bet. 3d and 4th

MME. BUSH—HAIR STORE
Graduate of New York School of Dermatology.
513 FOURTH AVENUE.
Courier-Journal Office Building.

THE PROPER THING

BECC'S BEST.
And a rare old Scotch Liqueur it is, too. What would your friends appreciate more for a holiday gift than a bottle of Royal Lochnagar Scotch Whisky, the favorite liqueur of the royal palaces —$1.25 and $1.75 a bottle; $14.00 and $18.50 a dozen.

Mammoth Grocery Co.
Sole Agents for Kentucky, Louisville, Ky
Sample and souvenir book for the asking

OPTICIANS.

The New Artificial Eye
Most perfect ever made. Natural expression, and movement in perfect harmony with the natural eye. We are specialists of wide experience in FITTING; and with our large stock of eyes are able to obtain the most perfect results.

HOTELS.

THE
WAVERLEY HOTEL
Walnut st., Bet. Sixth and Seventh.

$2 PER DAY.

Special Rates to Permanent Boarders.

This is the best Kneader on earth. We sell it to you at wholesale. We pay the freight.
Write to us today for terms and prices.
THE F. H. JACKSON CO., Winchester, Ky

100 more Yoke Coats arrived yesterday—

Most everybody's wearing yokes—and everybody that isn't is going to. Another hundred came in yesterday to sell at

$7.50 and $10

That's enough to make a few men happy. Stylish and warm. Everything is gray, tho' of different shades—made with vertical pockets, turn-back cuffs, velvet collars. The ox says "There's nothing new about yokes—I've worn them all my life." $2.50 to $3.50 saved by buying these coats, 'cause other merchants ask $10 and $13.50 for their equal.

Loeonhart's

3d and Market

RIOT AT A FIGHT.

Crowd Breaks Into Ring In London When McKeever and Palmer Box.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, Dec. 9.—Charles McKeever, of Philadelphia, and "Jack" Palmer met here to-night in what was to have been a fifteen-round bout for a purse of £350. McKeever weighed 148 and Palmer 166 pounds. Palmer fouled repeatedly during the first round, McKeever clearly outclassing him. At the beginning of the second round the crowd broke into the ring and a general fight ensued. The referee, after declaring the fight "no contest," made his escape.

What London Papers Say.

London, Dec. 10.—The sporting papers this morning describe last night's fight between "Charley" McKeever and "Jack" Palmer as a disgraceful fiasco. They say that both Palmer and McKeever continually infringed the rules and ignored the warnings of the referee. They indulged in what Sporting Life calls "a regular Western barroom scrap." Finally the referee stopped the fight. The police jumped on the stage and threatened both pugilists with arrest. A scene of pandemonium followed.

McCoy Hot After O'Brien.

"Kid" McCoy writes as follows to an English sporting paper:

"At the solicitation of some East End sporting men, to whom many American boxers and athletes are indebted for many kindnesses and favors, I have been induced to appear at a special boxing entertainment at Wonderland next Monday night. I have agreed to box any two heavyweights in this country four rounds each, and I have no choice whom they shall be, but I want the best.

"Through the exactions and promises (not fulfilled) of Jack O'Brien, I have withheld a statement relative to a match with him. I learn that he proposes to further avoid a meeting with me after his coming great (?) contest with 'Yank' Kenny by jumping over to the United States. To help him out financially, I will agree to give Jack O'Brien £50 if he will box me four rounds at Wonderland next Monday night. This offer goes, irrespective of what the result of the four rounds may be, and £50 is certainly good pay for a little over or ten minutes' work. If Jack O'Brien thinks well of my generosity all he need do is to post a £25 forfeit. I will post my £50, to be paid him if he will enter the ring with me.

"My other offer is £20 to Ben Taylor to box me four rounds the same night, either before or after I box O'Brien. This proposition to Ben Taylor holds until 9 o'clock next Monday night."

Sutton Beats Slosson.

New York, Dec. 9.—The surprise of the international billiard tournament occurred to-day in the afternoon game between George Sutton, of Chicago, and George Slosson, of New York. Slosson, having won the bank, failed to score at the start, and Sutton, by careful nursing and open table play, ran up 39 points. He followed this up by scores of 16, 22, 45, 20, 50 and 38, while Slosson was unable to make any double figures. At the conclusion of the seventh inning the score stood 230 in 25 in Sutton's favor. From this point to the end of the game Slosson had no chance of winning, although he played desperately. Sutton won the game in an unfinished run of 34 in his twenty-ninth inning. Following are the scores:

Sutton—Total 400. High Runs—64, 50, 45, 38, 34. Average 13 23-29.

Slosson—Total 136. High Runs—15, 11, 11, 10. Average 4 20-29.

The game in the evening, which was between Schaeffer, of Chicago, and Barutel, of France, was a very swift one. Schaeffer, after his three days' rest, was in fine form, and his nursing of the balls was equal to any of his best previous performances. In open table play he showed wonderful dexterity. Barutel, while badly beaten, played a first-class game.

Schaeffer will play Morningstar to-morrow afternoon, and in the evening he will meet his old adversary, George F. Slosson, of this city.

Score of evening game: Schaeffer, total, 400; high runs 54, 51, 46, 36; average, 12 16-32. Barutel, total, 203; high runs 26, 14, 14, 12; average, 6 17-31.

Miller Signs With Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 9.—Ralph Miller, one of the crack pitchers of the Eastern League last season, has been signed by Indianapolis. Miller was with Baltimore in 1897 and 1898. He was then transferred to Brooklyn with the remainder of the Orioles' stars. He was sold afterward to Hartford and later obtained his release.

Prelim. To Hart-Hanrahan Go.

Henry Luthy, the Clifton "cyclone," is to meet George Schuh in the preliminary to the Hanrahan-Hart go at Buckley's Auditorium next Tuesday evening. Luthy expects to give Schuh a good trimming. The bout ought to be interesting.

Gardner Knocks Out Kanell.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 9.—Gus Gardner, of Philadelphia, to-night knocked out Roxy Kanell, of Buffalo, in the third round before the Abbey Athletic Club, of this city.

Number of Students Decreasing.

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 9.—A striking feature of the theological seminary catalogue which will be issued in two weeks, is the falling off in the enrollment as compared with previous years. The number of students now is 133, or twenty-three less than last year. The Rev. Dr. Warfield said that a decline in enrollment was noticeable in practically all the Presbyterian seminaries of the United States.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD — MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL VALLEY ROUTE

Free Reclining Chair Cars

To Memphis and New Orleans.

Two Fast Trains Daily.

Dining Cars on all Through Trains.

FOUR FAVORITES FINISH IN FRONT

Cathedral and Leenja Are the Only First Choices To Fail.

NEW ORLEANS TRACK HEAVY.

Favorites Have a Bad Day of It At the San Francisco Track.

CARDS FOR THIS AFTERNOON.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 9.—Favorites here fare better on a heavy track, and four finished first to-day, Cathedral and Leenja being the only ones beaten. The betting was liberal, particularly in the last race, where Frank Ireland and Jim W. shared public support with the winner. Yesterday's rains made the track heavy. Summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs: Frank Kenny, 110 (Landry), 3 to 2, won; W. H. Dixon, 107 (Lyons), 20 to 1, second; Handsqueeze, 111 (Coburn), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:18. Carlovingian, Infallible, Sigma Nu, Frank Johnson, Easter Time, Carasaljo and Kate Ayres also ran.

Second Race—Selling; six furlongs: Tom Collins, 115 (Dominick), 2 to 5, won; Little Jack Horner, 107 (Slack), 8 to 1, second; Sad Sam, 104 (Blake), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:18⅘. Semicolon, Olea and Fannie Maud also ran.

Third Race—Selling; mile and sixteenth: Banish, 102 (T. Dean), even, won; Irving Mayer, 100 (Gormley), 20 to 1, second; Judge Steadman, 105½ (Dominick), 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:53. Little Elkin, Syncopated Sandy, Fairy Day and Mr. Pomeroy also ran.

Fourth Race—Selling; six and a half furlongs: Elsie Bramble, 109 (Coburn), 3 to 1, won; Small Jack, 97 (Creamer), 10 to 1, second; Aaron, 107 (Blake), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:25. Cathedral, Flop, Amoroso, Birdie Stone, Prestome, Newberger, Olekma, Moroni and Agitator also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling; seven furlongs: Marcos, 111 (J. Winkfield), 5 to 1, won; King Tatius, 99 (Nutt), 9 to 2, second; Lingo, 97 (Rice), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:32⅘. Ben Hullum, Leenja, All About, Siah, Netherland and Kentucky Muddle also ran.

Sixth Race—Mile: Eugenia S., 96 (Earl), 3 to 1, won; Major Mansir, 96½ (Dade), 20 to 1, second; Dandy H., 99 (Cochran), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:48. Frank Ireland, Jim W., Phidias, King Elkwood, Joe Gammage, Easter Lily, Monmouth Boy and Lady Ezell also ran.

To-day's New Orleans Entries.

First Race—Six and one-half furlongs: Broodler, Meme Wastell, Santa Teresa, 88; Pyrrho, 91; The Widow, 92; Puryear, 95; Masterful, Pirate's Queen, Hutch Miller, Princess Mal, 103; Choice, Dr. Carrick, 106.

Second Race—Selling; three-year-olds; mile and sixteenth: Fleetwing, Bean, Joe Collins, 91; Woodstick, 94; Kingstelle, Sargagano, Lizzie A., Patchwork, 96; Zack Phelps, 97; Arak, 102; Fiederich, 103; Dalkeith, 104.

Third Race—Selling; four-year-olds and upwards; mile and an eighth: Helen Paxton, 101; Banish, Swordsman, 106; Judge Steadman, 107; Prince Blazes, 109; Woodtrice, 110.

Fourth Race—Two-year-olds; handicap; six furlongs: Circus, 92; J. Sameison, Col. Stone, Forfillon, 98; The Boston, 102; Serpent, 105; Siphon, 106; Kaloma, Lou Woods, 110.

Fifth Race—Three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs: Prairie Dog, Sad Sam, Palarm, Quite Right, 97; Echodale, Blue Lick, 100; Alpaca, 102; Fleuron, 104; Dissolute, Brave Lad, 105; Bummer, 109; Royal Sterling, 111.

Sixth Race—Three-year-olds and upward; mile: Ida Penzance, 91; Fake, 94; Judge Magee, Utero, Eva Rice, Jena, Elghor, Hop Scotch, Waterhouse, Albert Lee, 97; Cathedral, Joe Doughty, 100.

THE RESULTS AT OAKLAND.

Close Finishes, With Four Favorites Beaten, Mark the Sport.

San Francisco, Dec. 9.—Close finishes and the defeat of four favorites marked the sport at Oakland to-day. Native and Orleans were the only first choices to reward their backers. Doublet gained a victory over a good field in the fourth event. Imp. Royal Flush beat Frank Bell for the place. The trio were necks apart. John Peters was heavily played in the two-year-old event, but he was led past the judges by St. Sever. The latter was entered for $600 and Tom Ryan bid him up to $1,000. Dr. Rowell retained the gelding. Weather cloudy and track heavy. Summaries:

First Race—Three-fourths of a mile: selling: Native, 112 (L. Jackson), 7 to 5, won; Torsina, 107 (Buchanan), 5 to 1, second; Fridolin, 102 (Winslett), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:17. Vantine, St. Anthony, Misston and Clarendo also ran.

Second Race—Five-eighths of a mile: selling; for two-year-olds: St. Sever, 107 (Mathews), 3 to 1, won; John Peters, 100 (J. Woods), 2 to 1, second; Dr. Scharff, 108 (Mounce), 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:03. Nonie, Evander, Legal Maxim, Bragg and Snowberry also ran.

Third Race—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling: Herculean, 111 (Bullman), 7 to 5, won; Galanthus, 102 (J. Daly), even, second; Darlene, 96 (Jackson), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:54⅘. Bonnie Lassak and Windward also ran.

Fourth Race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: purse: Doublet, 112 (Mounce), 4 to 1, won; Imp, Royal Flush, 110 (O'Connor), 4 to 1, second; Frank Bell, 112 (J. Woods), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:09. May W., Novia, Captivate, Beau Ormonde and Pompino also ran.

Fifth Race—One mile; selling; Orleans, 103 (O'Neill), 2 to 1, won; Plohn, 112 (O'Connor), 3 to 1, second; Bangor, 115 (Spencer), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:45¾. Tony Lepping and Hohenlohe also ran.

Sixth Race—Seven-eighths of a mile; selling; Commonwealth, Attorney, 115 (Mathews), 4 to 1, won; Malaise, 119 (J. McCarthy), 4 to 1, second; Sidelong, 119 (Prior), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:32. Favorite, Go Out, Tom Tinker, John Welsh, Romany, Whaleback, Mazo and Dioned also ran.

To-days' Oakland Entries.

First Race—Futurity course; for maiden two-year-olds: Montana, Purese, Elbano, Bassezo, The Maniac, 115; Meteoro, 107; King's Herald, 117; Rosarie, Schwarzwald, Wandering Boy, Angeleno, 110; Jim Roberts, Discovery, 118.

Second Race—Six furlongs; selling; Racetoo, 101; Miss Mae Day, Our Lizzie, 99; Floronso, 106; King Dellis, 108; Fitzkanet, 105.

Third Race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile; selling: Rosy Cross, Landseer, Flo Culver, Matin Bell, 115; Sir Lewis, Commissioner Forster, 118.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs; selling: John McGurk, Eonic, 107; Wyoming, 112; Bellock, 109.

Fifth Race—Selling; one mile: Rasp, El Rey, 98; Free Lance, Go Out, 110; Torsina, Burdock, Whalehack, Alicia, Red Waid, Canejo, 107.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs: Bedner, 105; Hungarian, Ben Ledi, Alfred C., 110; Kalos, Artilla, Midnight Chimes, 107; Censor, 102; Flamero, King's Pal, 104; Princess Titania, Nellie Forest, 99.

BOOKMAKERS DECAMP.

J. J. Wallace & Co., of New Orleans, Leave a Number of Uncashed Tickets.

New Orleans, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—J. J. Wallace & Co., bookmakers and operators of a poolroom in this city, have gone, leaving a number of bettors to mourn their departure who had failed to cash their tickets. The firm consisted of four members as follows: Fowler, of Lowell, Mass.; Grant, of Atlanta, and the other two, Wallace and Kapplin, of Dallas, Tex. They gave bigger odds than any poolroom in town. It is generally believed that the failure was not due to any criminal intent to defraud, but to bad and inexperienced judgment. The firm has been losing since the opening of the winter races, and was very hard hit Saturday. They are thought to have gone to Texas.

NEW ORLEANS JOCKEYS.

Most of the Good Boys Are Developed During the Winter Meeting.

FOR many years New Orleans has proved a species of kindergarten in the jockey world. Most of the third and fourth-rate boys gravitate there and to California, and these have generally found themselves severely pushed by some new lightweight, whose head is still of a normal size, even if the said lightweight has not surpassed them. A glance at the records shows how frequently this has been done.

The medium boys from the metropolitan tracks, rather naturally, feel they are the center of the stage. They take liberties, get careless, and, in other years, before they know where they are, some new boy has caught the public eye, as Cochrane did last year in the third week at New Orleans, and to their intense disgust, they are pushed aside, and no longer get the cream of the mounts, as they had anticipated.

Thus New Orleans is the graveyard of reputations, as well as the birthplace.

The average jockey of to-day is such an unmitigated pin head that it really seems little use to show plainly to them the immense advantages and rewards which lie within the grasp of almost any well-behaved, consistent boy of even medium ability. A second's thought will render them apparent without recapitulation here.

There is a very great demand for good, honest boys, who will attend to their business as a business. Who will try to obey and fulfill orders. Who will quit playing the fool at all times and in all places, but who will go to the post in every race with his mind focused on the one point of doing the very best he can to meet the wishes of his employer. That is all there is to it. The task is not such a wonderfully difficult one, and any boy whose head is graded at all on a normal level can easily handle it. Whether any will be found this season is a question yet down for future decision. Other years have produced one, sometimes two, boys of promise, but they have been evanescent; they won their way to the metropolitan tracks, the first step to real fame and tangible fortune, and then slipped back further than the original point from which they started. In other words, they failed to make good. As to the winter of 1901-1902, what will the harvest be?—[Spirit of the Times.

MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION DENOUNCES CHARITY BALL

Promoters, However, Will Give It For Paducah's Poor and Are Selling Tickets Rapidly.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The Ministerial Association met this morning and adopted a resolution denouncing the charity ball to be given by the Civic Federation of Women's Clubs at the Kentucky Theater next Thursday evening. The resolution was as follows:

The care of the poor is the sacred duty of the whole community. This duty our community has heretofore sought to discharge through appropriations from the city and county governments, supplemented by private charity and the relief funds of the churches. If the amount thus realized is not sufficient, and some method must be adopted to increase it, it should be a method acceptable to the whole community. That those who have devised a charity ball for next Thursday night are honest in their desire to help the poor, we do not doubt, but the propriety of the means adopted we very much doubt. In addition to the fact that the history of charity balls has proven them to be always and everywhere demoralizing, it is an expedient which completely debars a large and earnest section of the community from co-operating in a work which is the sacred duty of the whole community. Thousands of Christian people in this city must stand aloof from this effort to help the poor or violate their convictions of what is right and best. In view of these facts, we feel that it is our duty to the community to say that we are conscientiously opposed to any such method of raising funds for the poor.

The ministers' action was a big surprise and created quite a sensation among the promoters. The committee in charge of the ball met soon after the ministers' meeting and decided they had gone too far with the arrangements to give up the undertaking, and will give the ball. They were not aware that the ministers would denounce the ball, as one was given last winter and they made no objection. They went into the ball with the purest motives in response to the needs of the city's destitute and because the city treasury was not in a condition to meet the necessity. The opposition of the ministers will not have much material effect. The tickets are selling rapidly.

ANOTHER RIOT OCCURS AS RESULT OF SCRANTON STRIKE

Officers Attempt To Arrest a Man and Are Fired On By Sympathizers, Three of Whom Are Wounded.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 9.—The most serious of the many riots which have occurred here during the street car strike happened to-day. Special Officer Frank Schoffield, accompanied by Detective Cosgrove, whose head was cut in Sunday night's riot, went to the scene of the disturbance to apprehend any one the detective might be able to identify as having been among his assailants. They attempted to arrest a man in a saloon, but no sooner was the warrant shown than a crowd of miners attacked them with clubs, drills and bottles. They retreated backward, protecting themselves with drawn revolvers, when some one in the mob fired two shots. The officers and a nonunion motorman who accompanied them emptied their revolvers, thereby scattering the mob, and then ran. The mob kept up a steady fire from places of concealment. Three members of the mob were shot, but their wounds are not serious. Schoffield is a striking conductor. He is serving as a special officer in Magistrate Miller's court to fill in time until the strike shall be settled. Magistrate Miller says that he will have the warrants served if he has to send the whole police force to back up his officer.

PEACE ON THE TURF HORIZON

Western Jockey Club Admits St. Louis Tracks to Membership.

CELLA ELECTED A STEWARD.

Real Fight of the Meeting Begins To-day Over Selection of Chicago Dates.

LOCAL END OF THE MATTER.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the Western Jockey Club held here to-day was notable for the entrance of the outlawed St. Louis tracks into the organization and a general cleansing of the racing atmosphere of strife and bickerings.

By the admission of the St. Louis tracks the Western Jockey Club becomes sole arbiter of the fortunes of the game in the West. It has swept aside all opposition, and is now in a better position than ever before to force all Western racing associations into its fold.

Angelo S. Cella, the head and front of the St. Louis opposition, was chosen a steward for the ensuing two years to succeed Robert Auil, who left the board when he lost the Fair Grounds track. Mr. Cella will represent the Adler-Tilles combination, which now controls both the St. Louis Fair Association track and Delmar.

Valle Reyburn, of St. Louis, was elected to membership in the club, and M. Nathanson and C. S. Bush will serve on the Board of Stewards for two years with Mr. Cella.

By the terms of the reconciliation the meetings of the St. Louis track become recognized meetings of the Western Jockey Club.

The fight of the meeting begins to-morrow, when the Board of Stewards meets to consider the local schedule for next season. The Worth track is after choice dates, and is likely to be opposed by Richard Fitzgerald, of Hawthorne, who is opposed to John Condon, who controls Harlem and Lakeside and owns a working interest in Worth. Ed Corrigan's early return from England is taken to mean that the old "Master of Hawthorne" is here to assist Fitzgerald in the affray.

It is believed that Lakeside will capture both the opening and closing dates as heretofore. Washington Park is conceded its usual twenty-five days of racing, beginning on Derby day, June 21.

Those who are present at the meeting to-day are: L. A. Young, Washington Park; George G. Perkins, Latonia; M. Nathanson, Harlem; C. S. Bush, New Orleans; R. Fitzgerald, Hawthorne; W. F. Schulte, Louisville, and S. R. Montgomery, Memphis.

LOUISVILLE END OF IT.

Local Turfman Thinks Turf War Is Ended—About the Meetings.

Upon being told of what had transpired at Chicago a prominent local turfman said last night:

"This will practically end the race-track war that has waged bitterly in the West all the year, and should put all the horses, owners and jockeys that took part in the racing on the Turf Congress tracks on an equal footing with those that raced with the Western Jocke Club people. It seems as if the Delmar and Fair Grounds tracks at St. Louis, which are owned by the firm of Adler, Cella & Tilles, and which were the main support of the Turf Congress, dictated their own terms to the Western Jockey Club and forced their admission into the stronger organization; at least they succeeded in placing A. S. Cella, the St. Louis turf magnate, one of the three, as a member of the Board of Stewards to act for two years, the other two stewards being C. S. Bush, of New Orleans, and M. Nathanson, of Chicago. It is practically certain now that Nathanson, of Chicago, will not be strong enough to rule with an iron hand, as he and his co-partners did this year in the way of dates.

"The effect this will have on the two Louisville racing associations remains to be seen. Of course, the New Louisville Jockey Club, being an original member of the Western Jockey Club, will naturally have the best of it when it comes to dates, etc., but it is rumored by one in position to know that the Douglas Park people will hold a spring and fall meeting regardless of the Western Jockey Club, as they will form a circuit with Nashville, Newport and the Canadian tracks.

"It was a promise of Capt. Tilles, one of the owners of the St. Louis tracks, in Louisville recently, that he would protect every owner and horse that raced on the St. Louis tracks this summer, and that he would not agree to join the Western Jockey Club unless everybody was placed on an equal footing with the owners and horses that were loyal to the organization this year. It appears that the St. Louis people were strong enough to dictate terms, and Capt. Tilles has probably made good his promise.

"It is probable that Little Rock, Nashville, Douglas Park and Newport, while they may not be admitted to membership and allowed a vote in the body, will be recognized by the parent body and allotted dates. In the event they are not there is no question that they will race, as it will be no bar to race on any Eastern track, as they do not recognize any other body, and no Western owner, jockey or horse that has not been guilty of any indiscretions is barred from racing on Eastern tracks."

New Boxing Club In the Field.

The "old reliable" Louisville Athletic Club will once more enter the fistic field, after an absence of about two years, and will have for its first attraction a contest between Jack Root and one of the best middleweights in the country. This bout will take place about the first of the new year. A well-known and experienced promoter will have the management of the new club, and he says nothing but first-class attractions will be given.

WILL THERE BE A COMPROMISE?

Warring Baseball Factions Should Get Together In Hurry.

RADICAL MEASURES NEEDED.

Meeting Which Begins To-day In New York Sure To Be Very Important.

PROGRAMME OF THE WORK.

BASEBALL will now have the stage in the sporting theater during the remainder of the week, for the annual meeting of the National League begins at noon today in New York. Most of the magnates, according to telegraphic reports, are already in Gotham, and the absent ones will arrive this morning.

The first thing on the programme is a meeting of the board of directors. The board will convene at noon to-day, and, after awarding the pennant, will receive the secretary's report of financial and other matters. The league proper will then meet, and after the reading of the minutes the report of the board of directors will be received. Then come the reports of committees. The national board of arbitration is made up of Young, Soden, Hart, Brush, Rogers and Robison; Committee on Constitution, Rogers, Brush and Hart; Committee on Playing Rules, Hart, Hanlon and Reach; Committee on National Agreement, Brush, Soden and Hart. Then will follow in order amendment of constitution, amendment of playing rules, election of president, secretary, treasurer and directors and miscellaneous business.

It is generally accepted as a fact that N. E. Young, who has been president of the league for ten years, will be relieved. If reports were to be believed, Mr. Young has been an incompetent official, but, as a matter of fact, the league had never a more trustworthy, painstaking and fair-minded president. Over this question alone there is bound to be a fight of no small proportions.

It's about time for a showdown, and it is foolish for any one to contend that the National League hasn't become badly damaged by the American League. In spots the National is a wreck. At St. Louis, Frank De Haas Robison spent $40,000 getting a good team together, and with a good pitcher or two the Cardinals would have chased the Pittsburgs hard next season. He should have known that personal love of his men would not hold them. Cy Young left him the year before, and, instead of profiting by this experience, Robison went along and really held the gate open for McAleer to come along and take all his best players. In Philadelphia almost the same conditions exist. In the language of the street, the big league magnates should "take a sudden and wise tumble to themselves," and adjust matters at once.

* * *

Loud Calls For Compromise.

The entire baseball world now demands or should demand a compromise between the warring factions. Let every one demand that a man, such as Spalding, be placed at the head of the National League. The head of the American League admits that Spalding will do, and intimates that peace may follow his election. Many people expect that at the meeting in New York this week the American League people will make a proposition or two, and if so there should be no hesitancy on the part of the National to enter into negotiations.

The American League cannot exist paying the big salaries they have promised their players and fight the National League at the same time. Neither can the National League afford to go along and battle with such a foe, especially when the other fellows promise twenty-five-cent ball. The American has within the last few weeks shown itself a foe worthy of any steel. It has surely earned the right to recognition. President Robison, of the St. Louis Club, has gone to New York talking red war. Robison has only himself to blame. He should have fixed his fences and got his players in line instead of ignoring them and refusing to confer. Now he's sorry, of course, but too late. If there is any dictating to be done in St. Louis McAleer will probably do it.

* * *

That Old Home-receipts Idea.

The report that a scheme is on foot to have the old home-receipts idea adopted is absurd. Some dreamer has resurrected the plan of allowing the home club to keep all the admission money received for games played on its grounds, the visiting aggregation to get not a cent, thus knocking out the equal division of the total receipts for general admission tickets now in vogue, and forcing clubs on the road to pay all their own expenses without adding a cent to the treasury until they return home for another series. This pretty little plan originated from a kick made by one of the Eastern clubs on the fact that the game of the visiting teams drew great crowds at the grounds of the Eastern organization aforesaid, but that they were unable to turn over anything like a similar sum when their cities were visited in turn. The hopeful gentleman who expects this plan to go through, however, made his calculations without glancing at the League constitution. To alter or amend those sections providing for the equal division of general admission money at all games unanimous vote of the League is required, and ballots in favor of such a change are not likely to be cast by such clubs as Cincinnati and Brooklyn in this age of wisdom.

* * *

The Case of Pitcher Donahue.

The signing of Frank Donahue, the Phillies' star pitcher, by the St. Louis American League team makes the ninth player who has deserted the Philadelphia National League club. Donahue's case is a particularly peculiar one, inasmuch as the efficient twirler gave the Phillies every chance in the world to bid for his services, but for some unknown reason the major league magnate did not seem to be in a hurry to make hay while the sun was out. Donahue is a resident of Philadelphia, and his inclinations led him to a desire to play with some club representing the Quaker City, but a combination of circumstances prevented him from signing with the team representing the city of his choice. In the first place, Donahue held off and went to St. Louis simply because the Western magnate came forward with the goods before Philadelphia men were ready to talk actual business. Connie Mack, had he desired to act a little foxy, could have landed the famous pitcher, but was placed in the position of an agent for McAleer, much against his will, but having the welfare of his league at heart, signed Donahue for St. Louis. While all this was going on Col. John L. Rogers sat in his office and waited for his employe to come forward and accept the terms he saw fit to offer, but the player, like the letter, never came, and now the major magnates are simply talking it over among themselves and wondering how it all happened. There is an old saying which says: "Never count your chickens before they are hatched," and in this case it looks very much as if Col. Rogers had his brood already counted before they were out of the shell.

* * *

Kelley Will Not Play In Baltimore.

The announcement made by McGraw that there is no chance of Kelley and Keeler playing in Baltimore next season, is, if true, probably due to the refusal of the owners to turn over a block of stock to Kelley's father-in-law. Only a week ago an American League leader stated positively that Keeler had signed an agreement to play in Baltimore next year and that Kelley's signature would certainly be secured in a short time. Only the strong ties of friendship existing between the two men gave color to the Keeler story, for Billy was not expected to desert Hanlon without at least submitting a proposition, and many persons doubted the tale at that. If McGraw is dealing out facts, Kelley's jump was provisional upon the transfer of some stock to his father-in-law, and Keeler agreed to play in Oysterville only with the understanding that Kelley would be there, so that the failure of the attempt to land some stock for Joe's relative blocked the whole deal.

ALL THERE BUT ONE.

Col. John Rogers and Fellow Owners the Only Absentees At New York Meeting.

New York, Dec. 9.—All of the National League baseball magnates with the exception of the Philadelphia owners are here. To-morrow at the Fifth Avenue Hotel the former lawmakers of the great national game will begin their annual winter meeting.

Among the prominent men seen about the hotel to-night were James Hart, Chicago; A. H. Soden and J. H. Conant, Boston; Frank DeHaas Robison, St. Louis; John T. Brush, Cincinnati; Barney Dreyfuss, Pittsburg; Charles Ebbitts, Brooklyn.

An air of secrecy was preserved as to what, if any, plans are on foot which will be dealt with at the meeting.

The matter of a successor to N. E. Young as president of the league will come up at the meeting to-morrow. Up to date A. G. Spalding has been the only prominent candidate mentioned. John T. Brush's position regarding Mr. Spalding will be watched with unusual interest as it was rumored about the hotel to-night that Brush would fight Spalding. Brush, so it is said, will be backed in his fight by the owner of the New York Club. There have been numerous conferences between Brush and Freedman recently.

What the league will do regarding the new minor league organization and the American League will also be watched with interest. Many of the large owners, it is said, did not favor the abrogation of the national agreement, which resulted directly in the bonding together of the minor leagues throughout the country against the big organization.

The Board of Directors, consisting of Young, Hart, Rogers, Soden, Robison and Brush, will go into session at noon to-morrow.

GIFTS OF MRS. STANFORD AGGREGATE $30,000,000.

Deed Executed Yesterday Gave $23,000,000 To University Named For Her Dead Son.

San Francisco, Dec. 9.—Mrs. Jane L. Stanford to-day executed and delivered to the board of trustees of the Leland Stanford, Jr., University, two deeds of grant and one deed of gift. One of the deeds of grant covers all of the real estate heretofore given to the university, including the university campus of about 9,000 acres. The other deed of grant covers the Stanford residence upon California street, which eventually is to be used for educational purposes. The deed of gift covers bonds and stocks heretofore given and certain securities not included in former gifts. The grants are largely confirmatory in character and are made under the provisions of the Stanford University Constitutional Amendment, which legalized grants and gifts made to the university. This amendment was adopted in order to set at rest any question as to the validity of the original endowment and to prevent legal technicalities from interfering with the future donations to this great educational institution, which was founded by Mr. and Mrs. Stanford as a memorial to their only son.

Mrs. Stanford has now given the equivalent of over $30,000,000 to the Leland Stanford, Jr., University. Twenty-three million dollars of this amount is absolutely new.

CALIFORNIA BANK CASHIER GOES WRONG.

Skipped Out With About One Hundred Thousand Dollars of Employers' Money.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 9.—H. J. Fleishman, for many years cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, of this city, has disappeared with a sum of the bank's money which Vice President H. W. Hellman estimates at $100,000. The shortage was discovered to-day. Fleishman has not been seen since 9 o'clock Saturday morning. At that hour he was at his club. He notified the bank people that he was ill Saturday morning and would not be at his desk. He was under bond with a surety company for $30,000. In addition to this he had real estate and personal property in this city sufficient, in the opinion of Mr. Hellman, to protect the bank from the loss of a dollar.

The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, of which I. W. Hellman is president and H. W. Hellman vice president, is with a surplus of $1,000,000 and deposits of $5,500,000.

ALABAMA MINERS MEET.

Changing Jurisdiction of Tennessee Unions Up For Consideration.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 9.—The annual convention of the Alabama district of the United Mine Workers began in Bessemer this morning and will continue for several days.

The matter of most general interest is the election of officers. An important question to be settled is whether the miners of Tracy City and Whitwell, Tenn., are to be transferred from the jurisdiction of District 19 to that of District 20. These mines are operated by the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company, and for that reason there is a sentiment in favor of change of jurisdiction.

A meeting of the Coal Operators' Association of Alabama will be held in this city to-morrow morning.

The meeting of the operators is said to have no special relation to the miners' meeting beyond discussion of the contracts existing between the two sides. The miners have a contract with the operators which does not expire until June 30.

CIGARS, ETC.

A RICH MAN'S SMOKE AT A POOR MAN'S PRICE

HAVANA STUBS 5c.

A CHRISTMAS SUGGESTION.

Send us $1.25 and we will promptly express to you, prepaid, a neat box of 25 Havana Stubs. You'll be surprised at their excellence.

RICH. D. BAKROW & BRO.

354 West Jefferson.

Branches at Galt House, Louisville Hotel, Seelbach's Hotel, and at 433 W. Market.

CIGARS

WHAT'S THE USE?

Uncle Rastus says: "Er man ain't gwine ter teck er punkin when he kin git a watermillun jest es handy."

Moral: What's the use of paying 5 cents for an ordinary cigar when you can get our kind of a 5-cent cigar—our

FRANCIS MARION FIVE-CENT CIGAR?

These are cigars with all-Havana Fillers and all-Sumatra Wrappers. They are absolutely the best cigar that we can make and sell for five cents.

They are absolutely the best cigar that you can buy and smoke for five cents. Every cigar dealer sells them.

NEAT-RICHARDSON DRUG CO., (Inc.) LOUISVILLE, KY.

BEER.

The Guardians Of the Peace

They protect our lives and property against the lawless elements of the community, but they have no power to protect our health against the impure articles of food and drink that flood the market.

We must do that for ourselves, and the only way to do it is to use only those articles that have the indorsement of competent authority as being pure and wholesome.

You run no risk in using the beer made by this company, since the United States health authorities have unreservedly pronounced it the "purest and best made in this country."

Senn & Ackermann Brewing Co.

EX-GOV. M'CREARY IN LEXINGTON.

Discusses Goebel Monument Fund, But Has Little To Say About Politics.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Ex-Gov. James B. McCreary was in Lexington to-day, en route to Frankfort to attend a meeting of the committee having the matter of the collection of the Goebel monument fund in charge. The committee was appointed at the last meeting of the Monument Fund Committee, and this will be its first meeting. Mr. McCreary said that only a small amount had been collected since the last meeting of the committee, and that he believed that about all the money is now in. The amount will approach $14,000. He said at the meeting to-morrow he supposed the style of monument would be discussed. He had been looking into the matter recently, he said, and finds that the monuments erected in the days of Jefferson and about that time are decaying, and do not last as do the newer styles. He thinks the granite base and bronze figure the most lasting. The monument of John C. Breckinridge, standing opposite Cheapside, here, is a striking example of the durability of this class of monument. It is likely that the Goebel monument will be of bronze and granite.

When asked regarding the recently-published figures purporting to be a recapitulation of how the vote will stand on the first ballot in the senatorial race, Mr. McCreary said he had not had time to canvass the figures and did not know if they coincided with his ideas of the situation. He said he felt confident he would get at least a portion of the votes given him in the calculation. Mr. McCreary while here met Senator J. Embry Allen and Representative Solomon Van Meter, and talked with them for half an hour.

JUSTICE OF PEACE IN JAIL,

Charged With the Murder of Alabama Preacher.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 9.—R. D. Coffman, the Justice of the Peace, who shot and killed the Rev. J. W. Bradford, in Brookside, yesterday, was brought to this city to-day and placed in jail charged with murder. Coffman refuses to make any statement concerning the affair. The date of his preliminary examination has not been agreed upon. The Coroner is holding an inquest in Brookside and many witnesses have been summoned. Sentiment of the people is said to be divided between Bradford and Coffman.

PHYSICIAN'S FATAL SCRATCH.

Died of Wound Received While Performing An Operation.

Leavenworth, Kan., Dec. 9.—Dr. W. J. Van Eman, aged forty-one years, a prominent physician, died to-day of blood poisoning, contracted three weeks ago by scratching his hand while performing an operation. He was a member of the Pension Examining Board.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Dec. 9.—Arrived: Maasdam, Rotterdam.

Gibraltar, Dec. 8.—Arrived: Trave, New York, for Naples. Sailed: Hohenzollern, from Genoa and Naples, New York.

Plymouth, Dec. 9.—Kronz Prinz Wilhelm, New York, for Cherbourg and Bremen.

Glasgow, Dec. 7.—Sailed: Laurentian, New York.

Bremen, Dec. 8.—Sailed: Barbarossa, New York, via Cherbourg.

Lizard, Dec. 9.—Passed: Graf Waldersee, New York for Hamburg.

Bremen, Dec. 9.—Arrived: Koenig Luise, New York.

Cherbourg, Dec. 9.—Arrived: Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York.

Boulogne Sur Mer, Dec. 9.—Arrived: Ryndam, New York for Rotterdam.

LIQUORS

Zapp's Applejack and Rock

is an excellent remedy for

Coughs and Colds

prepared by us and composed of the very best ingredients—very palatable—gives immediate relief and cures quickly.

Quart bottle

WAYS AND MEANS

DISCUSSED BY MAYOR AND FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Want Police and Health Departments Made More Efficient, With Increased Forces.

Mayor Grainger met with the Joint Finance Committee of the General Council yesterday for the first of a series of conferences as to the needs of the various bureaus under the executive boards. The members of the committee present were Aldermen Barth and Embry and Councilmen Blitz, Early and Terry. The questions taken up were those of the restoration of the Police Department to its full strength, the enlarging of the scope of the Health Department and the payment of full salaries to old employes of the boards.

The action discussed will, if carried out, nullify the ordinance passed by the Republican General Council reducing the salaries of city officials and cutting down the police force. It is the hope of the Mayor and Finance Committee that the force can be restored to its old footing of 300 patrolmen, ten of whom shall be detectives, six Captains, ten Lieutenants and ten Sergeants.

In the Health Department the need of an assistant, who shall make special investigation of food, milk and vegetables, is recognized. The lessening of the danger of poisoning from impure foods and the decrease of mortality among infants from adulterated milk are two of the reforms aimed at.

The salary of the sanitary inspectors will be put back at its original standing.

The question of adding a house painter to the force of the Fire Department was also discussed, and the proposal met with favor. The reforms talked of will form a part of those which will be carefully considered before being sent to the General Council for their approval in the form of an ordinance.

The meeting was brought to a sudden close by the news of Mrs. Grainger's illness, the Mayor at once taking a coupe for his residence.

TELLS OF MISSIONARY WORK IN AFRICA.

The Rev. J. S. Crowley Back From His Service In the Congo Free State.

The Rev. J. S. Crowley, of the Southern Presbyterian Church, who has been a missionary for the past four years at Leopoldville, in the Congo Free State, on the Stanley Pool, delivered an illustrated lecture at the Second Presbyterian church last night. His lecture told of the missionary work in the Congo Free State, and presented a graphic picture not only of the fearful social and tribal conditions existing, but also of the great accomplishments achieved by missionaries.

A glimpse at the flora of the country was given in pictures of coffee plantations and palm nut trees, which form so important a factor in the living of the people. The actual life of the people was presented in the pictures of chiefs and other men, with their women, who wore no clothing, and this condition was contrasted by pictures of other African men and women, who, after becoming Christians, were properly garbed.

Mr. Crowley also presented pictures of genuine missionary life, showing men and women marching through jungles on their way to villages to preach Christianity, and then showing them in front of thatched houses. It was a splendid illustration of the bravery of those who serve under the banner of the cross.

NO BONDS IN THE POOLROOM CASES.

Commonwealth's Attorney Huffaker Abides By Previous Rule In Judge Barker's Court.

The question of requiring bonds for the appearance of persons indicted on the charge of conducting poolrooms, which was referred by Judge Barker to Commonwealth's Attorney Joseph M. Huffaker, has been decided by the latter, who says that he does not think the ends of justice demand this course.

When the poolroom cases were last called Judge Barker stated that no bonds had been required, and that the rule had been in misdemeanor cases not to require bonds.

Mr. Huffaker's position is that he will abide by the court's previous practice as to misdemeanors and not require bonds. Judge Barker concurred.

B. W. WRENN GOT THE MAN'S CORSETS.

Gridiron Club Played Joke On the Passenger Agent of the Plant System.

Mr. Samuel H. Hardwick, general passenger agent of the Southern railway, who was at Seelbach's Hotel last night, was a guest at the annual dinner given by the Gridiron Club in Washington last Saturday night, and he tells some pretty good stories about the "goings on."

During the dinner a beauty contest was arranged, and the man who had the best figure was to get what he supposed was a handsome prize. There were half a dozen railroad men present and the contest waxed warm for an hour or more, but finally the judges selected B. W. Wrenn, of the Plant system, for the victim. Then a mysterious-looking box was brought out and laid beside him. He was urged to open it, and, not suspecting the joke that was being played, he did as bid, and the first thing that struck his gaze was a pair of men's corsets.

Mr. Wrenn took the matter good-naturedly, but he swears the railroad men present were responsible for the joke, and he proposes to get even.

Mr. Hardwick says the best part of the joke is that Mr. Wrenn has anything but a fine figure, and those here who know Mr. Wrenn will bear Mr. Hardwick out in his statement.

WHOLESALE GROCERS ARE TO CONSOLIDATE.

Rutherford-Thomas Co. To Unite With Glazebrook & Bro.—Will Incorporate Soon.

An incorporated concern—the Glazebrook-Rutherford-Thomas Company—will be formed of two large wholesale grocery establishments—the Rutherford-Thomas Company and Glazebrook & Bro. Articles of incorporation will probably be filed this week. Mr. Thomas said last night that a location for the new company had not been secured yet. A Main-street location will probably be used. The Rutherford-Thomas Company is at 132 Second street, while Glazebrook & Bro. are on Main street, below Seventh.

OFFICERS ELECTED BY BUILDERS' EXCHANGE.

G. A. Lortz Becomes President and John Kellar Vice—Three Trustees Named.

The Builders' Exchange held its semi-annual meeting at the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon to elect officers, the result being as follows:

President—G. A. Lortz.
Vice President—John Kellar.
Financial and Recording Secretary—J. B. Beckman.
Treasurer—A. N. Struck.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Philip Wirth.
Trustees—William T. Straw, Henry Beaumeister, A. D. Scott.

Only routine business was discussed.

USE THE DE WITTE UTTERANCE.

Opponents of German Tariff Bill Stirred By Russian Words.

Berlin, Dec. 9.—The statement of the Russian Minister of Finance, M. De Witte, that the German tariff bill, when boiled down, means: "You strike my agriculture and I will hit your industry," has naturally caused a stir among German politicians.

The German opponents of the tariff bill utilize the opportunity given by M. De Witte's utterance to urge that this bill is a measure of selfishness, which, if inflexibly pursued, will inevitably lead to trade isolation and ruin.

Candidate For Marshal.

Huntsville, Ala., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Charles P. Lane, eidtor of the Evening Tribune, has become a candidate for United States Marshal of the Northern Alabama district to succeed D. N. Cooper.

GEN. FITZHUGH LEE TO LECTURE ON CUBA AND CUBAN QUESTION.

Louisville Managers Secure Contract With the Former Consul General to Havana—Will Be Heard Here.

After negotiations which have been in progress at intervals since just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee has been finally secured by the Southern Lyceum Bureau of this city to deliver a series of lectures, beginning in February. Mr. R. C. Coldwell, manager of the Southern Luceum Bureau, is now at Charlottesville, where he went Sunday to close the contract for the lecture tour. Word was received yesterday from Mr. Coldwell that the necessary papers had been signed, and it is now a practical certainty that the series of lectures which the Lyceum Bureau has so long labored to secure will be delivered.

Gen. Lee will lecture only in a limited number of large cities, Louisville included. The series will extend through the latter part of the winter and into the spring. Several of the lectures may be given at some of the summer Chautauquas in July and August, though this is not certain. Gen. Lee's subject will be entitled Cuba and the Cubans," or something similar. He will, of course, dwell at length upon the causes of the war with Spain and the stirring times in Havana during his well-remembered consulship there. The blowing up of the battleship Maine will be an absorbing feature of the subject. The condition of the reconcentradoes will also be described. The lecture will undoubtedly prove an interesting addition to the literature on the Spanish-American War and its causes. Gen. Lee has never been heard on this topic, which will give the lecture an additional value. Just when he will be heard in Louisville is yet uncertain. It is probable that this point will be one of the first of his tour.

Mr. Coldwell, for the Southern Lyceum Bureau, has waged a long and persistent campaign to secure such a drawing card on the lecture platform as Gen. Lee will undoubtedly be. Mr. Coldwell is much elated over engaging such a star for his bureau in the face of fierce competition. Before leaving the city he related the story of his long-drawn-out negotiations with Gen. Lee.

"Our first negotiations," he said, "date from March 15, 1898, which was just before the blowing up of the battleship Maine and shortly before Gen. Lee took his departure from Havana. I have here a copy of my first letter to him, which ends 'trusting that peace instead of war would obtain.' In his reply to this he said that his position as Consul General prevented him from entertaining such an idea, though if he were in the United States he would be glad to consider our proposition. That was just before he left Havana, though, of course, at the time he intimated nothing of the probability of his leaving. I wrote him immediately on his reaching the United States. Our letter was dated April 4, and I followed this up with another letter on April 11 without waiting for a reply. We exchanged a number of letters and telegrams, when he finally made an appointment for me to meet him in Richmond, Va., on April 24. I went right on and saw him there that day. Before I could conclude negotiations, however, Gen. Lee was summoned to Washington the next day by the Secretary of War. I then realized that nothing could be done in this direction at that time, so the whole matter was dropped.

"I took it up again with him in May of this year. After some correspondence he wired me that he would pass through here May 27 on his way to Memphis to attend the Confederate Veterans' reunion. During his stopover here we discussed the matter and I followed him to Memphis the next day. After I had discussed the matter fully with him at Memphis he said that when the reunion was over he would come to Louisville. I had no doubt then that the result would be a signed contract, but another unlooked-for interruption bobbed up. The War Department summoned him from Memphis to Washington. While there he received word that his son, who was in the Philippines, had secured a leave of absence and would be at home on a month's furlough. He wrote me to this effect, saying that he would not consider for a moment any proposition which would take up his time while his son was at home. For that reason we have not been able to secure his services sooner. His son's furlough will expire shortly before the date set for the first lecture—February 1."

Mr. Coldwell will go from Charlottesville to New York, where he will make his bookings for next year.

DIES OF THE D. T'S.

HARTMAN THE ELEVENTH IN QUARTER OF CENTURY.

Dr. Garvin, Jail Physician, Has Had Much Success In Treating Alcoholism.

William Hartman, forty years of age, died of alcoholism at the County Jail early yesterday morning. Hartman's home was on Letterle avenue, near Frankfort, and his body was taken there. Hartman was the eleventh man who died of delirium tremens in the County Jail in the past twenty-five years. During this time Dr. S. H. Garvin, the jail physician, has treated more than 3,500 sufferers, and the ratio of deaths does not exceed one-third of 1 per cent. Physicians regard this as a remarkable record. Formerly the death rate for alcoholism was as high as eight and ten per cent.

Dr. Garvin's method is very simple. He allows the sufferer no whisky and the first potion which he administers is a mixture of the tincture of capsicum and fluid extract of lupullum. Then follows a sleeping potion and careful nursing.

But few people have any idea of the number of men and women who are treated for delirium tremens at the County Jail.

Since Dr. Garvin became jail physician, twenty-five years ago, he has treated more than 3,500 drunkards. This is almost three cases a week. His patients have not been all poor people. Often men came from the southern part of the city, suffering from the most horrible hallucinations for a four or five days' stay at the jail. Their friends were told that they were spending a few days out of the city and their whereabouts were never revealed.

Some of the patients suffer the most unique hallucinations. A woman was confined in No. 9 last week. Strong drink had shattered her nerves and reason and she was a maniac. She imagined that small alligators were pursuing her.

Real Estate Transfers.

Real estate transfers yesterday were reported by the Louisville Title Company as follows:

Simon N. Jones to Henrietta K. Haddaway, 23x109 feet, east side Twenty-sixth street, 70 feet north of Duncan; $1.

Daniel Hardin and wife to Thomas Chowing, 10 acres, 1 mile west of Old Deposit Station on Louisville and Nashville railroad; $1,100.

Coleman-Bush Investment Company to Sidney S. Irling, lot 16, block 15, Oakdale addition; $400.

S. J. Bush and wife to Thomas F. Bradley, 25 25-342x125 feet, west side Twenty-sixth street, 60 60-342 feet south of Magazine; $687.

Victor N. Meddis to Edward Whalen, 60x160 feet, north side Quarry street, 60 feet east of Sturgis; $150.

J. Lithgow Smith and wife to Victor N. Meddis, 20x195 feet, south side Market street, 90 feet east of Twentieth; 25x130 feet, south side Walnut street, 75 feet west of First; 25x105 feet, north side Walnut street, 150 feet east of First; $11,150.

Child Fatally Burned.

Scottsville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The five-year-old child of Adam Thompson, of Chapel Hill, this county, fell into an open fireplace and was fatally burned Sunday afternoon. The child died to-day.

RIVER AND WEATHER

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West from Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended December 9 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Tem.	Pre.	Stations.	Tem.	Pre.
New York	50	.00	Cincinnati	38	1.20
Pittsburg	54	.38	Indianapolis	32	.06
Washington	58	.00	Chicago	34	T
Charlotte	62	.00	Chattanooga	58	.32
Atlanta	38	.44	Davenport	32	.00
Jacksonville	72	.01	Marquette	30	.16
Montgomery	62	.42	St. Paul	30	T
New Orleans	50	.76	Bismarck	22	.00
Galveston	52	.00	North Platte	46	.00
C'pus Christi	60	.00	Omaha	46	.00
Palestine	54	.00	Kansas City	44	.00
Vicksburg	46	.50	Dodge City		.00
Little Rock	46	.35	Oklahoma	46	.00
Memphis	40	1.40	Amarillo	54	.00
Nashville	52	1.04	Abilene	58	.00
Cairo	32	.26	El Paso	56	.00
St. Louis	32	.60			

T—Trace of rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.]	Louisville, Dec. 9. 7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	29.890	29.880
Temperature	37	33
Dew-point	37	33
Humidity	98	96
Wind, direction	N	W
Wind, velocity	14	16
Weather	Lt. Rain	Hy. Snow

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION Constants and Normals.

[Official.]	Louisville, Dec. 9.
Maximum temperature	38
Minimum temperature	32
Mean temperature	35
Normal temperature	38
Departure for day	—3
Departure for month	—10
Departure since March 1	+137
Prevailing winds	
Mean barometer	29.880
Mean relative humidity	98
Character of day	Cloudy
Total precipitation	1.36
Normal precipitation	.38
Departure for day	+1.23
Departure for month	+.89
Departure since March 1	—9.59

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati, from and to Cincinnati....Big Kanawha, from and to Carrollton....Tarascon to and Tell City from Evansville....Falls City and Golden Gate, from and to Kentucky river....Bellevue, to Derby....Henry De Bus, from Green river to Cincinnati.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Big Kanawha, Capt. Dugan, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....Tell City, Capt. Ballard, for Tell City, Rockport, Owensboro, Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was rising last evening with 6 feet 1 inch in the canal, 3 feet 11 inches on the falls and 9 feet 5 inches at the foot of the locks. Business good. Weather cloudy with rain.

DRIFTWOOD.

Yesterday was a gloomy day on the levee....They are moving the rocks in the basin. Boatmen are glad to know that "something is doing."....The Bellevue went to Derby yesterday morning and will be back to-morrow morning....The sidewheel New South leaves for New Orleans direct next Sunday....The Golden Gate went to Kentucky river yesterday and will go again Friday....The Tarascon left for Evansville last evening with a good trip....The Indiana makes a daily trip between Cincinnati and Vevay and on Saturdays comes to Madison....The City of Camden passed Memphis going South Sunday....The T. H. Davis and Beaver left Cairo Sunday with big barges of lumber for this city apd Cincinnati....The towboat John A. Wood has left Marietta for Pittsburg. Before leaving there the contents of thirty barrels of salt were sprinkled in her hull for the purpose of preserving the wood....The Joe B. Williams arrived at Pittsburg Sunday with a tow of empties....Chief Carpenter Henry Purdy has beeen a carpenter on the river for many years, but has been in the service of the Louisville and Evansville Mail Company for twenty-two years. He is a faithful and competent man and looks after repairs on all the boats of the line....The crew of the United States snagging steamer E. A. Woodruff has just completed the task of dynamiting seven nests of troublesome snags between the mouth of Middle creek and the New Albany waterworks pumping station on the Indiana side, and from the mouth of Little Paddy's Run to the foot of Market street, on the Kentucky side....The big City of Pittsburg, leaving here Thursday for Memphis, will not take any freight for points below there. The New South, going next Sunday to New Orleans, will take all freight and people for points on the Lower Mississippi....Capt. Crammond wants to sell the Owensboro and Cannelton packet Gertrude. ....Capt. Ed Howard's claim against the People's Coal Company has been settled. ....The country is getting filled up with coal coalbarges....A sunken coalbarge lies deep under the bow pontoon of the new naval dry dock at New Orleans and the Sterling and battleship Illinois cannot get on until the sunken coalboat is removed. It is 22 feet 9 inches deep where it lies, one end two feet higher than the other. Capt. Converse, president of the board of examiners, said that as soon as Mr. Anderson told the board that the dock can be immersed twenty-four feet below the keel blocks, the Sterling would be ready for the initial trial test, and when twenty-six feet is reached, the battleship would be raised. He said it all depends on the convenience of the contractors, and that there is no occasion to hurry them to dock either one of the vessels....The Frank Gilmore brought ten coalboats from Pittsburg to Cincinnati and returned with four empties, making the round trip in eight days....Capt. W. C. Johnson is improving daily and he will soon be able to be taken to his home in Pittsburg....Capt. S. Pickleheimer, of Cincinnati, has bought the Lent Leoti at Pittsburg....Less than 5,000,000 bushels of coal was shipped from Pittsburg last week by all the companies. ....The towboat Jack Frost and Emma Cooper were due up last evening....The Fulton went up to help the Oakland and tow at Grassy Flats....The Henry De Bus went up last evening from Green river....The George Matheson and tow were due down last evening....The Fulton and Transit got all but one of the Gleaner's tow off Grassy Flats.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Another coal boat stage in the Ohio river is expected by to-morrow evening or not later than Wednesday morning. Rain fell nearly all day throughout the Ohio, Allegheny and Monongahela river valleys. Early in the morning it was light, but toward noon it began to rain more briskly and continued until late to-night. The stage of water at Davis Island dam is 6.2 feet and stationary. The rapid fall of the rivers caused several of the towboats to run some of their barges aground. The Falls stuck six near the head of Line Island, near East Liverpool, and the Josh Cook sunk three coal boats near Big Grave creek. It is thought all of the craft can be saved as soon as the river rises.

Wheeling, Dec. 9.—River 7.3 feet and falling. Raining. Up: John Moren, 3 p. m.; Exporter and Alice Brown, 6 p. m. Down: Tornado, 5 p. m.

Catlettsburg, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—Ohio river 12.7 feet and falling. Hard rain all afternoon. Down: Josh Cook, 7:30 a. m.; Virginia, 1:30 p. m. The Jennie George departed for Louisa, Ky., at 8:30 a. m.

Cincinnati, Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The river marks 14.3 feet. Weather stormy. Rain all last night and snow and rain throughout the day, prospect continuing throughout the night. Packets in and out on fairly good time. The Indiana entered her old run between this city and Carrollton to-day. The Virginia is due late to-night from Pittsburg. The Harvester is due, but it is supposed she is assisting the Gleaner, which sunk her tow at Big Bone bar. River men are complaining of poor business, but as the rains to-day and last night seem to have been general through the Ohio valley they anticipate a rise which will make the river navigable for some time.

Madison, Ind., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—River 10.5 feet. Rain, with occasional snow since last night and still continues.

Evansville, Dec. 9.—River 7.8 feet and falling. Cloudy, snow.

Cairo, Dec. 9.—Arrived: City of Memphis, Memphis, 2:45 p. m.; John K. Speed, Memphis, 5:30 p. m. Departed: City of Memphis, St. Louis, 4 p. m.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—River 2 feet and falling. Cloudy and cold.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—River 5.5 feet and rising. Weather clear and cold. The I. N. Hook arrived with ties from the Tennessee river to-night. The Ten Broeck and Jacob Reichtman are due from the Tennessee river with ties. The Kenton arrived with a big tow of coal from the Tradewater mines to-day. The Lydia with ties arrived out of the Tennessee river last night. The H. W. Buttorff left at noon for Nashville. The Beaver with the Barrett wharfboat and three loads and one empty arrived to-night from Cairo. The wharfboat was put in winter quarters and the Beaver, after cleaning her boilers, will take the loaded barges and the empty to Cincinnati. The Joe Fowler left for Evansville at 11 a. m. The Harry Brown passed down for Cairo this morning.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 9.—River 0.6 feet and rising. Cloudy and cold.

RAILROADS

Burlington Route 160 DIFFERENT WAYS

The Burlington's trunk lines form part of 160 different routes offered to Pacific Coast tourists. Chief among all these are:

The Burlington to Denver, Scenic Colorado, Salt Lake City beyond.

The Burlington to Billings, Mont., Northern Pacific beyond.

NO TOUR OF THE COAST IS COMPLETE WITHOUT THE BURLINGTON ROUTE AS PART OF IT.

Weekly California excursions personally conducted.

Let us send you some of our special publications "To California Through Scenic Colorado," "Weekly California Excursions," "The Burlington-Northern Pacific Express," free. "California," six cents.

Tickets, information, etc., at any Ticket Office, or address

L. W. WAKELEY, FRANK M. RUGG,
G. P. A. Burlington Route, ST. LOUIS, MO. T. P. A. Burlington Route.

FOR RENT

Main-street Store!

4-story stone front storehouse, on n. s. Main, bet. Eighth and Ninth, No. 831. This is a well-equipped house, with good storage capacity, offices, etc. Will make long lease.

ALSO STOREHOUSE AND OFFICES.

House 256 W. Main, just one door above Third st. Good location for business headquarters for a large concern. Offices and rooms above.

FIDELITY TRUST AND SAFETY VAULT CO., 206 to 210 Fifth st.

Classified Advertisements,

Such as "WANTED," FOR SALE," "FOR RENT," etc., that are published in the Courier-Journal, hereafter, on any day . . . . . .

EXCEPT SUNDAY

will be published the same day in

The Times Free of Charge.

AMUSEMENTS.

AUDITORIUM MON. EVE. DEC. 16
MME. LILLIAN NORDICA IN SONG RECITAL.
Prices $1.00, $1.50, $2. Now on sale.

MACAULEY'S—TO-NIGHT
The Rose Cecilia Shay English Opera Co.
WILL SING CARMEN.
To-morrow Matinee, Pagliacci and Rusticana. To-morrow night, Il Trovatore. Prices: Night, 25c to $1.50. Matinee, 25c to $1.00. Next—The Bostonians.

MACAULEY'S DECEMBER 16, 17 and 18. MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
THE GREAT MUSICAL HIT.
"SANTOY,"
DIRECT FROM ITS UNPRECEDENTED RUN AT DALY'S Seats on Sale Thursday.

Mat. To-day 10, 15, 25c. AVENUE To-night 15, 25, 50c.
The Beautiful Pastoral Play
THE VOLUNTEER ORGANIST
Humor and Pathos. Special Scenic Effects. Great Cast. Next week—"FOR HER SAKE."

NANA THE WORLD'S GREATEST PICTURE HAS ARRIVED!
Grand Opening Reception To-day from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m., at 425 Fourth Street, Cor. of Green.
Suchorowsky's world-famous painting "NANA" has been pronounced by every civilized community on the globe to be the most UNIQUE, FASCINATING and WONDERFUL PICTURE OF THE AGE. Admission, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., 25c. Admission, 3 p. m. to 10 p. m., 15c.

STEAMBOATS.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE and CITY OF CINCINNATI
FOR CINCINNATI
At 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday; Sunday at 9 a. m. Big Kanawha for Madison and Carrollton at 4 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE MAIL CO.—For Owensboro, Evansville and way points. Steamers TARASCON, TELL CITY, MORNING STAR leave daily, except Sunday, 4 p. m. Wharfboat foot of Fourth ave. Telephone 496.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

For Paducah, Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and intermediate points, Steamer CITY OF PITTSBURG, Thursday, Dec. 12, at 10 a. m. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Agent.

Notice.

Office of Cross Creek Railroad Company, Fitzsimons Building, 331 Fourth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that the Cross Creek Railroad Company intends to apply to the Secretary of War for permission to build a bridge across the Ohio river between the States of Ohio and West Virginia, near the mouth of Cross Creek, W. Va.
T. B. FOLEY, Secretary.
Pittsburg, Dec. 5, 1901.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WE PAY YOUR BILLS.
WE LOAN
On salaries, household goods and personal property of every description. You retain possession of the goods.

Our plan of conducting a loan business is based on the word "Confidence" more than on "Security." You have our confidence—we have your confidence. You need money—we have money we don't need. We believe you will pay—you believe we have not overcharged you, and are assured that in case of unforseen misfortune we will not foreclose.

A loan business will not admit of testimonials from our clients, for everything is done in strict confidence. We stand between you and the world as a lawyer does to his client, but the fact that we are a fixture in Louisville's financial circle, and that our business has grown to be the largest of its kind here, is ample evidence that our rates are the lowest, our plan of loaning most equitable and just.

Our money is yours for the asking. You retain possession of the property; no indorsement required. You name the amount, the time, and the payments; you get the money the minute you want it, but are not inconvenienced and are assured privacy. We extend the same courtesy and respect for your confidence as you enjoy from your banker. Our business is done on banking principles, which makes the cost of the loan much less than you pay elsewhere, and every cent paid on the amount borrowed reduces the interest in exact proportion. Loans taken for one year can be paid in full at any time, and you will only be charged for the actual time you had the money.

Investigate our methods, and be convinced that we are really a helpful concern, that we deal fairly—with a sort of man-to-man spirit, that our rates are the lowest. If you will write, telephone, or call personally our agent will call at once, and in a short time the money will be handed to you. Not even your most intimate friend or your next-door neighbor will know it. Whether you wish to borrow or not, come in and talk it over with us.

NO WORRY
About the payments; they are made in small weekly or monthly installments that are so small that they are paid without you noticing them—each payment includes principal and interest.
All who borrow from us are
ALWAYS SATISFIED.
We want you to know us and to have the same confidence in us that we have in you.
REMEMBER,
YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD HERE.
Come in to-day and let us explain our system and convince you that it is to your interest to deal with us.

FALLS CITY LOAN COMPANY,
Room 12, 358 Fourth st.
P. O. Box 396. Telephone 2916.

DO YOU WANT XMAS MONEY?
$10, $20, $30, $40, $50, $60, $70, $80, $90, $100?
SALARY LOANS ON PLAIN NOTES.
No mortgage; no indorser; no publicity. Every $1 paid off loan reduces cost. Relatives, friend or employer need never know about loans. GUARANTEE lowest rates in town. Thousands are borrowing in this way.
WHY NOT YOU? You will be mightily pleased with our way of extending credit. Take an hour to-day and allow us to explain terms; in private offices. We are plain people, doing business in a quiet, careful way that must please.
LOUISVILLE CREDIT CO., 515 Fourth, Room 12 Courier-Journal bldg. Room 12 Is at head of first stair.

Money Money Money
Money Money Money
Money
Money Heavy interest frightens away
Money borrowers and keeps money out
Money of investment. We are gaining
Money the reputation at reasonable
Money rates of interest, and we mean
Money to keep it up, even though it
Money does not suit our competitors—
Money it suits our customers, and we
Money think they are the ones to
Money please; we find that our fair
Money treatment in the money-loaning
Money business is being appreciated
Money here in Louisville. Our clients
Money say it is rare.
Money We always have money to
Money loan in any amounts on salaries,
Money household goods or any form of
Money securfty.
Money
Money NATIONAL CREDIT
Money AND TRUST CO.,
Money Rooms 3 and 4, Norton Bldg.,
Money
Money 358 Fourth avenue.
Money
Money P. S.—Private entrance, 411 W.
Money Jefferson street.
Money
Money Money Money
Money Money Money

Money to all honest people on any form of security; easy terms and courteous treatment. EMPLOYES' SUPPLY CO., Room 1 Courier-Journal Office Building, 515 Fourth ave., Tel. 2928—Y.

PERSONAL.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—Ladies, $500 reward for a case of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, Harmless, veg., safe, sure. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON R. CO., R. 847, 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

PERSONAL—LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills are the best. Safe; reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. Ask your druggist. "CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

BOARDING.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Nice rooms, natural gas, central location, excellent table; also day boarders. 222 W. Chestnut st.

FOUND.

FOUND—Watch. Owner call at F. B. Owens' saloon, Twentieth and Chestnut sts.

FOUND—A ring, which the owner can have by calling at 1314 Dumesnil st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—Timber; large tracts of Oak, Hickory, Poplar, Ash, Walnut, other hard woods; must be accesible to rail or water; "stumpage" only. Give estimate of quantity per acre, lowest price and time allowed for removal. WILCOX, 531 Broadway, New York.

INVESTORS' SAVINGS can earn a minimum of 12 per cent. per annum, payable quarterly; guaranteed from loss; particulars on application. Address INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT, 66 Broadway, New York.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—One-half of a most desirable office room. Lady now occupies one-half and prefers lady for other half. Low rental. Address P 148, this office.

MUSIC HALL, MARKET ST., Bet. 1st and 2d.
Central, Capacious, Clean, Comfortable. Its safety has been attested by the constant immense gatherings within its walls.
OPEN DATES.
Upper Hall for public meetings, lectures, concerts, entertainments.
The Lower Hall, with seating capacity for 1,000, especially adapted for Recitals, Concerts, Fairs, large Euchre Parties, Banquets, Business Meetings and Social Entertainments.
Upper rooms for Lodge Meetings or Dancing Classes.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—L. COMINGOR, P-U-B-L-I-C A-C-C-O-U-N-T-A-N-T, 429 W. Main st., Louisville, Ky. 'Phones—Day, 2808—Y; at night, 2879. Bank and Corporate Examinations.

WANTED—About January 1 by a gentleman and wife, 3 or 4-room flat with all modern conveniences, within walking distance of courthouse. Address O 147, this office.

WANTED—BAIRD'S OLD-FASHIONED Horehound Cough Drops, ¼ lb., 5c. See that you get Baird's; every drop branded —Baird; 5th and Jefferson sts. and 625 4th.

WANTED—Life insurance policies bought for cash or loaned on at low rates. W. S. PARKER, Expert Accountant, 425 W. Main st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, room and board in private family; centrally located; state terms. Address B 103, this office.

WANTED—Two first-class paperhangers. Apply to WILLIAM TURNER, Enterprise Hotel.

WANTED—Lace curtains laundered 20c pair. Mammoth Laundry, 1043½ Third. Tel. 3530.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Profitable work offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL and THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first-rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 514 W. Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—An unmarried man, between the age of 25 and 30, to travel South with employer and do collecting; salary $15 a week and railroad expenses; must furnish $300 real estate bond. Apply to MR. HACKER, Willard Hotel, between 6 and 8 p. m.

WANTED—THE NATIONAL FOUNDERS' ASSOCIATION will pay at least $4.75 per day for a few good machinery floor molders, to work in Chicago, Ill. Permanent employment and no trouble. Address Box 419, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—SMOKERS, ATTENTION! Three good cigars for 5c—Baird's Little Havanas; half-million sold yearly. 626 Fourth ave., Fifth and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—Young man to travel; salary $50 month and expenses; send references. Address PLOUGH-WILLIAMS CO., Manhattan bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Immediately a distillery bookkeeper familiar with all revenue matters. Must come well recommended. Address M 2, this office.

WANTED—Any person who will distribute circulars for $3 daily should address STANDARD CO., 4 Wells, Chicago.

WANTED—Young men for railway mail clerks. INTERSTATE CORRESPONDENT INSTITUTE, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

WANTED—Carriage painters, trimmers, and gear mounters. Address BROWN CARRIAGE CO., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—LADIES, ALSO MEN, TO COPY letters and address envelopes at home, anywhere, day or evening; strictly genuine employment. EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO., Station B, Cleveland, O.

WANTED—Lady of intelligence and influence in each county of Kentucky to make $20 to $100 per month as our correspondent. Address, with stamp, WOOD'S DRUG CO., Chester, S. C.

WANTED—Ladies to do writing at home; salary $15 per month. Apply to MRS. M. DE TREVILLE, 914 Barnwell st., Columbia, S. C.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Salesmen on salary, salary and commission, or commission solely; exclusive territory given. MAGNOLIA ROLLER COMPOUND CO., office Pike bldg., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED — LIVE SALESMAN IN EVERY COUNTY—State experience and salary expected. ROBINSON CO., Toledo, O.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Position by experienced stenographer; young lady who can furnish the best of references. Address A 130, this office.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—FOR RENT—FOR RENT—COTTAGES at $8, $10, $5, $6, $25, $9, $7. DWELLINGS at $9, $6, $50, $12, $30, $19. ROOMS, 2 at $7, 3 at $10, 4 at $7, 2 at $7.50, 2 at $6, 3 at $5.50, 4 at $11. STORES at $8, $15, $150, $40, $35, $7, $14.75, $7.75, $12.50, $30. SUMMERS & MEYER, Agents, 416 Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Miller homestead, on Cane Run road, ¾ of a mile from terminus of W. Walnut-st. cars; 6-room brick house, with necessary outbuildings; garden; orchard and fruit. Apply to WARWICK MILLER, Circuit Clerk's office, Courthouse.

FOR RENT—MAIN-ST. STORE, 615—North side, opposite Louisville Hotel, 4 stories with basement and shipping facilities in rear. Elevator and plenty of light. COLUMBIA FINANCE AND TRUST CO., Agents, Columbia building.

CURETON OUT

Resigns As Barnett's Chief Deputy.

NO MONEY IN THE PLACE.

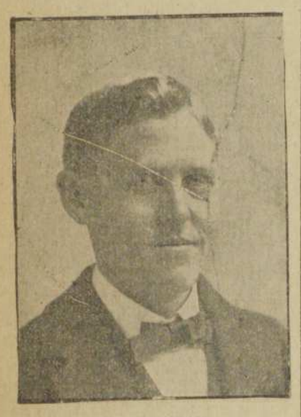
SAYS HE QUITS POORER THAN WHEN HE TOOK POSITION.

HE WANTS TO PRACTICE LAW.

Snook May Succeed Him—Former Democrat and Son-in-law of Congressman W. J. Stone.

"TALK" TO YOUNG MEN.

Mr. Nat C. Cureton, chief deputy in the office of the Surveyor of the Port, has handed his resignation to Mr. C. M. Barnett, to take effect on December 31. The reasons assigned by Mr. Cureton are that he wants to devote his entire time to the practice of law. He will



NAT CURETON,
Member of State Committee.

probably be succeeded by S. J. Snooks, of Kuttawa, a former Democrat and son-in-law of Mr. W. J. Stone. His name was recommended to Mr. Barnett, and it is probable that he will be appointed immediately on Mr. Barnett's return from Washington, so that he can become familiar with the duties of the office before Mr. Cureton retires.

In discussing his resignation yesterday, Mr. Cureton said that it had been tendered a year ago, but Mr. Barnett declined to accept it. This time Mr. Barnett had accepted the resignation with the understanding that it would not take effect immediately. Mr. Cureton says he finds that holding Federal office is not as much a sinecure as some people believe. He says he goes out of office poorer than when he went in, because he had to make so many trips to Washington to keep his fences in repair. At the end of the year his salary of $1,600 had dwindled down to almost nothing. He advises all young men who want to get ahead in life to fight shy of Federal positions where they pay no more than in Louisville.

A significant thing in connection with Mr. Cureton's resignation and about which he has been "guyed" to some extent is the lettering on a new desk in his office. The desk was received a few days ago, and on the letter-boxes, arranged in alphabetical order, were letters which, when placed together, read "am to go," "have to quit" and "razzle-dazzle." He remarked at the time that he feared the combinations were prophetic.

However, Mr. Cureton resigned because he wanted to devote his entire time to the practice of law. He says he is firmly convinced that Mr. Barnett will continue in office, and had he remained he was reasonably sure of four years more as chief deputy.

Mr. Cureton has been in office nearly four years, and has made an excellent record for himself. He is a native of Henry county, where he has held the office of Judge of the Police Court at New Castle, then City Attorney and later County Attorney. He was a Republican elector for the Seventh district in 1888 and District Committeeman from 1896 to 1900. Since his removal to Louisville he has been secretary of the local Civil Service Board, which position he will also resign on January 1. He has been identified with the last two State campaigns, and is regarded as a good politician.

MEN ON CRAFT'S ELIGIBLE LIST.

Recommends That Twenty-two Out of Twenty-five Be Given Positions At First Opportunity.

Collector Craft yesterday recommended to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that twenty-two out of twenty-five on his eligible list be appointed to positions in the internal revenue service. These men have stood civil service examination and will be given positions as soon as they are open.

Those who have been on the eligible list since October are as follows:

Jesse H. Hopkinson, Brandenburg.
Curtis M. Duncan, 2128 Grayson street.
Edward C. McCarthy, 1408 West Oak street.
Henry F. Hoeger, 2832 West Market street.
Charles L. Elliott, 440 Twenty-sixth street.
John J. Biggs, Cane Valley.
Charlie C. Brown, Hodgenville.
Louis P. Ambrose, 1731 Shelby street.
Nicholas Leuthart, Scottsville, Ind.
Julius A. Steger, 208 West Walnut street.
Albert R. Hornbuck, Parker's Grove.
Charles F. Jaeger, 1812 West Chestnut street.
A. B. McAfee, 714 Fifth street.
Forrest D. Hancock, Winona, Trimble county.
John A. Rowland, Bardstown.
John M. Perkins, 929 West Main street.
Alex L. Perkins, Milby, Green county.
Crawford H. Eubanks, Garnettsville.
Frank Scharre, 1013 Goss avenue.
William T. McMillin, Springfield.
Claiborne B. Jones, 422 Roseland street.
James F. Gray, Russellville.
Rosa K. Cohen, 802 Spring street, Jeffersonville, Ind.
Minnie W. Leatherman, 1325 Broadway.

Mr. Craft recommended that Forrest D. Hancock, of Trimble county; Nicholas Leuthart, of Scottsville, Ind., and James F. Gray, of Russellville, be not appointed, as they live outside the Fifth district.

COMMERCIAL CLUB MEMBERSHIP GROWING.

Fully Seventy-five New Applicants Will Be Acted On At Meeting This Afternoon.

A meeting of the Membership Committee of the Commercial Club has been called for this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Chairman Charles B. Norton desires every member to attend whether he has applications to report or not. The regular meeting of the Board of Directors will be held one hour later, so that all applications can be acted on in time to appear in the new Membership Book and Business Directory.

At the last meeting of the board thirty-five new members were elected. Since then more than sixty applications for membership have been reported. When all members of the committee are heard from it is believed that seventy-five new applications will be reported for election.

ALL SETTLED.

LIST OF MAYOR GRAINGER'S APPOINTMENTS COMPLETE.

John Phelps, S. A. Wilhite and Lieut. Ridge Get Places That Were In Doubt.

Mayor Grainger's nominations will go to the Board of Aldermen to-night. For the past two weeks there has been little or no speculation as to the personnel of the Boards of Public Safety and Public Works, and there seems no question as to the names that will be sent in for City Buyer, City Controller and the Chiefs of the Police and Fire Departments.

Some opposition has been reported to the reappointment of Mr. R. Lee Suter as a member of the Board of Public Safety, but it is now expected that those of the Aldermen who are not in favor of Mr. Suter will refrain from voting.

Mr. John Phelps will be the third member of the Board of Public Works, serving with Capt. John H. Weller and Mr. John W. Vreeland. The Board of Public Safety will be made up of Edward T. Tierney, Harry Brennan and R. Lee Suter.

Samuel A. Wilhite is to be City Controller and Fred R. Bishop City Buyer. Maj. Ed Hughes will succeed himself as Chief of the Fire Department and Col. Sebastian Gunther will enter on his four years' term as Chief of Police. Lieut. Pat Ridge is slated for the majority.

Until yesterday there seemed some probability of Laban H. Phelps being named for a place on the Board of Public Works, but this died out, and Mr. John Phelps' nomination is conceded.

Lieut. Ridge was thought to have strong opposition in Maj. Krakel and some of the police captains were mentioned, but all talk of his opponents' chances have died out and his way to the majority seems clear.

WELL-KNOWN SALOONKEEPER DEAD.

Edward E. Schultz Victim of Complication of Diseases—Owned the "Zur Weser."

Edward E. Schultz, for twenty years a saloonkeeper at 645 West Market street, died of a complication of diseases at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Schultz's saloon was a landmark in the neighborhood. When he opened it in 1882 he named it the "Zur Weser," and other buildings were located by being known as next to "Zur Weser" or two doors from "Zur Weser."

Mr. Schultz was a native of Germany and was born in Margrethausen, Wuerttenburg, on November 30, 1844. He received his early education in his native home. Before coming to the United States in 1867, he traveled through the principal cities of Europe. In 1883 he went to Williamsburg, N. Y., and accepted a position with the Western Union Telegraph Company. He remained there until 1882 when he came to Louisville.

His wife was Miss Sophia Renz. She died in 1894. Two children, Miss Sophia Schultz and Henry Schultz, survive. Mr. Schultz was a member of the Schwobe Unterstuetzings Verein.

Oil Company Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday by the Kentucky Consumers' Oil Company with a capital stock of $15,000, divided into 600 shares of $25 each. The privilege is reserved to increase the capital stock to $30,000. The incorporators are John McNab, E. Kimble and R. L. Kelly.

ECZEMA'S ITCH IS TORTURE.

Eczema is caused by an acid humor in the blood coming in contact with the skin and producing great redness and inflammation; little pustular eruptions form and discharge a thin, sticky fluid, which dries and scales off; sometimes the skin is hard, dry and fissured. Eczema in any form is a tormenting, stubborn disease, and the itching and burning at times are almost unbearable; the acid burning humor seems to ooze out and set the skin on fire. Salves, washes nor other external applications do any real good, for as long as the poison remains in the blood it will keep the skin irritated.

BAD FORM OF TETTER.

"For three years I had Tetter on my hands, which caused them to swell to twice their natural size. Part of the time the disease was in the form of running sores, very painful, and causing me much discomfort. Four doctors said the Tetter had progressed too far to be cured, and they could do nothing for me. I took only three bottles of S. S. S. and was completely cured. This was fifteen years ago, and I have never since seen any sign of my old trouble."—Mrs. L. B. JACKSON, 1414 McGee St., Kansas City, Mo.

S. S. S. neutralizes this acid poison, cools the blood and restores it to a healthy, natural state, and the rough, unhealthy skin becomes soft, smooth and clear.

SSS cures Tetter, Erysipelas, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and all skin diseases due to a poisoned condition of the blood. Send for our book and write us about your case. Our physicians have made these diseases a life study, and can help you by their advice; we make no charge for this service. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FIRST DEATH

Decides Heirs To Weis Estate.

RESERVE FUND AGAIN.

COURT DECIDES THAT MRS. KUCH IS INSANE.

BARKER ON THE SPEED LAW.

George Weis and his wife, Caroline Weis, were struck by lightning and killed June 25 in their home, near Fern Creek. The filing of a suit yesterday by their administrator, Jacob G. Hikes, to settle their estates, presents an interesting phase of the law of descent. The question of fact involved is: Did Weis or his wife die first? The petition places Weis' death fifteen minutes ahead of his wife's, and if this is substantiated it materially affects the interest of the three sets of children left by Mr. and Mrs. Weis.

Weis and his wife were each married twice. Weis, by his first wife, had three children—Will Weis, Annie Weis and Lillie Weis, and three children by his second wife—George Weis, Matilda Weis and Edward Weis.

Mrs. Weis first married John Christian and had two children by him—Rosa Christian and Annie M. Christian.

Mrs. Weis owned no property, but her second husband had an insurance policy for $1,000 which was to go to her if she survived him, if not, to his general estate. Weis owned a piece of land, which will net about $800 and a lot of personalty which was sold for about the same amount. His estate thus totals about $2,600.

If Weis died after his wife the two Weis sets of children would get his realty, personalty and life insurance, and the Christian children would get nothing. But the petition sets up that the wife breathed fifteen minutes longer. Under this condition she inherited the insurance, although only for the few minutes, and her children by Christian and Weis will divide it. The first set of Weis children get none of the insurance but divide their father's realty and personalty with the second set of Weis children. Harris & Marshal were the attorneys who filed the suit.

Wants Suits Taken To Federal Court.

Thomas M. Swann some months ago sued the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York for $5,317.85, claimed to have been paid on two insurance policies, and for $3,000 damages for alleged breaches of the policy contracts. The cases were removed to the Federal Court and Judge Evans held that the service was void. The suits were then dismissed without prejudice.

Subsequently Swann filed two suits in the Jefferson Circuit Court for $1,900 each, in order to prevent their removal to the Federal Court, but stated in one petition that the premiums paid were $2,658.92 and in the other $2,658.93. He simply split his premiums in two, but only sought judgment in each suit for $1,900.

A petition was filed yesterday by the association to remove the suits to the Federal Court on the ground that the actual amounts in controversy were $2,658.92 and $2,658.93 and not the amounts for which judgments were asked.

Mrs. Kuch Is Insane.

Mrs. Louise Kuch, of 1558 Barret avenue, was adjudged insane yesterday in the Criminal Division. An information of lunacy was sworn out against Mrs. Kuch Thursday, but her husband, Matheas Kuch, wanting to fight the case, the hearing was postponed until yesterday.

Frank Lammers, a next door neighbor, was the chief witness against Mrs. Kuch and he testified that she had thrown bricks through his window, pointed a pistol at him and his children and had accused him of being a witch. Other testimony was introduced going to prove that Mrs. Kuch's mind was unbalanced. It was shown that she had been sent to the asylum before. She is fifty-four years of age and "disease" was the assigned cause.

Speed Law Does Not Apply.

Judge Barker yesterday sustained the demurrers to the indictments against the C. and O. and L. and N., charging the roads with running their trains through Crescent Hill and Clifton at a dangerous rate of speed.

Judge Barker held that as the city's charter had empowered the General Council to pass ordinances controlling railroads in this matter within the city limits and the General Council had failed to do so, the general law did not apply.

May Continue Hanlon's Case.

The trial of George Hanlon, charged with the murder of Corporal Fred Richterkessing, will be called this morning in the Criminal Division, but owing to the absence of Judge Barker in Lexington, where he is attending a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the State College, it is not likely that the case will be tried. It will be continued a few days. It is said that the Commonwealth has materially strengthened its case.

Order Against Cemetery.

The law will be invoked to-day to prevent the Union Colored Cemetery Association from carrying out its purpose of establishing a cemetery on the fifteen acres of land purchased by it west of Twenty-sixth street. An injunction suit will be filed to-day by a number of the property owners on West Chestnut street and West Broadway, and an effort will be made to secure a restraining order. The necessity for prompt action is on account of the fact that work is to be begun on the proposed cemetery to-morrow.

Grand Jury Indictments.

The grand jury yesterday presented the following indictments and adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock:

Housebreaking—Wm. Minn, charged with breaking into the dwelling house of Belle Garr and stealing a lot of clothing and three gold rings.

Malicious Shooting At Without Wounding—James Ditto, charged with shooting at John Dix; William Kennedy, charged with shooting at Charles Ewing and Josephine Porter.

Embeziement—Jerry Lewis, charged with embezzling $7.50, the property of the Bowles Market Company.

Court Paragraphs.

—The will of Cornelius Schmitt was probated and his wife, Philippine Schmitt, is the sole devisee and executrix.

—The Louisville Trust Company, as executor of L. M. Paine, entered suit against Ben G. Kendall for $600, alleged to be due on a note.

—Mary Edwards was found guilty of keeping a disorderly house at 627 Tenth street and was fined $200 and given a jail sentence of three months.

—William McCrone sued the United States Cast Iron and Pipe Foundry Company for $1,999.99 damages for injuries received in the overturning of a mould.

—The Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Company filed a petition asking to be discharged from liability with respect to $436.36, paid by it into court as administrator of Isaac Wolf. The amount is the distributory share of Henry H. Wolf, who went into bankruptcy and also made an assignment to T. W. Spindle.

—A verdict was returned in the Law and Equity Division for $45 in favor of Alma R. Hobson and the Louisville Trust Company as guardian of Jane S. Reed and Jos. L. Reed, in their suit against George J. Graeser for $125, alleged to be due for the rent of the property situated on the west side of First street, 102¾ feet south of Water.

City Court Docket.

Disorderly Conduct—Carrie Ray; December 12. Charles Ware, William Ricks; December 11. Sarah Smith; December 12. Humphrey Harris; dismissed.

Drunkenness—James McCloud; $5 and suspended.

Drunkenness and Disorderly Conduct—James Protsman; $5. Bum Meyers; $10. Frank Stokes; $10 and $100 for thirty days. Minnie Robinson; $10.

Housebreaking—George Payne; December 12. William Brooks; December 18.

Malicious Wounding—Henry Stewart; December 12. William Workman; December 10.

Grand Larceny—Henry Snyder, Frank Dale, Frank Ripley; December 11.

WILL HOLD ON.

CURETON THINKS BARNETT CANNOT BE OUSTED.

Says Surveyor Has Conducted Office In Businesslike Manner and Is In No Danger.

Mr. C. M. Barnett, Surveyor of the Port of Louisville, is expected to return from Washington to-morrow night or Thursday morning. Mr. Barnett made up his mind very suddenly Saturday afternoon to go to the capital, and the 6 o'clock train bore him eastward. It was suspected that he went to have a chat with the President and learn what his chances were for continuing in office. This was denied yesterday at the Customhouse, where his chief deputy, Mr. Cureton, said that he had gone to meet the President and talk over matters in general.

Mr. Cureton says there is no doubt in his mind that Mr. Barnett will hold on. He says that so far as he knows no charges have been filed against him and he knows of no grounds on which charges can be mde. He says Mr. Barnett has conducted his office in a businesslike manner, and while he is chairman of the Republican State Central Committee he has never allowed politics to become a factor in his office.

Mr. Cureton thinks, as do many others about the Customhouse, that the fight being made on Mr. Barnett was instituted by Mr. Bradley for no other reason than to secure the office for Mr. D. R. Collier, and that when he comes to ask the President for it he will be asked to produce his charges. If he has none, and Mr. Barnett's friends say that there can be none, it is believed the President will invite Mr. Bradley to return to Kentucky, and he will then recommission Mr. Barnett.

Information reached the Customhouse yesterday that Mr. D. R. Collier was up in the Seventh congressional district visiting the various chairmen of the county committees and asking for their indorsement. It is understood that by this method Mr. Collier hopes to convince the President that Mr. Barnett has no control over the party organization in the State.

HOLT SENDS IN HIS RESIGNATION.

Crescent Hill People Want Their Post-Office Put Under Jurisdiction of Postmaster Baker.

J. H. Holt, Jr., Postmaster at Crescent Hill, has sent his resignation to Washington to take effect immediately on the appointment of his successor. Holt left his office Saturday and came to the city, where he remained all day. As he had no deputy, the residents of the suburb were unable to get their mail. His resignation was written shortly after his return to his office.

The residents of Crescent Hill are in favor of abolishing the office altogether and being placed under the jurisdiction of the Louisville office, which would give them the carrier service. Dr. Baker was asked yesterday what would be done in the matter, and he said it was his intention to secure a map of the city, and if that part of the hill where the post-office is located is in the city limits he would make some recommendations. For the benefit of the residents of the hill and the Postmaster it can be stated that the city limits extend to within two squares of the office.

WET SNOW SUCCEEDS DREARY RAIN.

Weather Man Says It Will Be Colder To-day, Mercury Dropping Probably To 22.

Louisville's temporary rainy season will suspend business to-day if the weather man can be relied upon. His predictions yesterday for to-day were "fair and colder." There was a steady rainfall all of yesterday and at 5 o'clock the precipitation had been 1.59.

After 5 o'clock the rain turned into a wet snow, which only lasted for a few minutes when rain again succeeded it. Maj. Hersey said yesterday that there were no prospects for a good snow in Louisville. He said the temperature would drop to-day to about 22 degrees.

No menu is complete without Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne on it. If not on, ask for it.

Mrs. Crowe Is Transferred.

Mrs. Rosa B. Crowe will be transferred to-day from a deputy collectorship to a clerkship under Mr. Thrasher, the Revenue Agent. Her salary will remain the same, $1,000 a year. In her new position she will be under civil service regulations.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD — CENTRAL PASSENGER ROUTE — MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

California

Fullman Excursion Sleepers through from Louisville without change.

Information and Tickets at Southeast Corner Fourth and Market.

MAY ELECT PARSONS AS ENGINEER.

Messrs. Jefferson and Satterwhite May Vote On Him To-day— Question of Term's Length.

It was reported yesterday that Messrs. Jefferson and Satterwhite will to-day re-elect Mr. Clarence Parsons as chief engineer for a term of four years. Mr. Parsons was elected four years ago by the retiring board just before Mayor Weaver came into power, and it is claimed that his term expired last night. Many hold the opinion that the chief engineer is not elected for any given term and that he is subject to removal at any time.

Mayor Grainger is said to be in favor of the election of Mr. Joshua Breed as chief engineer. Mr. T. L. Jefferson said last night that there was no understanding between him and Mr. Satterwhite as to Mr. Parsons' reappointment, but that personally he favored it.

Maps of March Cyclone.

Maj. Hersey received four maps yesterday showing the range of the cyclone which struck Louisville in March, 1890. The first map shows the condition of the temperature at 8 o'clock p. m., March 26; the next, its condition at 8 o'clock a. m., March 27; the next, the condition at 8 o'clock p. m. the same day, and the last, the conditions that prevailed at 8 a. m. on March 28.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Dec. 9.—Cattle—The receipts today footed up to 2,132 head. Market ruled steady to strong on prime butchers; common kinds slow at steady prices. There was a good demand for prime feeders and stockers, steady prices generally prevailing; in some instances choice kinds sold a shade higher; common plain kinds were slow sale. Bull market steady. Canners unchanged. Choice milch cows and springers fully steady; common easy. Good demand for heavy shipping cattle at quotations. Pens well cleared of choice grades at the close.

Calves—Receipts to-day 67 head. Market dull and 50c lower, choice veals selling at $3.75@4; common kinds not wanted.

Hogs—Receipts to-day 8,356 head. Market opened early, with heavies, light pigs and roughs steady; others 10c lower. There were plenty of buyers, both local and foreign, and all the hogs were sold; best heavies selling at $6.25; mediums $5.85; light shippers $5.40; 100 to 120-lb. pigs $5.10; 80 to 100 lbs. $4.75; 50 to 80 lbs. $4.50@4.75; roughs $4.50@5.50.

Sheep and Lambs—The receipts to-day footed up to 50 head. Choice sheep and lambs selling readily at quotations; something fancy a shade higher; common kinds slow sale.

Quotations.

Cattle—Choice to prime shipping steers	$5 00@ 5 50
Medium to good shipping steers	4 50@ 5 00
Choice butcher steers	3 75@ 4 40
Best butchers	3 75@ 4 25
Fair to good butchers	3 00@ 3 75
Common to medium butchers	2 25@ 3 00
Canners	1 25@ 2 25
Good to choice feeders	3 65@ 4 00
Common to medium feeders	3 00@ 3 40
Good to extra stock steers	3 50@ 3 65
Common to medium stock steers	2 25@ 2 75
Good to choice stock heifers	2 25@ 2 75
Com. to medium stock heifers	2 00@ 2 25
Plain mixed light stockers	2 00@ 2 50
Good to choice bologna bulls	2 75@ 3 10
Medium to good bulls	2 50@ 2 75
Choice veal calves	3 75@ 4 00
Common to medium calves	3 50@ 3 75
Milch cows, choice to fancy	30 00@40 00
Milch cows, medium to good	20 00@25 00
Milch cows, plain and common	15 00@20 00
Hogs—Choice packing and butchers, 200 to 300 lbs	6 25
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs	5 85
Choice light ship., 120 to 160 lbs	5 40
Choice pigs, 100 to 120 lbs	5 10
Good pigs, 80 to 100 lbs	4 75
Light pigs, 50 to 80 lbs	4 50@ 4 75
Roughs, 150 to 500 lbs	4 50@ 5 50
Sheep and Lambs—Good to extra shipping sheep	2 25@ 2 40
Fair to good	2 00@ 2 25
Thin sheep	1 00@ 2 00
Bucks	1 50@ 2 25
Extra shipping lambs	3 50@ 4 00
Best butcher lambs	4 00@ 4 40
Fair to good butcher lambs	3 00@ 3 25
Tail-ends or culls	2 50@ 3 00

(Reported by Stewart, Sanders, Miller & Co., Live Stock Commission Merchants, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Dec. 9.—Cattle—Receipts show a nice increase over last Monday; the quality of the offerings were generally of good quality, consisting of butchers, stockers, feeders, a fair run of bulls and canners. The market ruled active and a shade higher on all good grades of butchers, stockers and feeders; the common and medium grades ruled fairly active at firm values and an early clearance of all the offerings was made. The market had a fair supply of heavy shipping steers, all of which met with ready sale at an advance of 10c over last Monday's prices. The market closed active and firm, with pens all cleared. Outlook good for the remainder of the week.

Hogs—Receipts show an increase over last Monday; the offerings were of good quality. The market ruled active for all the offerings; prices steady on choice heavies; 5@10c lower on all other grades. The market closed with all sold early at the following prices: Choice heavies $6.25; mediums $5.85; light shippers $5.40; 100 to 120-lb. pigs $5.15@5.20; light pigs, 80 to 100 lbs. $4.85@5; lighter weights $4.75; roughs $4.50@5.40. Outlook fair for next few days.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. All the offerings sold early at steady prices.

Quotations.

Cattle—Extra shipping	$5 00@ 5 50
Light shippers	4 50@ 5 00
Best butchers	3 75@ 4 40
Fair to good butchers	3 00@ 3 75
Com. to medium butchers	2 25@ 3 00
Canners	1 25@ 2 00
Good to extra feeders	3 50@ 3 90
Common to medium feeders	3 00@ 3 40
Choice to extra stockers	3 25@ 3 60
Choice to extra heifers	2 25@ 2 50
Bulls	2 00@ 3 00
Veal calves	4 00@ 4 75
Choice milch cows	30 00@40 00
Fair to good milch cows	15 00@30 00
Hogs—Choice packing and butchers, 200 to 300 lbs	6 25
Fair to good pack., 160 to 200 lbs	5 85
Good to ex. light, 120 to 160 lbs	5 40
Fat shoats, 100 to 120 lbs	5 15@ 5 20
Fat shoats, 80 to 100 lbs	4 85@ 5 00
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs	5 00@ 5 40
Sheep and Lambs—Good to extra shipping sheep	2 25@ 2 40
Fair to good	2 00@ 2 25
Common to medium	1 00@ 2 00
Bucks	1 50@ 2 25
Extra lambs	4 00@ 4 40
Fair to good	3 00@ 3 25
Tail-ends or culls	2 00@ 3 00

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Dec. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 5,500 natives, 700 Texans and 300 calves; beef cattle steady; others strong; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.30@5.80; fair to good $4.75@5.80; stockers and feeders $3@4.50; Western-fed steers $5@6.25; Western range steers $3.50@4.80; Texas and Indian steers $3@4.25; Texas cows $2@3.75; native cows $2.75@4.75; heifers $3.25@5.50; canners $1.75@2.65; bulls $2.50@4.25; calves $3.25@5.50. Hogs—Receipts 13,000 head; market 5@20c higher; top price $6.00; bulk of sales at $5.85@6.00; heavy $5.50@6.00; mixed packers $6.20@6.50; light $5.50@6.35; pigs $4.00@5.50. Sheep—Receipts 2,000 head; market strong; native lambs $4.25@4.75; Western lambs $4@4.50; native wethers $3.50@4; Western wethers $3.25@3.50; Western yearlings $3.85@4.25; ewes $2.75@4.40; culls and feeders $2@3.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 24,000 head; general market 5@10c lower; good to prime $6.40@8; poor to medium $4@6.25; stockers and feeders $2.25@4.50; cows $1.25@4.35; heifers $2.50@5.50; canners $1.25@2.50; bulls $2@4.15; calves $2.50@5.50. Hogs—Receipts today 50,000 head, to-morrow 45,000; left over 5,000; market 5@10c higher, closing weak; mixed and butchers' $5.85@6.35; good to choice heavy $5.95@6.45; rough heavy $5.60@5.90; light $5.25@5.90; bulk of sales at $5.80@6.30. Sheep—Receipts 25,000 head; sheep and lambs steady to strong; good to choice wethers $3.50@5.25; fair to choice mixed $2.75@3.50; Western sheep $3@4; native lambs $2.50@5; Western lambs $2@4.25. Official Saturday Receipts—Cattle 563; hogs 30,208; sheep 1,035. Shipments—Cattle 749; hogs 2,683; sheep 599.

New York.

New York, Dec. 9.—Beeves—Receipts 4,639 head; steers firm; bulls steady; steers $4.90@6.35; cows $3@3.65; bulls $2.50@3.30; cows $1.60@3.75 cables steady. Calves—Receipts 1,900 head; market 25c lower; veals $4@7.75; little calves $3@4; grassers $2.75@3.25. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 10,200 head; sheep lower; lambs 27½c off; sheep $2@3.65; extra heavy ewes $3.40@3.50; lambs $4@5. Hogs—Receipts 12,809 head; market firm; State hogs $6@6.15; Western hogs $5.90.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Dec. 9.—Hogs active at $4@6.20. Cattle strong and higher at $2.25@5.60. Sheep steady at $1.25@3.25. Lambs steady at $3@4.75.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 9.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 14@22 points, and during the first hour was remarkably strong on the enormous demand from shorts, who were stampeded by a bulge of 8@9 points in Liverpool. Bull confidence was intensified by rumors of an advance of ¼@¼c in Southern spot markets. On the first wave of buying January jumped to 8.25c and May to 8.29c, these figures being about the best of the session. Heavy rains over most of the belt, with snow in Memphis, coupled with a forecast for very much colder temperatures in the South to-night, added to the bullish feeling here. Wall street and Western grain interests sold out great blocks of January and March on the uplift. Toward midday the market went off a few points under room selling and broke sharply soon after midday under large estimates for to-morrow's New Orleans and Houston receipts. January touched 8.13c and May 8.17c before fresh general buying turned the scale and rallied the market 8 points. The room played for a reaction, but the second advance was so rapid that very little cotton was picked up to good advantage. It was seen that total port receipts for the day fell many thousands of bales short of total port clearances. Fall River news was very favorable and spinners were reported bidding freely for supplies throughout the South. Interior receipts for the day fell 10,000 bales short of those for the same day last year. In the last hour shorts were very nervous and picked up a good deal of cotton sold by scalpers for profits. Closed steady at a net advance of 8@15 points.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 45,000 bales, against 52,435 (actual) last week and 45,122 (actual) last year; for the week 300,000 bales, against 332,817 (actual) last week and 310,325 (actual) last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 10,882 bales, against 17,545 last year, and at Houston 11,338 bales, against 16,935 last year.

Spot cotton opened hardening and firmly held, with middling uplands quoted at 8⅛c and do gulf at 8⅜c. Closed quiet and unchanged; sales 2,900 bales.

The following is the range of futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.
December	8.25	8.19	8.26	8.18
January	8.25	8.18	8.25	8.15
February	....	8.18	....	....
March	8.25	8.20	8.28	8.17
April	8.26	8.20	8.29	8.20
May	8.27	8.20	8.27	8.18
June	8.26	8.18	8.27	8.18
July	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.14
August	8.10	8.07	8.10	8.07

New Orleans, Dec. 9.—Spot cotton was more active to-day. An advance of 3-32d in Liverpool, light receipts and general firmness all along the line brought trouble to the bear element as soon as the market opened. Cotton was eagerly sought after by spinners who have all along refused to buy, even when purchases could have been made a cent per pound lower than present figures. Sales to-day 9,500 bales, including 3,700 to arrive. Quotations advanced ¼c on all grades; ordinary 6 9-16c; good ordinary 7 1-16c; low middling 7⅝c; middling 8c; good middling 8¼c; middling fair 8 11-16c; receipts 10,957 bales; stock 277,527. There was quite a lively opening at the Cotton Exchange this morning. Liverpool came much better than expected, being from 5-64@ 8-64d up on the futures. This market opened about 15 points higher and worked up until March was traded in at 8.13c. Heavy realizing then set in, which carried the market 6 points down from the top, but later there was a fresh buying movement and prices were gradually worked up a bit, closing with net gains on the day of 15 points on December and 11@12 points on other positions. January and March were the most active months.

Liverpool, Dec. 9.—Spot cotton in fair demand; prices 3-32@¼d higher; American middling fair 4 31-32d; good middling 4⅜d; middling 4¼d; low middling 4 17-32d; good ordinary 4 13-32d; ordinary 4 5-32d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 6,900 American; receipts 13,400 bales, all American Futures opened firm and closed very steady.

Memphis, Dec. 9.—Cotton firm; middling 7 15-16c; receipts 7,848 bales; shipments 5,410; sales 2,700; stock 114,526.

Savannah, Dec. 9.—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16c; sales 584 bales; receipts 7,121; stock 114,737.

Galveston, Dec. 9.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅞c; sales 214 bales; receipts 15,584; stock 196,440.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅞c; sales 175 bales; receipts 4,580; stock 53,141.

Boston, Dec. 9.—Cotton quiet; middling 8¼c; net receipts 158 bales; gross 1,621.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Dec. 9.—The attitude of sellers in staple cotton goods is checking the demand somewhat. There have been bids for considerable quantities at recent prices turned down in brown and coarse colored cottons. Bleached muslins firm. Print cloths quiet but firm in narrow makes; wide goods are tending upward. Prints and ginghams firm, but business moderate.

Naval Stores.

Wilmington, Dec. 9.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing. Rosin firm at 95c@$1. Crude turpentine quiet at $1.10@2. Tar firm at $1.20. Charleston, Dec. 9.—Spirits of turpentine firm and unchanged. Rosin firm and unchanged.

Savannah, Dec. 9.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 35½c. Rosin firm.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, Dec. 9.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, December 7, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat 55,240,000 bu., increase 2,844,000; corn 10,930,000 bu., decrease 297,000; oats 6,415,000 bu., decrease 187,000; rye 2,522,000 bu., decrease 32,000; barley 2,809,000 bu., decrease 198,000.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—Wool market steady; medium grades 13@17½c; light fine 12½@15c; heavy fine 10@12c; tub-washed 14@24c.

London Wool Sales.

London, Dec. 9.—The offerings at the wool auction sales to-day numbered 14,185 bales. Competition was spirited and fine quantities sold at full rates. Fine scoureds were eagerly bought by French and German buyers. A good selection of fine greasy was in active demand for the home trade and continent and occasionally a lot was taken by American buyers. Lower grades were more active and bids showed a slight improvement over previous sales. Following are the sales in detail:

New South Wales, 2,700 bales; scoured 4½d @1s 6d; greasy 3½@9½d.

Queensland, 4,900 bales; scoured 8d@1s 6½d; greasy 3½@10d.

Victoria, 1,600 bales; scoured 5½d@1s 6½d; greasy 6½@10d.

South Australia, 300 bales; scoured 7½d@1s 4½d; greasy 7@7½d.

West Australia, 1,000 bales; scoured 4½d@ 1s ½d; greasy 3½@7d.

Tasmania, 1,400 bales; greasy 3½@8½.

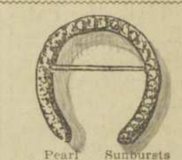
New Zealand, 3,200 bales; scoured 4¾d@1s 5d; greasy 2½@9d.

Foreign Produce.

Liverpool, Dec. 9.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red Western winter 6s 1½d; No. 1 Northern spring 6s 1½d; No. 1 California 6s 3d; futures steady; March 6s 2⅝d; May 6s 3⅜d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, old 5s 7d; futures quiet; January 5s 5⅝d; March 5s 4¼d; May 5s 4⅛d. Hams—Short cut quiet at 49s 6d. Bacon—Short ribs quiet at 48s 6d; long clear middles, heavy quiet at 47s 6d; short clear backs steady at 46s; clear bellies quiet at 56s. Shoulders—Square steady at 43s 6d. Lard—Prime Western in tierces steady at 49s 6d. Hops at London (Pacific coast) steady at £3@ £3 15s. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 108,600 quarters from Atlantic ports, none from Pacific ports and 4,000 from other ports. Imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 36,200 quarters.

JEWELRY, ETC.

Solitaire Diamond Rings $15, $25 to $500.
Cluster Diamond Rings $35, $50 to $250.
Diamond and Emerald Rings $25 to $300.
Diamond Rings, set with opals, turquoise and sapphires, $35 to $150.



Pearl Sunbursts $7.50 to $100.
Some Beauties from $15 to $25.
Barrettes for Hair $3 to $10.
Gold Brooches $3.50 to $12.
Lavallieres $10 to $75.
Gold Lockets $5 to $30.
Gold Guard Chains $10 to $20.

Why Not

Go to the store where only Standard Goods

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, Dec. 9.—The steady downpour of rain all during banking hours made business lighter in the way of borrowing, but people and banks are checking out deposits, making a heavy counter movement. Bankers say they see no prospect of relief in the monetary situation before January, but the rush is not as great as it has been. New York exchange was quoted at 25c discount, but it was thought a bank would have to pay par if going out to buy. Trust companies reported less inquiry for money.

The Clearing-house report to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,764,326
Balance	292,142

The local security market was affected by the steady rain and there were fewer inquiries, but a healthy undertone. There was bidding for Union, Citizens' and American National and Bank of Commerce shares. For Union and Citizens' 163 would be paid, both stocks being in demand, while 132½ is bid for American and 133½ asked. For Bank of Commerce 174 is bid. Very few banking or trust shares have been offered. There was an inquiry for Louisville Railway common in small lots, but a broker reported he could not offer it under 108. St. Louis railways have become easier and with less demand. Transit common sold at 34⅝@34¾, but there were no transactions in the preferred beyond the sale of one share at 90¼. The bonds brought 90¾. A fair demand was reported for New Orleans Railway common at 31¼, with 32¾ asked, and very little to be had at that. Following were the sales reported:

$3,000 United Railways 4s	*90¾
$1,000 L. and N. collateral 4s	99⅞
$2,000 L. and N. collateral 4s	100
$3,000 L. and N. unified 4s	103
$4,000 Louisville Railway 5s	*118¾
$1,000 J., M. and I. second 7s	*123
100 shares N. O. City Railway com	31½
200 shares St. Louis Transit common	34⅛
200 shares St. Louis Transit common	34⅛
1 share United Railways pref	90¾

*And interest.

Messrs. John C. Russell and John W. Barr returned this morning from New Orleans, where they have been in attendance on a meeting of the New Orleans City Railway directory and to look after the pool. Mr. Barr says that the New Orleans pool is a success, enough stock having been deposited to fill the three-fourths requirement of Mr. Pearson, but he has not yet signified whether he will take the option offered him. He has 120 days in which to make his decision so far as the New Orleans pool is concerned, but he has spent so much money in his investigations—$50,000 to $75,000—that it is felt in New Orleans he will carry out the deal. The pooled stock now commands a premium and has sold at 31¾ in New Orleans and with none offering under 32½. To-day 31¾ was bid here and 32¼ asked, but with very little stock under the pool price. Earnings continue to show up well, being as follows for November:

	1900.	1901.
Gross	$106,142 45	$109,420 55
	$123,741 10	

Increase for month, $14,320.55.

Earnings for the first four days of December have shown a gain of $1,615.05, keeping well up to $500 a day.

Late in the afternoon 100 shares of New Orleans were sold at 31½ and that price was bid for more.

The belief is strong here that the New York market's future course will be in accordance with the movements of Amalgamated Copper. A decided rally came in that mercurial stock to-day, it rising 6 points above the low point of the morning and closing within ⅛ of the top. All sorts of rumors came out, and one was that the directors at their meeting this week will not only not reduce or pass the dividend, as predicted last week, but will raise it. The sudden rally in the stock is significant, but no one can tell what will happen. It has declined 65¾ points from 130 reached last June and is still 29 points below the underwriters' price. Ordinarily it should be heavily oversold, but no one can tell except the men who knew it was going down and sold.

The Financial Chronicle quotes from the Evening Times as to the offer of 120 for the Louisville Railway and adds:

"Other conflicting rumors are given by the Courier-Journal, which further quotes a stockholder as saying that for several months he was approached regarding a possible guarantee of dividends on a sliding scale. This latter statement recalls the mysterious United States Traction Company mentioned in vol. 73, pages 686, 554 and 494."

The United States Traction Company was a Delaware corporation with a nominal capital of $30,000. Nothing authentic was ever learned with regard to it.

New York.—Although London prices for Americans were below parity, our market shortly after the opening had such a decline as to result in considerable purchases for foreign account. The opening of our market was fairly steady, but pressure quickly developed on fears of a further break in Copper and on rumors that Mr. Harriman was dangerously sick from pneumonia. The upward movement in Amalgamated Copper, which began shortly after the lunch hour, was quickly reflected in the rest of the market, prices in both industrials and railroads making substantial advances from the lowest prices of the day. In spite of the frequency of Mr. Lawson's utterances and skepticism with which they are generally received the market was no doubt influenced by a report from Boston that Mr. Lawson had bid ½ of 1 per cent. for a call good to-morrow on 100,000 shares of Amalgamated Copper. Another favorable rumor in regard to this stock was that an agreement had been arrived at between the Rothschilds, as representing the Rio Tinto mines, and the United States Smelting Company, the latter acting for the Amalgamated Copper Company, to maintain the price of copper at the present level, the Rio Tinto people agreeing to a certain production. Money ruled firm during the day, most of the loans being made at 6 per cent., whilst no money was loaned lower than 5½ per cent. In spite of the satisfactory rally in the market the temper of conservative commission houses is not improved. They are expected between now and the end of the year as will the recent break in Copper has resulted in large losses by the public, losses which will act as a deterrent to activity for some time to come.—(S. C. Henning.

New York.—The sharp upturn in the market from the general weakness and decline early in the day was due to the distribution of large buying orders in many stocks by the largest local operators and reassuring advices from Boston, together with the influence of the sharp rally in Copper stocks there and Amalgamated Copper here. Liquidation had been on such an extensive scale the last three or four days and such a large short interest had been created on the break in the morning that when the market rallied the crowd generally in the room turned buyers and were active in bidding prices up. From the action of Amalgamated Copper it was presumed that the crisis had been passed, and it was that impression which caused the covering and general strength elsewhere, and the tone at the close was firm for the general list. Aside from the improvement in the technical speculative position of the market from the extensive liquidation and the increased short interest the general situation and outlook remains unchanged. The market may be rallied further on the shorts, but the chances for an immediate resumption of active bull speculation are certainly not bright after the heavy losses which the rank and file of operators have sustained.—(Hunt & Hutchings.

St. Paul, Union Pacific and the balance of the Grangers and Pacifics met with free selling in conjunction with declines in New York Central and Pennsylvania. The Coalers worked down, but the buying was of a good character, with a belief prevailing that any ease in money would stimulate their values very quickly. Sugar, United States Steel and People's Gas met with selling, while further liquidation took place in tractions, but Manhattan was well bought on the way down. Business was well diversified. The banks have lost to the Subtreasury $1,930,000 since Friday, but less talk was heard regarding gold exports consequent on the stiffness in money. The air was full of rumors emanating from Boston, but they were too indefinite to carry any weight. During the afternoon the rally appeared, due to money being offered at 4¼ per cent., Amalgamated Copper meeting with extra support.—(W. & L.

Wortham & Co., Rochester brokers, say with respect to a security which has been dealt in here to some extent:

"The price of Rochester Railway has been bid up to 41 for the common and the preferred to 95; but even these high figures have brought out no stock, the market here being practically cleaned up on these shares."

New York.—The liquidation which set in during Saturday's market continued this morning and lasted till afternoon. Amalgamated Copper, toward which all eyes are directed at present, opened down 2 points, but soon found support. During the last hour the stock sold at 71, with heavy trading induced by the shorts covering and on report that the dividend would not be reduced at the coming meeting. The Gould stocks were strong during the early morning under the influence of the action of Copper, and later this stock, as well as the general list, recovered about 2 points from the low price. The foreign market weakened on account of the higher money rate. The news otherwise was not important. Should it prove true that no reduction will take place in the Copper dividend, and considering the decline of about 65 points experienced by the stock, it would seem that the worst was past and that the end of the Copper trouble should have a good effect on the general market.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The market was heavy and weak all the morning. Money loaned as high as 7 per cent., which was one reason for the break. Buying at declines was good and at no time was there lack of a good market to sell on. Amalgamated was the feature, and on the purchase of 30,000 shares by Content rallied 5 points from the lowest, carrying the whole list with it. No news to explain rise, but it looks to us as though the bottom has been reached in this stock. Good stocks are down enough to be a purchase even on this rally.—(Halsey & Halsey.

New York.—The market showed more strength at the opening than was expected, especially Copper, which remained strong at about the opening figures until the last hour, when it rallied to 71, causing higher prices throughout the list. Railroad stocks were bought during the day by strong interests. Liquidation has been quite heavy the past week. The future of the market depends a great deal on Amalgamated Copper.—John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—I would sooner buy than sell Southern preferred, Louisville and Nashville, Pennsylvania, Norfolk and Western, Chesapeake and Ohio and Manhattan at these prices. —(Prince & Whitely.

New York.—President Newman, of the New York Central, is quoted as saying that his company would have no objection to running trains by electricity in connection with Manhattan Elevated, and that such a plan will be indeed feasible. No intention to purchase any Manhattan stock. No traffic agreement is now under consideration.—(Almstedt Bros.

London.—Attention at all financial centers continue to converge on the copper situation. After a decline to 40¾ Rio Tintos have rallied to 42¾, causing a better feeling all around, following the early heaviness.

Thomas W. Lawson says: "I am bidding ¼ to call any part of 100,000 Amalgamated at 75 over to-morrow."—(News.

Meeker Bros., Investment Brokers of Columbus, Ohio, in their weekly letter in the local security market, write as follows:

"Another active week has pessed in our local market. Despite the uncertainties of the general stock list and a threatened money market in New York our demand for investment stocks has been good. At an advance to 48½ and 50 in common Street Railway large quantities were absorbed, one local investor of great wealth having purchased several hundred shares. The outside cities and towns were also good buyers of this stock. It is considered by the best financiers that common Street, dividend or no dividend in January, has a great future ahead of it. Only woeful mismanagement could ever cause it to be worth much less than at present, and increased earnings with increased population must certainly in time make it a greater dividend payer than the preferred stock. Preferred Street has also had its inning, having gone as high as 104 during the week, with 105 asked and standing Saturday night at 103½ bid and 104½ asked. Very little of this stock is on the market."

The New Orleans Times-Democrat of Saturday quotes the local security market as follows:

"Money was in good demand and easy. Foreign bills were weak here and in New York, and New York sight here was also weak. Local securities were steady. City and State bonds were firm, and the principal interest manifested in the market was in City Railroad preferred stock, which was in demand and sold at 105. City Railroad preferred certificates were also strong, and other securities were about unanged.

Sales at 10 A. M. Call.

20 shares City Railroad preferred	105
5 shares City Railroad preferred	105
10 shares City Railroad preferred	105
5 shares City Railroad preferred	105
10 shares City Railroad preferred	105

Sales Between 10 and 12.

25 shares City Railroad pref. certificates 105

Somehow or other we generally do get a bad hit as Christmas approaches. Two years ago the market was getting somewhat shaky, in the way it is now, and it was tumbled over by London going into collapse on Buller's defeat at Colenso. London sold everything it had in Americans, and our market could not stand the sudden weight. It had a bad smash. Some people thought the boom was all over after that; but in time, a couple of months or so, things picked up again; and since then we have had the biggest bull market ever known. It would be comforting to believe that we have already had all the decline this market is going to get this winter, very comforting. But the fact is, things look very much the other way. It is a time to have sails close reefed, for the barometer is certainly falling, and it behooves one to look out for a squall. There is no trouble about railroad earnings—they are immense; nor about the volume of trade, for it is great beyond precedent; and if we have had a short corn crop, we have extraordinarily high prices both for corn and wheat; we have open abroad and domestic tranquility; also a President who can make even a Presidential message as interesting as any magazine sketch he ever wrote. Notwithstanding these things there are times when, as the gentleman quoted above says, we have to take our gruel. This is one of the times.—Cuthbert Mills.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

New York Stock Exchange.

New York, Dec. 9.—Money on call firm at 5@7 per cent.; last loan at 5½; ruling rate 6; prime mercantile paper 4½@5. Sterling exchange steady at decline, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¾ for demand and at $4.83⅝@4.83⅞ for 60 days; posted rates $4.84½@4.85 and $4.88@4.88½; commercial bills $4.81@4.83½. Bar silver 54⅝c. Mexican dollars 43¼c. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular.

There was a lively shaking out of speculative long accounts in stocks to-day, accompanied by a threatening break in prices, which caused some alarm during the early hours of the day. In the afternoon there was a sudden about face in speculative sentiment and a disorderly scramble ensued among the bears to cover their short contracts. Amalgamated Copper continued to maintain its conspicuous position, even with the increase in animation on the market to-day. The opening sales carried the stock back 1½ points to 65, and this proved the low level of the day, but the demand dropped off as often as the stock approached Saturday's level, although determined support was always offered as it neared 65. The bears became alarmed at the action of the stock and in the last hour rushed the price up to 71 in their frantic bidding against each other. The final price was but a shade lower. The support offered to Copper at the opening break prompted supporting orders elsewhere and the market steadied momentarily, quite a list of important stocks rising a fraction over Saturday. With a rise in the call loan rate to 7 per cent., however, speculators took fright and unloaded stocks. Prices generally touched the low point of the day on this slump, although individual stocks were forced down under subsequent pressure during the whole market with them back to about the low level several times. St. Paul was notably weak and fell 2¾ under Saturday. Manhattan also was vigorously attacked and driven 2¼ under Saturday. There was a good deal of calling of loans, but in seeking new accommodations borrowers bid the rate upon themselves to a higher rate than was necessary, judging from subsequent developments. The ruling rates were 6 per cent., or even 5½ per cent., and there seemed ample supply at that figure. The perception of this fact emerged about the same time that Amalgamated Copper began its rally. From a general level of a point or more below Saturday's prices the market began to move upward and gained momentum. There was a slight reaction before the close, but the advance was renewed, making the closing active and strong at about the best. The Gould railroads, Manhattan, New York Central, Sugar, Pacific Mail and General Electric were all prominent in the rally and the day closed with net gains extent in a few instances. The activity in the call loan market was reflected in the sharp drop in foreign exchange, both sterling and continental, which precluded all idea of gold exports for the present. There was some apprehension of pressure for gold at Berlin this week, but money was reported easy there to-day and sterling exchange hardened in that market. Money was also easier in London, and further demand from Paris is not feared at present, as Paris bankers are again buying discounts in London. There were no deposits of currency at the Subtreasury for transfer to the interior to-day, but the speculative activity continued in the grain and cotton markets. The Subtreasury is also taking up large sums on the Government surplus, which is running large. It was very obvious, however, that anxiety over money on the part of speculators was much relieved.

Railroad bonds weakened in sympathy with stocks, but became irregular later. Wabash debentures gained nearly 2 per cent. Total sales, par value, $5,185,000. U. S. bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

A London cablegram says: "The stock market to-day was weak, being dominated by copper, which opened 10s down, although closing unchanged at £55 the ton. American stocks opened heavy on this slump in copper, but rallied around midday on a recovery in Rio Tintos, which advanced from 41 to 42½. New York failed to support the rise and the close was flat, with a further break in the street. Prices ended about ¼ point above the worst. London is inclined to fear that America is facing a money squeeze at the end of the year. Predictions regarding the next Amalgamated Copper dividend place it all the way from nothing to 1 per cent. Paris is developing strength after the long weakness. Gold recovered to 77s 9d on Austrian buying. Silver is flat on New York sales. There is a fall in price of the metal in India. Paris exchange is 25.13½; Berlin 20.43."

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	108½
Do coupon	109
3s, registered	108⅜
Do coupon	108⅜
New 4s, registered	139¼
Do coupon	139¼
Old 4s, registered	111½
Do coupon	112¼
5s, registered	107½
Do coupon	107½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

Atchison general 4s	103
Do adjustment 4s	94
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	103
Do 3½s	93⅝
Do convertible 4s	104
Canada Southern seconds	105½
Central of Georgia 5s	75½
Do 1st mortg. 5s	107
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	107
Chicago and Alton 3½s	85⅝
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	98
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen. 4s	111⅝
Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s	139
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	107
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	103½
Chicago Terminal 4s	89
Colorado and Southern 4s	93
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	63
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	103¾
Erie prior lien 4s	100
Do general 4s	89⅝
Fort Worth and Denver City firts	104⅜
Hocking Valley 4½s	108¼
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	102⅜
Mexican Central 4s	82
Do first income	30½
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	103
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	93⅜
Do seconds	81¼
New York Central firsts	106
New York Central general 3½s	109½
New Jersey Central general 5s	131½
Northern Pacific 4s	105¼
Do 3s	72⅝
Norfolk and Western consol 4s	102⅜
Reading general 4s	90¼
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s	116¼
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s	98
St. Louis Southwestern firsts	90¼
Do seconds	79½
San Antonio and Arkansas Pass 4s	89⅝
Southern Pacific 4s	92⅜
Southern Railway 5s	120½
Texas and Pacific firsts	118⅜
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	81
Union Pacific 4s	106½
Do convertible 4s	105⅜
Wabash firsts	118½
Do seconds	111½
Do debenture B s	65⅜
West Shore 4s	114
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	91⅜
Wisconsin Central 4s	90¼

Stocks.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'g Bid.
Atchison	35,700	77⅝	76	77⅜
Do preferred	14,900	94¾	93¾	93½
B. and O	3,400	102⅜	101⅝	102¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	93¾
Canadian Pacific	5,400	113	112	112⅝
Canada Southern	1,900	84¾	84	84½
C. and O	6,400	47	45⅝	46¼
C. and A	1,400	35	33¾	35
Do preferred	700	77⅝	77	77½
C., I. and L	2,100	45⅞	45⅛	46
Do preferred	300	74½	74¼	74½
C. and E. I	....	....	....	137½
Chicago Gt. West	4,100	24¼	23¾	24
Do pref. A	300	87	86½	86½
Do pref. B	900	44	41	41½
C. and N. W	400	207	201	206
C., R. I. and P	6,000	148½	146	145½
Chicago T. and T	900	15½	15	15
Do preferred	2,000	30¾	29	29¼
C., C., C. & St. L	1,000	98¼	96¾	98¼
Col. Southern	3,400	13⅝	13⅜	13¾
Do 1st pref	900	57	56⅝	56½
Do 2d pref	....	....	....	25½
Del. and Hudson	4,200	171	168	170
D., L. and W	700	241	240	241½
D. and R. G	300	44½	44	44⅜
Do preferred	1,400	92⅝	91¾	92⅝
Erie	34,800	40⅜	39½	40¼
Do 1st pref	5,700	71⅜	70⅝	71⅜
Do 2d pref	2,000	56¼	55⅝	56½
Gt. Northern pref	4,300	185½	183¾	185½
Hocking Valley	1,600	62	60½	61½
Do preferred	500	81	80¾	81
Illinois Central	2,400	137¾	136	137
Iowa Central	400	37⅞	37	37
Do preferred	100	72	72	72
L. E. and W	300	67½	65¾	67
Do preferred	....	....	....	123
L. and N	10,100	106¾	105¾	106¼
Manhattan L	101,200	137⅜	133¾	136⅛
Met. St. Ry	9,400	161¾	158½	160¾
Mexican Central	2,200	22⅝	22	22¼
Mex. Nat'l t. r	600	14	13½	14
Minn. and St. L	1,300	107⅜	105	107¼
Missouri Pacific	42,200	104⅜	101⅜	104⅜
M., K. and T	900	25½	24½	25⅜
Do preferred	1,400	50¾	49⅝	50⅜
N. J. Central	....	....	....	176
N. Y. Central	20,900	166	163¼	165¾
Norfolk and West	8,400	57⅜	56¾	56¾
Do preferred	500	91¾	91¾	91
N. P. pref	1,600	100⅜	100⅜	100⅝
Ontario and West	12,500	34	33¾	33¾
Pennsylvania	46,900	148¾	147¼	148⅜
Reading	89,400	48½	47⅛	48¼
Do 1st pref	6,100	79¼	78½	78⅞
Do 2d pref	18,800	58⅜	56⅝	57¼
St. L. and S. F	3,400	52⅜	51¾	52
Do 1st pref	300	81	80½	81
Do 2d pref	1,100	70¼	69¾	70⅜
St. L. Southwest	100	27¾	27½	27¾
Do preferred	2,300	58⅝	58	59
St. Paul	74,800	163⅞	161¼	163
Do preferred	....	....	....	185
Southern Pacific	32,300	59¼	58¼	59⅛
Southern Railway	29,900	32⅜	32	32⅜
Do preferred	8,400	92	90⅝	91⅞
Texas and Pacific	3,300	40	38⅜	39¼
T., St. L. and W	200	19⅜	19	19
Do preferred	100	51½	51½	52½
Union Pacific	72,800	100⅝	98¾	100¼
Do preferred	6,200	89	88	88½
Wabash	7,000	23	21¾	22⅜
Do preferred	18,300	42⅝	40½	42½
W. and L. E	900	18½	18	18
Do 2d pref	100	29	29	28¼
Wisconsin Central	400	20½	20¼	20
Do preferred	1,400	41	40	40½

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'g Bid.
Adams	....	....	....	180
American	100	200½	200½	197
United States	....	....	....	88
Wells-Fargo	....	....	....	180

Miscellaneous.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'g Bid.
Am. Locomotive	4,400	32⅜	30½	31⅞
Do preferred	700	89	88	88½
Amal. Copper	195,700	71	65	70⅞
Am. Car & F'dry	5,200	29¾	28¾	29⅜
Do preferred	900	85¾	85¾	85⅞
Am. Linseed Oil	....	....	....	17
Do preferred	....	....	....	48
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	4,100	44¼	42½	43¾
Do preferred	1,200	97	95	96¾
Ana. Mining Co	9,100	31⅜	29¾	31⅜
Brooklyn R. T	14,100	65⅜	61¾	63
Col. Fuel and I	1,400	89⅝	89	89
Consol. Gas	1,700	214⅝	214	215¼
Gen. Electric	1,500	281⅞	279	281
Glucose Sugar	900	39¾	39	39
Hocking Coal	700	15¾	15	15¾
Internat'l Paper	1,600	20⅜	20¼	20¾
Do preferred	900	76⅜	76⅛	76⅜
Internat'l Power	....	....	....	89
Laclede Gas	....	....	....	90
National Biscuit	800	43⅝	43	43½
National Lead	1,600	17⅜	17	17
National Salt pref	....	....	....	62
North American	700	92¼	91⅝	92
Pacific Coast	200	75	73¾	74½
Pacific Mail	700	46	44	45
People's Gas	5,900	99	97⅝	98⅝
Pressed Steel Car	800	41¾	41	41¾
Do preferred	....	....	....	84
Pullman Pal. Car	200	215	215	214
Republic Steel	1,000	15⅝	15	15⅝
Do preferred	1,600	69	68	69¼
Sugar	19,800	122	119½	121⅞
Tenn. Coal and I	3,400	63¼	61¾	62⅝
U. Bag and P. Co	....	....	....	14
Do preferred	....	....	....	72½
U. S. Leather	2,700	11⅞	11½	11⅝
Do preferred	1,500	81⅝	81¼	81½
U. S. Rubber	100	15	15	15
Do preferred	500	51¼	50½	50⅝
U. S. Steel	50,400	41¾	40¾	41⅝
Do preferred	22,300	91¾	90½	91⅝
Western Union	2,200	91⅝	90½	91¼

Total sales for the day 1,028,300 shares.

New York Exchange.

New Orleans.—Bank at par; commercial $1.25 per $1,000 discount.
Cincinnati.—5@10c premium.
St. Louis.—25c discount.
Chicago.—40c discount.

Foreign Financial.

London, Dec. 9.—The supplies of money exceeded the requirements to-day. Discounts were steady. The feature of the Stock Exchange was the weakness of Americans and Copper shares, in consequence of the break in New York, causing all-round depression and a disinclination on the part of the public to operate. Professionals were restricted by the nearness of the settlement. Gilt-edged securities were easier. Home rails were fractionally lower, partly due to unfavorable Board of Trade returns. Americans remained dull and featureless until near the close, when they recovered somewhat and had a much better tone, but the movements were irregular and the closing was quiet. The feature of foreigners was the continued buying of Spanish 4s. After opening with a decline Rio Tintos rallied smartly on Paris support. In some quarters the rise in Rio Tintos was attributed to the restriction of the output of copper arranged between the Rio Tinto and the Amalgainted Copper Companies. Closing quotations: Consols for money 92⅜; do for the account 92 9-16; Anaconda 6⅛; Atchison 78⅝; do preferred 101⅜; Baltimore and Ohio 105; Canadian Pacific 116; Chesapeake and Ohio 47⅜; Chicago Great Western 23½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 167; Denver and Rio Grande 44⅞; do preferred 95¼; Erie 41; do first preferred 72⅝; do second preferred 58; Illinois Central 141; Louisville and Nashville 108⅝; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 25⅝; do preferred 55½; New York Central 169; Norfolk and Western 58; do preferred 92; Northern Pacific preferred 103; Ontario and Western 34⅜; Pennsylvania 75¾; Reading 24½; do first preferred 49½; do second preferred 29⅜, Southern Railway 33⅝; do preferred 94; Southern Pacific 60½; Union Pacific 102⅝; do preferred 91; United States Steel 42¼; do preferred 94½; Wabash 22; do preferred 41⅜; Spanish fours 75⅛; Rand Mines 10⅝; De Beers 40¼. Bar silver flat at 25¼d per ounce. Money 2⅛@3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅛@3⅝ per cent.; do three months' bills 3 5-16@3⅜ per cent. Bar gold 77s 9½d; American eagles 76s 4½d. Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres 136.50; Madrid 34.12; Lisbon 33.00.

Paris, Dec. 9.—Barring Rio Tintos and Spanish 4s all departments on the Bourse to-day were inactive. Prices at the close were generally steady. Rentes receded slightly after the price of the new issue was announced. Spanish rails and Spanish 4s reacted temporarily on profit-taking and recovered at the last hour under a fall in exchange. Brazilians and Italians were weaker. Rio Tintos were exceedingly unsettled. They opened weak, but later recovered sharply, owing to purchases for American account. Kaffirs opened weak and improved slightly. The private rate of discount was unchanged at 2⅝ per cent. Three per cent. rentes 101f 45c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 13¾c for checks. Spanish 4s 75.85.

Berlin, Dec. 9.—Home funds and internationals were strong on the Boerse to-day, owing to the ease of money. Mines were weak on the announcement from Russia that an increase of her duties on manufactured iron might be decided upon in the event of Germany insisting on the proposed new customs tariff. Banks were easier. Canadian Pacifics declined. Exchange on London 20 marks 43 pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 2 per cent.; three-months' bills 2⅝ per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Dec. 9, 1901.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1901.	Ship'd 1901.	Rec'd 1900.	Ship'd 1900.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs	54,295	95,995	32,000	163,035
Bagging, lbs	....	200	27,600	3,150
Boots and shoes, cases	545	922	775	338
Coffee, lbs	38,177	52,634	67,808	42,147
Cotton, bales	12	.....	24	.....
Flour, bbls	632	2,000	342	2,128
Furniture, lbs	27,190	94,595	13,010	68,081
Corn, bush	41,161	31,500	50,857	48,450
Malt, bush	....	165	....	300
Oats, bush	23,200	16,005	7,244	14,800
Rye, bush	1,000	1,000	7,985	2,850
Wheat, bush	8,400	1,000	41,625	1,500
Hardware, pkgs	432	2,367	786	1,717
Bacon, lbs	81,670	102,095	50,514	261,540
Hams, lbs	....	11,771	.....	4,207
Lard, lbs	28,250	59,889	2,400	36,165
Pig iron, tons	387	.....	196	.....
Leather, lbs	1,925	1,461	1,270	79,087
Nails, kegs	233	1,249	310	412
Apples, gr., bbls	33	23	1,300	637
Onions, bbls	10	98	.....	192
Potatoes, bbls	600	101	1,950	253
Seed, grass and clover, lbs	5,165	26,150	1,761	
Soap, lbs	19,810	77,660	2,010	126,745
Sugar, bbls	600	700	1,500	300
Tobacco, leaf, hds	226	159	491	210
Tobacco, manf., lbs	9,205	191,908	1,740	99 818
Whisky, bbls	333	1,654	477	1,065
Wool, lbs	....	....	100	.....

LOCAL MARKETS—DAILY.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.90 per bu.; new home beans $1.75@2.

BEESWAX—26c.

BUTTER—Packing butter 11½@12c per lb.; common country 12½@14c; good 16c; Elgin 26½c in 60-lb. tubs, 27c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 27½c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $2 per bbl.; Louisville cement 58@75c per bbl.; lime 75c per bbl.; Michigan plaster $1.40 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 13c; Western cheddars 12¼c; full cream flats and twins 13c; skim goods 11@11¼c.

COFFEE—Washed Caracas 12¾@13¾c; unwashed Caracas 11¼@12¾c; washed Guatemala 17¾@18¾c; Maracaibo 10¾@12¾c; Laguayra 10¼@11¼c; Mocha 19¾@22¼c; Java 25¼@28¼c. Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 11c; prime 9½@10½c; good 8@9c; ordinary 7½@8c; roasting grades 8½@9c.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Apples, sun-dried 3¾c per lb. for bright, 3@3¼c for dark; peaches 10@11½c.

EGGS—Receipts are light and fresh eggs are higher, but storage eggs are freely sold at a reduction. We quote fresh receipts at 22c per dozen on arrival, loss off.

FEATHERS—We quote prime white goose at 43c per lb.; gray 35@37c; mixed 30@35c; No. 1 mixed 30@37c; dark and mixed old goose 17@25c; duck 12@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Timothy $3.10 per bu.; fancy bluegrass 95c@$1; extra clean bluegrass 35c; red top 14c per bu.; fancy red top 11@12c per lb.; red clover $5.75 per bu.; orchard grass $1@1.10.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; other spring patents $4.50; high grades $4.25; straights $4; family $3.75; low grades $3.50; rye flour $3.50; bolted meal $1.50 per 100 lbs.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—We quote: Currants, per lb. 12@13c for raw; raisins, London layers, per box $2@2.25; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 30-lb. boxes, 7@10c; prunes, California new 9@11c; peaches 10@12c; pears 7@8c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 13@14c; Persian dates 6@8c; Fard dates 8@9c.

FRUITS—Florida oranges $2.50@2.75 per box; choice Messina lemons $3@3.50 per box; California lemons $5 per box; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; pears $3.50@4 per bbl.; apples $3@

4.50 per bbl. for choice; California Belleflower, California Pearmain and California King, each $1.75 per box; California pears $2.50@2.75 per box; Malaga grapes $5@6 per bbl.; cranberries $7.50@8 per bbl., $2.50 per box.

FURS—These quotations are for Kentucky skins and Northern. Southern furs, except beaver and otter, about 10 per cent. lower: Raccoon 65@70c; mink $1.10@1.30; opossum 20@30c; gray fox 60@65c; red fox $1@1.25; black skunk $1; short-striped skunk 60@65c; narrow-striped skunk 30c; broad-striped and white skunk 10@15c; wild cat 20c; musk rat 8@10c; otter, cased $5@7; beaver, large $4@6.

GAME—Rabbits $1@1.20 per dozen, according to quality; quail $1.75 per dozen; squirrels 75c@$1 per dozen.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $14@14.50; No. 1 $13@13.50; No. 2 $13@13.50; clover hay $10.50@11.50. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1@2 per ton higher. Straw $5@5.50.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1, 10c; No. 2 8c; dry salted, No. 1 13½c; No. 2 12½c; round lots of beef hides 8c; round lots, dry 13½c; kip and calf 13½c;

Cravenette

and Watershed Coats

$12.50 to $25

The new rubberless fabric that turns water like a duck's back and makes a garment as comfortable and dressy as a regular overcoat. We have all the new styles, long and medium, with or without yokes—$12.50 to $25.

Mackintoshes Half Price

Closing out our entire stock. All kinds and colors and sizes here yet to go at HALF PRICE. The regular $5 Mackintoshes for $2.50, the $6 ones for $3, and on up to $10 ones for $5. Quick if you want one.

Levy Bros.

Third and Market

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY.....DECEMBER 10, 1901

THOMAS, ALIAS BULLMAN, UNDER ARREST.

Charged With Passing Worthless Checks In Louisville—Said To Have Operated In St. Louis.

John Thomas, who is wanted here on the charge of grand larceny and passing worthless checks, is under arrest in St. Louis. Detectives Hickey and Sexton, the officers who located him, are now trying to secure his return. Thomas is about thirty-five years of age, and was well dressed when he came to Louisville on November 16. He went to Kate Wilson's home, 115 East Walnut street, and asked for board. He represented himself as a New York merchant. Two days after he arrived the woman cashed a $200 check. E. B. Schleman, the druggist at Eighteenth and Walnut, cashed a $20 check the same day.

Thomas was never seen again and Kate Wilson missed a diamond ring the day after his departure. Capt. Sullivan sent the check bearing the signature to the identification bureau of the Pinkerton Agency, Chicago, and Andy Irle, the assistant superintendent, immediately recognized the writing as that of John Bullman.

He sent the "suspect's" picture to Louisville and the local detectives sent copies to every large city in the country. He was recognized in St. Louis and arrested. The St. Louis officers have declined to surrender the prisoner. They say that Thomas or Bullman has been operating there and that they intend to prosecute him. He is also wanted in Boston, Philadelphia, Washington and New Orleans.

MR. GEORGE W. CABLE

To Read From His Own Works Friday Evening.

Mr. George W. Cable, the noted author, will appear at Music Hall on Friday evening of this week in readings from his own romances. It has been many years since Mr. Cable was heard in Louisville, his first appearance being with Mark Twain, but no one who saw him then will forget their delightful recitations. Mr. Cable fairly shared honors with his great colleague. For the last twelve years he has been a reader of his own works from Maine to California, having traveled 152,000 miles for that purpose. His readings are not from the manuscript or the printed page but are dramatic renditions of his own. Of him the New York Sun says:

"He has none of the sophistications of the stage.

"He is perfectly comfortable and certain of his effects.

"His vivacity and sprightliness of manner are wholly natural to the occasion.

"He reads admirably, and as no public reader has ever read before.

"His elocution is entirely new, but the matter, the manner and the man are wholly homogeneous, and wholly effective and entertaining."

A favorite place in nearly all Mr. Cable's programmes is occupied by a Creole song. He will read here from "Dr. Sevier," from "Old Creole Days" ("Posson Jine") and from "Bonaventure," which Richard Watson Gilder, editor of the Century, says is the truest work of art in fiction since the days of Hawthorne.

The entertainment should appeal to every one in Louisville, especially as Mr. Cable's new book is now the reigning literary sensation and the old ones have had such wide popularity.

WILL NOT ADVERTISE GAS FRANCHISE.

Board of Public Works Say Ordinance Was Illegally Passed Over the Mayor's Veto.

The Board of Public Works decided unanimously yesterday afternoon against advertising for bids for a franchise for making and selling natural and artificial gas, separate or mixed, under an ordinance passed by the Republican General Council November 2, over Mayor Weaver's veto. The ordinance had been allowed to lie dormant for a year.

The ground taken by the board was that the ordinance, as passed, had been materially altered in committee, and was therefore illegally passed over the veto.

Took Too Much Creosote.

Patrolman Joseph Allgeier was called before the Board of Public Safety yesterday and charged with being under the influence of liquor while on duty. His testimony that he had been stupefied by a dose of creosote given him by his physician served to exonerate him of the charge.

March Colections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday amounted to $63,114.99, divided as follows: Beer, $320; whisky, $46,494.36; cigars, $700.80; tobacco, $15,460.90; special tax, $76.42; documentary stamps, $57.50; proprietary stamps, $5.

USED HIS WITS

WHEN A GIANT SOUGHT TO ROB THE OFFICE SAFE.

David E. Grauman, a Druggist, Comes Out of An Adventure Successfully.

David E. Grauman, the druggist at Seventh and Jefferson streets, had an exciting experience with a man who threatened to rob him on Sunday night.

It was about 11:50 o'clock, and the street was deserted. Mr. Grauman was placing the day's sales in the safe, when he heard the front door open.

The druggist hastily placed the bag of money in the safe and looked up to see who his late customer could be. The late customer was a giant. He was fully 6 feet 3 inches tall. He weighed about 225 pounds. His cap was pulled down until his eyes and nose were shaded. The man walked behind the counter and back to the safe.

"Give me that money," he demanded of the druggist.

Mr. Grauman thought he recognized the man when he entered, but when he spoke he knew that he was not mistaken.

"William White, a cocaine fiend. I'm surely up against it," he thought.

The druggist saw that the man was under the influence of whisky and cocaine and was in a bad humor. His pistol was in the money drawer in the front part of the store.

White's attitude was threatening. His hand was on the handle of the safe and the combination had not been turned. Mr. Grauman saw that he must play a bold game to win.

"Get out of here and get out in a hurry. If you don't I'll throw you out," he said to White.

The intruder thought the threat a joke. He took his hand from the knob and placed it on the druggist's shoulder.

"Now, look here. If you get funny I'll pick you up and toss you to the ceiling. Then when you fall I'll stamp you. You know that I'm big enough."

The druggist knew that the man could do it, and he spent the next moment wondering why he did not.

Then he moved his hand cautiously around the safe and picked up a baseball bat which stood against the wall. The next instant it struck the astonished White on the head. His hat flew back, but he did not stagger. The druggist struck again this time with all his might, and the intruder fell to the floor. It required only a few minutes for the druggist to restore him to consciousness and White was willing to leave.

"Why didn't you have him arrested?" the druggist was asked.

"He didn't know what he was doing. He did me no harm, so why should I send him to jail? He was full of liquor and cocaine. He's a good fellow when he's free from the drug. He formerly loafed here occasionally, but a bottle of cocaine disappeared every time that he came in, and I told him to stay away."

White is a laborer. It is said that he is well educated and held a lucrative position as a book-keeper in an Atlanta wholesale grocery before he came to Louisville about two years ago.

BOSSES NOW CONSIDERING NEW SCHEDULE OF PRICES.

Barbers Are Waiting On Their Employers To Act On Proposed Increase.

It is now up to the "bosses." The Journeymen Barbers' Union has made a scale, and unless the bosses accede every union barber in Louisville threatens to strike on January 1. As yet, the bosses have not agreed, but the union feels sure that they will come to time. What the shaving public thinks of it is absolutely immaterial. The barbers argue that a man must be shaved. A regular customer has to keep on coming, no matter what the price may be, so the union has decided "to soak him." A shave and a shine, with all the trimmings, according to the proposed scale, first named in the Courier-Journal a few days ago, will cost as much as half the business men pay for lunch. The new feature introduced is the neck shave. Heretofore that has been a matter of a barber's good nature. After January 1 it will become the matter of five cents. There are shorter hours in the new schedule, closing at 10 o'clock on Saturday night instead of 11, and opening at 7 on Sunday morning in the outlying districts instead of 6.

The bosses have had the scale under consideration for a month, but, although they have held several meetings, nothing has yet been done. The union expects them to agree, however.

Extra Holiday Letter-Carriers.

The Post-office Department has allowed the local office fifty days additional carrier service for the Christmas holidays in order that the increased business of the office may be properly handled. Dr. Baker will appoint a number of substitute carriers during the holidays. Royal Moody has already been appointed.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will positively cure croup. Many a home has been made desolate by the loss of a dear child which could have been saved by this great remedy.

SURPRISE

In Leaf Tobacco Circles By Combine's Stand.

MAY LEAVE THE EXCHANGE.

ELECTION OF INSPECTOR DISCLOSED THE DECISION.

FINAL ANSWER IN A WEEK.

Will Probably Determine To Employ Own Inspector—Others Would Follow Suit.

CHAMPIONS OF CANDIDATES.

The beginning of the end of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange was probably witnessed yesterday in a meeting of the organization called for the purpose of electing an inspector.

There were two candidates for the office—the incumbent, Thomas H. Glover, and J. C. Laffan. The buyers were represented by seventeen committeemen, whom they had selected, and the warehouses by an equal number. Knowing that a two-thirds vote was required to elect the committeemen anticipated a spirited contest, but were hardly prepared for the surprise that came.

In the absence of President C. A. Bridges, Mr. Abner Harris presided. Just he laid down his gavel after calling the meeting to order an officer of the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company arose and asked that the election be postponed one week, because the company was seriously considering the advisability of withdrawing from the exchange, and did not want to participate in this election if it were soon to be on the outside. The request was granted, and the meeting adjourned, but the position taken by the warehouse company was the subject of all conversation, the remainder of the day around the tobacco breaks.

* * *

Purposes of Organization.

The Exchange was formed about twenty years ago to establish business methods of uniformity throughout the district. Its membership includes the eight warehouses controlled by the company and nine independent warehouses. That the warehouse company should have under contemplation such a thing as withdrawal from the Exchange was a shock to the tobacco interests.

To a Courier-Journal reporter yesterday Mr. I. P. Barnard, president of the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company, said: "For the last month or so we have been discussing the propriety of doing our own sampling, and not having fully determined yesterday we asked for a week's postponement. We have figured it out as an economic move to withdraw. We decided if we did leave the Exchange we did not want to participate in the election of an inspector, and if we remained we were entitled to and wanted a voice in the matter."

* * *

The Politics of It All.

Mr. Glover is a brother of Henry Glover, who was formerly president of the warehouse company, and he will probably get all eight of these votes. Mr. Laffan is said to be the buyers' candidate. In any event both men are known to have warehouse and buyer votes.

The office, however, pays enough to fight over—from $4,000 to $7,000. There are four inspectors, each elected for a term of four years, one retiring annually. The present officers in this capacity are Mr. Glover, J. B. Marks, T. A. Averitt and James Whitman. As a joint body the inspectors get 20 cents a hogshead or 5 cents each. They guarantee sample as to grade and quality, but not as to condition, four months here and six months abroad. They are responsible for all reclamations.

An officer of the Exchange said last night: "If the company controlling eight warehouses determines to withdraw it will doubtless mean the disruption of the Exchange. I look for other houses to follow the lead, and finally every one will become independent of each other. I do not anticipate that if the Exchange goes to pieces it will mean any injury to the Louisville tobacco market. Our selling fees are now lower than other cities—50 cents per package below Cincinnati. The warehouses will be forced to guarantee their inspections. The trade can exist without an exchange."

MR. STURLA HONORABLY DISCHARGED.

Had Been Charged With Bigamy By Grace Lewis, Who Claimed To Be His Wife.

The Sturla bigamy case has been settled in New York and the man won the suit. Cornelius A. Sturla, a city employe in New York and a former gauger employed in Louisville, was arrested in January on a warrant sworn out by a woman who claimed she was Mrs. Sturla. The woman also lived in Louisville several years ago and was known as Grace Lewis. The woman charged Sturla with bigamy and the warrant followed the man's marriage to Miss Anna Wilhelmina Van Dohnen.

Sturla said that it was a case of blackmail. Grace Lewis said they were married in Cincinnati and that the records were burned in 1884. The case was called for trial before a Magistrate several times, but the woman secured a continuance. Another postponement was asked for at the last trial but the Magistrate refused it and honorably discharged Sturla.

SUPPLY OF WHITE PINE IS REPORTED SCARCE.

The Material For Doors Must Soon Pass Into Memory, Builders Think.

Builders are complaining about the scarcity of white pine. A lumber man said yesterday that the white pine forests of Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin are practically exhausted. "But for the fact," he continued, "that the people are becoming educated to veneered doors, we would be much embarrassed by this scarcity in white pine."

All the lumber men report a big fall business. One firm has had a new plant ready for three months, but it has not found time night or day to give up the old to move into the new.

JOHN RODMAN PASSES AWAY IN TEXAS.

Member of a Well-known Kentucky Family—Funeral In Frankfort Thursday.

Mr. John Rodman, a member of a widely-known Kentucky family and himself well liked in Louisville, is dead. News was received yesterday of his death in Texas. Mr. Rodman was the son of Gen. John Rodman. His sisters, Mrs. Charles Grubbs, Mrs. Biscoe Hindman, Mrs. Hugh N. Leavelle and Miss Susie Rodman, live in Louisville. His mother, Mrs. H. V. Rodman, also resides here. Dr. William L. Rodman, of Philadelphia; Mr. John W. Rodman and Mr. Thomas Rodman, of Frankfort, are the surviving brothers. Mr. Joe Rodman, of Frankfort, and Dr. James Rodman, of Hopkinsville, are his uncles.

The funeral will take place Thursday, the burial being in Frankfort.

PLUCKY ACTORS

ORGANIZE LOUISVILLE STOCK COMPANY.

Will Play Out the Rest of the Temple's Season On the Co-operative Plan.

The new Louisville Stock Company, organized on the co-operative plan, will play out the season at the Temple Theater. It was so decided yesterday at a meeting of the members of the company and all the attaches of the theater. Again an offer was made to assist Col. Meffert and that offer was again refused by Col. Meffert's son acting for the Colonel.

The members of the company have never received their two-weeks' notices and they all felt that they were still members of the Meffert Stock Company. However, when the old Colonel refused positively the offers the actors felt that there was but one thing to do. Their salaries are in arrears and they had to live. There were a number of pathetic features at that meeting.

One actor's wife is ill in New York and he has no money to go to her. Another has not the money for his hotel bill. None of them has left orders for automobiles.

At the meeting Stage Manager Bock was elected business manager of the new company. It was decided to give as good work as possible and to present plays for the popular taste. The company is in every sense co-operative. All the money taken in will be pooled and after necessary expenses of the house have been deducted the remainder will be prorated among all the members of the company.

The company hopes to do such good work that it will be able to finish the season creditably.

ASSESSOR MURPHY WILL SUBMIT REPORT.

Will Be Necessary To Raise Assessment and Tax Rate To Make Improvements.

When the General Council meets tonight City Assessor Murphy will lay before that body a close estimate of the total valuation of real and personal property in Louisville for taxable purposes. The valuation for the present year is $124,100,000, and it is likely that when the Assessor's figures become known they will show a decided increase.

After the figures are obtained the Finance Committee will hold several meetings this week to determine the tax rate. In order to carry out the improvements contemplated by the Mayor and the executive boards, an increase on the present tax rate of $1.50 on the $100 valuation will have to be made, since the increase in assessment will not be sufficient to raise the necessary money.

Death of Mrs. J. C. Molloy.

Maysville, Ky., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—The wife of the Rev. Dr. J. C. Molloy, of Central Presbyterian church, died today, aged about twenty-five years. She was the oldest child of Col. E. A. Robinson, and was highly esteemed. Her husband, with two daughters, one a baby, survives.

One Marriage License.

One marriage license was issued yesterday—Charles Densford and Millie Ann Hutchinson.

OPTICIANS.

A Nice Christmas Present

for your wife, or sweetheart. We have the best made in the world—our own importations. Opera-glasses with or without lorgnette handles; plain black or elaborately mounted in gold or silver. Prices $3 to $50.

T. J. HOWE & CO.

OPTICIANS

615 Fourth Avenue

MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

Wrought Pipe, Well Casing, Boiler Tubes, Fittings, Valves Etc.

PACKING, BELTING, HOSE,

PUMPS AND GENERAL MILL AND FACTORY SUPPLIES.

The Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co.,

325-329 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Two Special Sales

Finest Overcoats — The quatity is limited and we have reduced prices on our finest BROKAW and WINSTON

Overcoats

$50 Coats for $40
$40 Coats for $35
$35 Coats for $30
$30 Coats for $25

Cravenette Raincoats — This is the time for raincoats. We have nearly 100 Drummer's Samples of regular $20 and $25 "Cravenette" Raincoats, both storm and light-weight garments that we are selling for $15.

$15

These two Special Sales offer rare opportunities.

Crutcher & Starks

Incorporated.

STOVES.

Foster's Art

As its name indicates, this is a highly ornamental stove, with jointless base, single front fire door, ground joint registers, making it air-tight. This stove is made in four sizes, Nos. 12, 14, 16, 18. Manufactured by

THE FOSTER STOVE CO.,

838 and 840 W. Main, Louisville, Ky.

CUT GLASS, ETC.

JUST OPENED

A Shipment of

Fine Lamps and Brilliant Cut Glass

For Weddings and Christmas

ARTHUR KAYE,

555 Fourth Ave.

RADIATORS.

Anchor Radiator — Air-tight double heater; all-night fire keeper.

ANCHOR RADIATOR.—Nothing in the market to equal it. Tried and tested for the past eight years, not new and untried. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ask your dealer.

TERSTEGGE, GOHMANN & CO.

ART GOODS.

THE ARTISTIC SHOP

High-class Art Objects

For Wedding and Holiday Gifts.

KLAUBER'S

349 Fourth Avenue.

INSURANCE.

LEWIS Z. SHALLCROSS PRESTON H. WILLIAMS

L.Z. SHALLCROSS & CO.

Insurance

Fire, Marine and Tornado

206 West Main St.

Telephone 1543. LOUISVILLE, KY.

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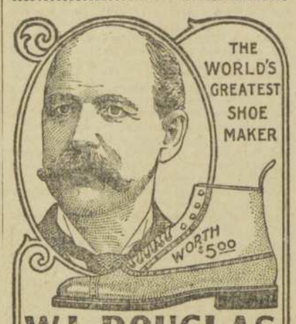

W.L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

BEST IN THE WORLD FOR MEN FOR MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

the reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold for $3.50. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone.

W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other makes because his reputation for the best $3.50 shoes must be maintained.

The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

This is the reason W. L. Douglas sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes, placed side by side with $5 and $6 shoes of other makes, are found to be just as good, and it is impossible to see any difference. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary $3.50 shoes. A trial will convince you they are the best in the world.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are made in all the modern styles, and all kinds of American and imported leathers, same as used in $5 and $6 shoes.

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas $2.00 shoes; Youth's, $1.75. Box Calf, Kangaroo Kid, Lewis Patent Leather.

Sold by 63 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; also by best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes sent anywhere for $3.75.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. Illus. Catalog free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Fast Color Eyelets and Redite Always Black Hooks Used Exclusively.

LOUISVILLE STORE: 344 W. MARKET ST.

FURNACES

NOW READY

A Parlor Furnace

For sale by all first-class dealers.

Bridgeford & Co.

JEWELERS, ETC.

NOVEL IDEAS FOR CHRISTMAS

In Signet and Jeweled Rings. Look at our large stock of new and attractive things.

WM. KENDRICK'S SONS, 336 4th Ave.

FURNACES.

LITHGOW WARM-AIR FURNACES

For heating dwellings, churches and public buildings.

Best Furnaces on Earth.

Home Product. Burns hard or soft coal. Have latest improvements. Estimates free

LITHGOW MFG. CO.

Lindley & Carr, Agts. for Jeffersonville, Ind. Jos. A. Walter & Son, Agts. for New Albany, Ind.

JEWELRY

Xmas Snaps!

Solitaire Diamond Rings,

$5 Same we have been giving you before. Only a few of these. These will be about the last chance on these prices. Our leaders in

$7

$18

Pearl and Diamond Brooches,

$18 and $25

Cost you one-third more elsewhere.

George Wolf & Co.

JEWELERS,

FOURTH AND JEFFERSON

Open nights after Dec. 9.

GOLF GOODS, GUNS, ETC.

7 Christmas Suggestions

From Our Sporting Goods Department.

TETHER BALL. Comp'te set $3.50
Tennis Sets $6.00
Footballs 75c up
Boxing Gloves $1.25 up
Whitely Exercisers, fancy Christmas styles, $3.50 and $5.
Striking Bags, Baseballs, Indian Clubs, Fencing Goods, etc.

A Golf Set

would please any person fond of outdoor sport. We have complete sets from $5 up, including caddy bag and ball.

Bicycles

A fine Juvenile Bicycle $17.50.
Men's & Boys' Wheels $9.95 up.
Velocipedes and Tricycles at regular wholesale rates.

SKATES

	Per Pair
Club Skates, good quality	45c
Club Skates, fine quality	$1.25
Club Skates, best quality	$2.00
Extension Bobs for sidewalk	35c
Ladies' Skates	75c, $1.75, $3.25
Roller Skates	40c, $1.00, $2.50 pr.

Guns for Boys	$3.95 up
Double Guns	$7.95 up
Air Rifles	69c, 95c, $2.00
Cartridge Rifles	$1.75, $2.75 up
Gift Revolvers with pearl handles	$4.00 up

Santa Claus Journal and Catalogue free.

SUTCLIFFE & CO. Fourth and Main st. OLD McKNIGHT BUILDING.

PIANOS.

PIANOS

The importance of buying a high-grade and reliable piano should not be overlooked.

It is but nesessary to look at the superior line of pianos handled by our firm to see why we do practically all the first-class business of the State.

10 Great Makes to Select From Including the Celebrated

STEINWAY & KURTZMANN.

Our Stock of "Old Reliable"

KURTZMANN

is the largest and finest we have ever had and includes all styles.

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

Buying our pianos absolutely for cash we are thus enabled to furnish the best instruments at prices that are usually charged for untried and unknown makes.

Pianos purchased now may be set aside for Christmas delivery.

SMITH & NIXON CO.

622 and 624 FOURTH AVENUE.

FURNITURE.

We Assure You

We can show such a complete assortment of beautiful and attractive novelties for

CHRISTMAS

as will interest you both with regard to

Price and Quality

You will certainly display good judgment this season if you buy

FURNITURE

For Holiday Gifts.

Fred W. KEISKER & Son,

586 Fourth Avenue.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY

Elevator Sunday 9 A. M. To 12 M.

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